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LABOUR GAZETTE

Started in 1921, the *Labour Gazette*, issued monthly, is a journal for the use of all interested in obtaining prompt and accurate information on matters specially affecting labour in India and abroad. It contains statistical and other information on consumer price index numbers for working class, industrial disputes, absenteeism, trade unions, industrial relations, cases under labour laws, glimpses of industrial awards, labour legislation, etc. Special articles embodying results of enquiries and research relating to wages, hours of work, unemployment, family budgets, etc., are published from time to time.

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Editor :

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Maharashtra, Bombay (Ex-Officio).

The Month in Brief

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class

The Bombay, Sholapur and Nagpur Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for the month of January 1971 with the average prices for the year 1960 equal to 100 were 181, 187 and 188, respectively. The Jalgaon, Nanded, Poona and Aurangabad Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for the month of January 1971 with the average prices for the year 1961 equal to 100 were 189, 197, 173 and 189, respectively.

Industrial Disputes

During November 1970, there were 72 strikes involving 20,275 workmen and a time loss of 2,38,462 working days, as compared to 99 disputes in October 1970 involving 1,45,170 workers and time loss of 5,29,118 mandays. Further particulars of industrial disputes are given at pages 869 to 870 and 896 to 903 of this issue.

Absenteeism

During December 1970, the average absenteeism in the textile industry in seven important textile centres in the State viz. Bombay City, Nagpur, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nanded, Akola and Aurangabad amounted to 18.01 per cent. as against 18.35 per cent. in November 1970. For further particulars see page 872 of this issue.

Production of Cotton Yarn Spun and Manufacture of cloth

During September 1970 mills in Bombay City produced a total of 1,41,81,000 Kgs. of yarn, 1,96,000 Kgs. of Miscellaneous goods such as blankets, hosiery goods and knitted fabrics and packed 2,79,000 metres of cotton goods mixed with silk, wool terene etc. and packed 9,19,59,000 Kgs. wearable and non-wearable cloth and those in rest of Maharashtra produced 46,44,000 Kgs. of yarn 1,24,000 Kgs. of miscellaneous goods such as blankets, hosiery and knitted fabrics and packed 2,53,32,000 metres of wearable and non-wearable cloth. The total production of cotton yarn, miscellaneous goods and mixed with silk, wool terene etc. packing of wearable and non-wearable cloth for the whole State of Maharashtra amounted to 1,88,25,000 Kgs. 3,20,000 Kgs, 2,85,000 metres and 11,72,91,000 metres respectively.



Current Notes

ILO Chief recommends a vigorous social policy

A vigorous social policy is vital to India's unity as a nation and her capacity to play a leading role in promoting the unity of Asia, said the Director-General Wilfred Jenks of the International Labour Office, who was on a short visit to India as an honoured guest of the Government.

Accepting an honorary doctorate of laws at a special convocation of the University of Delhi on January 25, 1971, Dr. Jenks spoke of the diversity which had made possible the richness of Indian culture.

"In days gone by, race, religion, language, social habit have all contributed their quotas to the tensions which have accompanied, and perhaps been the price of, the richness of your diversity," he said. "In the present-day secular state, with a constitutional mandate to promote equality of status, and opportunity for all, these historical factors, while not yet wholly negligible, have become much less significant than the extent to which economic and social policy binds together those whom tradition and interest may tend to keep apart."

The International Labour Organisation would continue to contribute to the unity of India, of Asia and of all mankind, Dr. Jenks declared. "The accent of our contribution, he said, "has been upon enlarging human freedom, the freedom which the whole concept of an organised world community is designed to preserve and expand". He expressed the belief that a vigorous and realistic social policy within and among nations, executed with competence and imagination, had a decisive part to play in building freedom for all mankind.

Employment Orientation of Development Plans—First General Meeting of Economists—Prof. D. R. Gadgil's Address—

The need for giving greater attention to the definition of "employment orientation" of plans of development and to the concretisation of the concept stressed by Prof. D. R. Gadgil, Deputy Chairman, Planning Commission.

Prof. Gadgil was addressing the first general meeting of economists convened by the Planning Commission in New Delhi 15th February 1971 to discuss the report of the Committee of Experts on Unemployment Estimates.

Prof. Gadgil observed that it was often said and generally agreed that our plans should be employment oriented. Employment orientation, he added, could be related to the plan as a whole or its various aspects. It would directly affect the size of the Plan if, for example, employment orientation in a particular direction led to an increase in the totality of resources available for implementing the plan.

To the extent that employment orientation affected the strategy of the Plan it would influence its structure, the sectoral allocations and allocations as between different programmes. Employment orientation could influence the types and levels of technology adopted and could lead to a change in the spatial

distribution of economic activity. It could also indicate important alterations in the fiscal, financial and economic regulatory policies of Government. It might thus affect the entire strategy and the basic structure of plans or influence to a greater or less degree important aspects or details.

In the context of development planning, the Deputy Chairman said, the relief aspect of the unemployment situation would not be considered important. The main emphasis would be on utilisation of redundant labour for capital formation or for further activating the economy. Obviously the orientation, whether as a comprehensive package or as individual proposals, would be examined in relation to its propriety or efficacy as compared with possible alternatives in the short and the long run.

Prof. Gadgil pointed out that this field was still largely unexplored. At the same time the situation in the country urgently demanded not only that intensive work would be undertaken on the subject but also that its results were so formulated that the possibilities and limitations of action in relation to planning effort were brought out clearly.

The Deputy Chairman said that the Planning Commission was interested in arriving at a fuller understanding of the employment situation and of possible ways of dealing with its various aspects. This would help in shaping the approach to the formulation of the Plan and in elaborating the details of Plan proposals.

Referring to the implications of the approach to the problem of unemployment, incorporated in the Fourth Plan, Prof. Gadgil said that the main assumption was that securing a minimum rate of growth of the economy on a self-sustaining basis was a pre-requisite for formulation of programmes for dealing effectively with any specific aspects of unemployment. This meant that the first priority had to be given to resuming the process of growth and development of the economy and for ensuring its continuance at a given rate significantly above the rate of growth of population.

Therefore, though the strategy of the Fourth Plan, with its emphasis on rural development and small-scale industries, was based on integration of opportunities of employment creation with economic development, the Plan did not contain any massive proposals for a frontal attack on the problem of unemployment.

Prof. Gadgil said that it was also considered that the problem was not homogeneous and that the diversity of conditions in the field was very large. There was not only basic difference in the nature of the problem as between the rural and urban areas but also wide variations in conditions as between district and district. In view of this and in view of the paucity of experience and lack of purpose fully designed and documented experiments in the past, it was thought that it would be better to take up, in the first instance, pilot projects as related to specific situations rather than to embark upon generalised solutions on a large scale.

The Deputy Chairman pointed out that a number of pilot projects have been included in the Fourth-Five Year Plan. They were directed, in the main, to

he improvement of economic conditions of the weaker sections in our population; in the process they had also to tackle problems of under-employment and unemployment.

The small farmer's development agency was concerned with providing a broader base of production to small farmers and making their operations viable. The marginal farmers' and landless labourers' schemes had the objective of increasing the production base of these classes. The schemes had to be mainly oriented to increasing employment opportunities for them. It was expected that some of these schemes would lay emphasis on providing full employment to local landless labour and thus yield useful experience in relation to alternative methods of giving fuller employment to them.

Perhaps the most significant project from the employment point of view were those of rural works in drought prone areas. Presumably, the drought prone areas were among those that suffered most from rural under-employment and unemployment. These schemes represented an attempt to integrate the provision of employment to unemployed or underemployed labour with programmes of development of local resources for securing a broader and surer base to the economy of the area.

It was expected that the programmes would, in course of time, be fully integrated with District development planning. Though the finance for the schemes in the drought prone areas came from a non-plan source, the organisation of work under them and its total direction and supervision were integrated with those of the other plan schemes. Schemes in urban areas were related mainly to apprenticeship and training and to provision of credit and other facilities for self-employment. Government had recently decided also to launch a series of specific employment schemes spread over all districts of the country.

Prof. Gadgil observed that though there was no single large programme dealing in a massive way with the problem of unemployment as such, a large number of pilot projects directed towards specific situations had been launched in all States of the country during the Fourth Plan. It was expected that these schemes would yield important results on the basis of which larger and bolder programmes could be effectively undertaken during the next plan period.

Historically, business management in this country as elsewhere has been associated with the ownership of wealth. But in more dynamic societies the nexus between ownership and management broke as the size of business increased and as its operations became more and more complex. The emergence of professional management has been the result of these developments.

In India professional management is still in its early phase of development. It, therefore, gives me great satisfaction to find that the All India Management Association and its affiliates are consciously trying to promote the growth of professional management.

The Government has also been anxious to promote professional management. The abolition of managing agency system was an attempt to replace hereditary management by the professional one. The managing agency system, as you

know, was evolved to meet management needs during the early stages of industrialisation. But it got extended in a manner which vested the control of industry in a few family and financial groups. The abolition of the managing agency system has made it possible to move from personal to functional management. I am, therefore, anxious to encourage the growth of professional, managerial and supervisory groups who will not be in control merely by virtue of heredity, but whose efficiency will be judged by actual performance.

I am glad to note that a major purpose of this Convention is to highlight the dynamic role of management and to stress the need for adopting it to the changing needs of our social environment.

Management in India today is called upon to act and to plan for the future in the face of political and economic changes. The new environment in India is an environment of change, a change brought by an awakening among the people of India who demand a fair deal for themselves and for their children. This new situation constitutes a great challenge for managers. All managers, whether they are managing businesses or offices, farms or factories private businesses or public undertakings, whether they are called business executives or civil servants will have to measure up to this challenge.

As I see it, there are two ways of looking at this changing environment. One is that of morbid fear, a feeling of being overwhelmed by problems and of seeking refuge behind *status quo*. The other is to see in this challenge a great opportunity to do things that things that have remained undone and to face the future with confidence in the rising generation of managerial talent.

You managers have, therefore, a tremendous responsibility. You have to constantly provide answers—answers for your colleagues, answers for your workers, answers for your consumers. You have to sense and understand the needs of the people with whom you work. Management has been defined as the art of getting work done through others. To be effective managers, you have to motivate your work force, improve productivity, find ways and means of increasing the real wages of workers and maintain harmonious industrial relations.

The problems that face you here are not only the technical-managerial problems that face managers in developed countries. You have also to contend against unfavourable factors resulting from the backlog of under-development. You have to adjust to and allow for the inadequacies of your environment. We cannot merely transplant concepts and practices from elsewhere and adopt them here mechanically. While we must always be prepared to learn from others, we should not imagine that ready-made solutions for Indian problems can be imported. You will have to evolve concepts and practices of your own on the basis of your experience.

As economic growth proceeds, the environment changes and instead of inhibiting growth, it acts as an accelerator. In bringing about this transition, the manager has not only to be efficient in his work but he has also to be responsive to the environment in which he functions. He is certainly responsible to his employers but he also owns responsibility to the public at large.

What does this larger responsibility mean? To me it means working for the objective of achieving a 'social basic minimum' for every individual. Unless this is attained, there can be no stability. And without stability business itself cannot flourish. Investment in the welfare of the masses is a guarantee of the long run business survival itself.

Holding Price line

The representatives of the Indian Sugar Mills Association have had a series of discussions with the Department of Food on the problems being faced by the sugar industry. It was pointed out to them how necessary it is to contain inflation and hold the price line. Keeping this in mind they were assured that the difficulties pointed out by them including bank finances are receiving the consideration of Government and that decisions would be taken as early as possible.

The representatives of the industry were advised to refrain from taking any action which may aggravate the situation and adversely affect the public interest including the interest of the industry itself, of cane growers and of labour.

New Statistics to Help immigrant Employment

Statistics of unemployed immigrants under the age of 18 are to be compiled in Britain for the first time from May 1971 to help the Government's plans for equal opportunity in employment for all.

Announcing this, the Department of Employment said the statistical return which produces totals of unemployed adult immigrants from selected Commonwealth countries would be extended to the Youth Employment Service in May.

The Department pointed out that there was currently no comprehensive information available on unemployed immigrants under 18. It drew attention to a Commons statement by the Minister of State, Mr. Paul Bryan, on December 10 last that the Government was determined to promote equal opportunity in employment for all, and that in doing so it was necessary to know the extent and location of unemployed coloured immigrants.

The new statistics will cover immigrants, and those whose parents are immigrants, of all ages from India, Pakistan, Africa and the West Indies. They will be published in the Department of Employment Gazette.

British Efforts for improved Relations in Industry

The British Government is determined to create a new environment in industry by raising standards of industrial relations conduct and establishing new rights for individuals and institutions, the Secretary of State for Employment, Mr. Robert Carr, told a luncheon meeting of the Foreign Press Association in London on 17th February 1971.

It was particularly important, he said, to raise the standard of management and its capability for handling human relations, since management alone could take the initiative for reform in individual plants.

Outlining the aims and scope of the Industrial Relations Bill currently on its way through the House of Commons, Mr. Carr said that the objective of the legislation was "very simply to make strikes in Britain a last resort rather than the first resort they so often are today."

BENEFITS

Mr. Carr pointed out that the Bill would raise the status of trade unions which registered under its provisions, encouraging them to keep in closer touch with their members and to service them better. But it would place restraints on unofficial groups of wildcats who, as unregistered organisations, would be become liable in court for their actions, "whereas today they have absolute protection for breaking contracts by going on strike."

Mr. Carr whose speech was read by Mr. Paul Bryan, Minister of State at the Department of Employment, added that he would be "very surprised and disappointed" if within a few years British trade unions had not come to appreciate the benefits of the new legislation both to themselves and to their members. He did not believe that present declarations of hostility by trade union leaders would necessarily be reflected in future actions, and he recalled the "long and honourable record of the British trade union movement as a whole, of respect for the law and the constitutional authority of Parliament."

Nixon proposes Health Insurance for all Americans

The Health Plan President Nixon sent to Congress in February 1971 would make comprehensive Health Insurance available to all Americans, particularly those who do not have enough Income to pay for the medical care they need.

For low-income families, the Government would pay the full premium. Workers and Employers would share the costs of health insurance for most other Americans. The Government would set minimum standards of coverage.

For most employed Americans, the Health Insurance would be provided through private Insurance Organizations rather than directly by the Government.

At present, 87 per cent of all Americans have Health Insurance coverage of some kind, and Insurance benefits already pay for 60 per cent of all medical bills in the United States. Other Americans are eligible for health care under various Government Assistance programmes.

The new programmes, however, would eliminate remaining gaps in Health Insurance coverage.

To provide further assurances that the interests of the buyers of Health Insurance will be well served, president Nixon plans to propose United State Government regulation of the private Health Insurance Industry.

When Health Insurance for the aged (Medicare) and free medical care for needy persons (medicaid) were introduced in the United States a few years ago the demand for hospital rooms and other medical services rose sharply. No provision has been made in advance for increasing the supply of Doctors, Nurses and hospital rooms to meet the increased demands. As a result, prices of health services soared.

Another problem has been created by the fact that many Americans have Insurance covering hospital services but do not have insurance covering other medical services — such as those rendered in a Physician's Office. The result has been that some patients seek expensive hospital treatment when they could have been cared for just as well, but at less cost, elsewhere.

To avoid cost-increasing problems such as these, Mr. Nixon's Health Plan lays great stress on programmes to increase the supply of trained health manpower, to make more efficient use of the available supply of health care personnel, and to provide incentives for avoiding wasteful and unnecessarily costly practices.

The President's message to Congress advocated more emphasis on prevention of illness rather than treatment. This approach would increase the effectiveness and decrease the costs of health care, Mr. Nixon said.

As one means to achieve this shift in emphasis, the Administration's health plan would encourage Americans to buy the services of "Health Maintenance Organizations," in which groups of Physicians charge, a fixed annual fee for all Medical care needed by their clients, rather than ordinary health insurance, which pays physicians and hospitals on the basis of the amount of service. Health Maintenance Organizations have a powerful incentive to prevent their clients from becoming ill, since each additional day of medical treatment required will add to the organization's expenses without bringing in any more fees.

Mr. Nixon also provided more Government Financial aid for the training of Medical personnel. Existing programmes for aiding medical schools would be revamped so that the amount each school receives from the federal Government would be determined by the number of Physicians it graduates annually, thus giving the schools an incentive to increase their output of qualified physicians.

Diversity is Feature of Nixon's Health Plan

The Health Insurance Program proposed by President Nixon in February 1971 would contain several elements :

Low-Income families with children would be eligible for a new family Health Insurance Plan. Eligibility would vary with the size of the family. A family of four would be eligible as long as its income did not exceed 5,000 dollars a year, and it would pay nothing for the Insurance if its Income was under 3,000 dollars. Above 3,000 dollars, the family would pay gradually increasing percentages of the cost, to a maximum of 25 per cent. The Government would pay the rest. This program would largely replace the present medicare program of free medical care for the needy, which is more limited in scope and excludes most employed persons.

Medicare would continue for certain elderly and disabled persons and other needy individuals not eligible for Health Insurance under any other programmes.

A National Insurance Standards Act would require all employers to make Health Insurance available to their employees. Employers would eventually pay 75 per cent of the cost, and the workers would contribute the other 25

per cent. The Federal Government would set minimum standards of coverage, just as it now sets minimum standards for wages and hours. The Insurance would be purchased from Private Insurance.

The Medicare Programme of Health Insurance for the aged, administered through the Social Insurance System, would be improved by providing both Hospital Insurance and General Medical Care Insurance, without additional charge, to all persons eligible for medicare. At present persons who want the Medical Care Insurance must pay a modest monthly fee.

The purpose of these programmes, as stated by Mr. Nixon in his State of the Union Message to Congress last month, would be "to ensure that no American family will be prevented from obtaining Basic Medical care by inability to pay."

PUBLIC UTILITY SERVICES DECLARED

The following undertakings have been declared as the Public Utility Services under the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, for the period indicated against them.

Serial No.	Name of the Undertaking	Period	No. and date of the Notification and M. G. G. in which Published
1	2	3	4
1	The employment of workmen in the fire Brigade Services under the Bombay Municipal Corporation, Bombay and the Poona City Municipal Corporation, Poona.	Six months from 10th January 1971.	No. IDA.1469/Lab-II, dated 5th January 1971, published in M. G. G. part I-L, dated 14th January 1971, at page No. 328.
2	The employment of Workmen of the categories specified in the schedule appended in connection with the operations of the Milk Scheme under the Government of Maharashtra.	14th January 1971 to 14th May 1971.	No. IDA.1469/Lab, II dated 7th January 1971, published in M. G. G. part I-L, dated 14th January 1971, at page No. 336 and 337.

All-India Average Consumer Price Index Numbers for Industrial Workers (on Base : 1960 = 100) for January 1971.

The new series of All India average consumer price index number for industrial workers on base 1960 = 100 for January 1971 stood at 184.

The index for January 1971 on base 1949 = 100 derived from the 1960 based index works out to 224.

Articles, Reports, Enquiries, etc.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN THE MAHARASHTRA STATE

ANNUAL REVIEW FOR THE YEAR 1969

The statistics of industrial disputes in Maharashtra State are compiled by the office of the Commissioner of Labour, Bombay on the basis of the reports received from the District Magistrates, the Government Labour Officers and the Commissioners of Police at Bombay, Poona and Nagpur. These statistics cover industrial disputes (strikes and lockouts) resulting in work stoppages. Sympathetic strikes and certain other work stoppages, which do not strictly come within the definition of "industrial disputes", as contained in the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, are not included in these statistics. Further, these statistics cover only industrial disputes involving 10 or more workers, irrespective of the duration or the time loss involved.

During the year 1969, there were 616 disputes in the State, involving 1,82,430 workers, with a time loss of 12,08,484 man-days. The corresponding figures for the year 1968 were 618 disputes, involving 2,03,563 workers, and a time loss of 16,14,744 man-days. Thus compared to the position in the year 1968, the number of disputes, workers involved and man-days lost in the year 1969, decreased by 0.32 per cent, 10.32 per cent and 25.16 per cent respectively. The average man-days loss per disputes decreased from 2,613 in the year 1968 to 1,962 in the year 1969. There was also a decrease in the average duration per work stoppage from 7.93 days in the year 1968 to 6.62 days in the year 1969.

Important Strikes and Lockouts

The work stoppage of the largest magnitude during the year under review resulted from the strike followed by lockout involving 3,713 workers employed in Voltas and Co. situated in Thana and Bombay, which lasted from June 11, 1969 to September 16, 1969 over the workers' demand for 20 per cent bonus. Due to this strike along 2.70 lakh man-days were lost. The next important work stoppage was due to the strike of 748 workers employed in Bharat Bijlee Ltd. situated in Bombay and Thana, which lasted for 92 days. From June 7, 1969 to September 17, 1969. The strike was in connection with the workers demand regarding recognition of union, etc. It resulted in a time loss of 0.68 lakhs man-days.

During the year under review there were 19 lockouts, involving 7,019 workers, which accounted for a time loss of 3,38,285 man-days, that is 27.99 per cent of the local time loss resulting from all the disputes. Four important lockouts during the year 1969 which accounted for a time loss of 3,18,385 man-days were as follows :—

TABLE I

Details of important lockouts—1969

Serial No.	Name of the concern	Date where dispute		No. of workers involved	Man-days lost
		Began	Ended		
	Power Cable Pvt. Ltd., Vithal Wadi	3rd April 1969.	21st April 1969.	682	10,912
2	Voltas and Co. & its other concerns, Thana.	11th June 1969.	16th September 1969.	3,713	2,70,603
3	Bashiran Narayandas Sarda Ltd.	17th September 1969.	Contd. ..	160	24,220
4	Hindustan Pencil Pvt. Ltd., Ulhasnagar.	16th August 1969.	19th October 1969.	230	12,650

The month of July 1969 recorded the highest time loss during the year, there being 1,71,028 man-days lost, which works out to 14.15 per cent. of the total time loss recorded for the year 1969.

The following table gives the comparative figures of time loss during the years 1968 and 1969 :—

TABLE II

Month	No. of Man-days lost	
	1968	1969
January	1,69,027	47,824
February	2,95,216	67,623
March	1,20,162	50,755
April	1,12,411	1,12,577
May	90,748	74,608
June	97,662	1,20,793
July	1,03,716	1,71,028
August	1,38,500	1,63,707
September	1,33,206	1,21,732
October	1,38,694	1,16,271
November	1,27,250	74,646
December	88,152	86,920
	16,14,744	12,08,484

The table below indicates the position of Labour unrest, as seen from the statistics of industrial disputes in the State during the past ten years. It will be seen from this table that there was a decrease in the industrial unrest during the year under review, as compared to the position in the previous year.

TABLE III

Year	Number of disputes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost
1960	262	2,76,437	10,01,453
1961	274	83,383	5,75,580
1962	377	2,68,250	10,78,068
1963	437	2,09,985	9,17,649
1964	616	2,79,463	15,94,160
1965	592	5,58,229	13,82,044
1966	781	5,14,391	35,41,947
1967	672	2,54,790	21,39,476
1968	618	2,03,563	16,14,744
1969	616	1,82,430	12,08,484

Nearly 13.74 per cent of the total time loss was recorded by Textile Industry during the year, which accounted for 12.01 per cent of the total number of disputes. The Engineering Industry accounted for 44.67 per cent of the total time loss. The Miscellaneous Industries recorded the highest number of disputes (i.e. 55.68 per cent of the total disputes) and accounted for 41.59 per cent of the total time loss during the year.

The disputes occurring in the year 1969 were spread over in 84 centres in the State as against 94 centres in the year 1968. Greater Bombay, the most important centre in the State, recorded, as usual, the highest number of dispute viz. 324 during the year under review as against 330 in 1968. The disputes in Greater Bombay along affected about 64.68 per cent of the total workers involved during the year and accounted for 62.20 per cent of the total time loss.

The following table shows the locality with industrial disputes in the State according to industries workers involved and man-days lost, during the year, under review.

Causes of Disputes

A variety of reasons were reported to be responsible for the strikes and lockouts that occurred in the State during the year under review and, in several instances, more than one issue were stated to be involved in each case. However, for the purposes of statistics, such cases have been classified according to what appeared to be the principal issue in the dispute. The causes of disputes are classified into pay and allowances, bonus, leave and hours of work personnel and others. Table V given below shows the causewise classification of the disputes, for the year 1969. It will be noticed that "grievances regarding personnel" constituted the leading cause of industrial disputes and accounted for 38.64 per cent of the disputes during the year 1969 involving 27.96 per cent of the total workmen. "Pay and allowances" formed the main issue in 32.47 per cent of the total disputes, involving 41.01 per cent of the total workers. Though the demand for "bonus" accounted for 13.31 per cent of the total disputes, it recorded the highest time loss of 31.75 of the total mandays. The demand for leave and hours of work accounted for 3.57 per cent of the total disputes, while the disputes on account of miscellaneous causes recorded 12.01 per cent of the total disputes involving 12.00 per cent of the workers and causing a time loss of 7.88 per cent of the total man-days lost.

TABLE V

Classification of disputes by causes—1969

Causes	Number of disputes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost
Pay and Allowance	200	74,806	3,01,425
Bonus	82	28,928	3,83,686
Leave and Hours of Work	22	5,791	51,558
Personnel	238	51,011	3,76,547
Others	74	21,894	95,268
Total	616	1,82,430	12,08,484

It would be noted from the above table that during the year under report the disputes relating to "Personnel" were the highest in number, followed closely by disputes concerning "Pay and Allowances". These two together formed about 71.11 per cent of the disputes that occurred during the year 1969. The corresponding figures of disputes on account of these two reasons, for the year 1968, were 75.24 per cent. As compared to the position in the year 1968, there was rise in the proportion of disputes due to "bonus" and the "Leave and hours of work" during this year while there was a fall in the proportion of disputes due to "other causes" in the year. The table below shows the comparative position in this respect, for the years 1968 and 1969.

TABLE VI

Classification of disputes by causes—1969

Causes	No. of disputes for		Percentage to total in	
	1969	1968	1969	1968
Pay and Allowance	200	212	32.47	34.30
Bonus	82	59	13.31	9.55
Leave and Hours of work	22	18	3.57	2.91
Personnel	238	253	38.64	40.94
Others	74	76	12.01	12.30
Total	616	618	100.00	100.00

Results of work stoppages

For the purposes of these statistics, the results of work stoppages are classified from the view point of employees, i.e. to what extent the employees succeeded in achieving the purposes for which the agitation was launched by them.

In 279 or nearly 46.81 per cent of the 596 disputes, which terminated during the year under review representing 37.21 per cent of the total workers affected, the workers were entirely unsuccessful. Further in 219 or 36.75 per cent of the disputes that terminated during the same year, affecting about 46.11 per cent of the total workers the workers were either partially or fully successful. In 92 or 15.43 per cent of the total disputes that terminated during the year under review the result was indefinite, i.e. work was resumed pending final settlement of the dispute. In six cases the result was 'inconclusive' as the Managements of those concern as closed down their respective concerns permanently.

As compared to the previous year, the proportion of disputes which were either successful or partially successful recorded a rise of 4.31 per cent while full of 3.52 per cent in the proportion of unsuccessful disputes during the year under report. In the proportion of disputes which were indefinite in result, there was nominal full from 16.23 per cent in 1968 to 16.43 per cent in the year 1969. The following table classified the disputes according to results :-

TABLE VII

Classification of disputes by result—1968

Result	No. of disputes	No. of workers involved
Partially favourable to the workers	47	10,690
Entirely unfavourable to the workers	279	67,875
Inconclusive	6	342
Indefinite	92	26,637
In progress	20	3,451
Total	616	1,82,430

TABLE VIII

Classification of disputes by results—1968 and 1969

Result	Number of dispute in		Percentage to total in	
	1969	1968	1969	1968
Successful	172	137	28.86	22.91
Partially successful	47	57	7.89	9.53
Un-successful	279	301	46.81	50.33
In-conclusive	6	6	1.01	1.00
Indefinite	92	97	15.43	16.23
Total	596	598	100.00	100.00

During the year under review the workers were reported to be completely successful in 64 disputes in which "pay and allowances" was the principal issue and in 55 disputes in which "grievances about personnel" was the main issue.

TABLE IX

Results of disputes according to causes—1969

Main Cause	Number of disputes that were						Total
	Successful	Partially Successful	Un-successful	In-definite	In-conclusive	In-progress	
Wages	64	17	78	33	2	6	200
Bonus	31	10	24	14		3	82
Personnel	55	14	127	32	2	8	238
Leave and hours of Work	4		14	4			22
Others	18	6	36	9	2	3	74
Total	172	47	279	92	6	20	616

Workers involved

Analysing the disputes according to the number of workers involved, the 10-100 workers group accounted for 56.49 per cent of the total disputes. However the time loss caused by those disputes was only 12.19 per cent of total time lost. Further 8 disputes involving over 3,000 workers, accounted for nearly 27.77 per cent of the total time lost. It will be seen from the following table that in the year 1969 the highest number of man-days lost was recorded in the workers group of 3001-4000 workers involved.

TABLE X

Classification of disputes by workers involved—1969

Number of workers involved.	Number of disputes	Number of workers involved	Number of mandays lost
10—100	348	16,020	1,47,363
101—250	128	20,847	1,74,865
251—500	61	20,808	1,91,791
501—1000	44	30,523	2,02,628
1001—2000	22	30,983	1,26,727
2001—3000	5	12,916	29,453
3001—4000	6	20,773	3,05,790
Over 4000	2	29,560	29,867
Total	616	1,82,430	12,08,484

Working days lost

The year under review recorded 12,08,484 man-days lost, as against 16,14,744 man-days lost during the previous year. The 1-100 slab of time loss recorded 186 disputes, involving 6·26 per cent of the total workers, while 41 disputes with a loss of more than 5,000 man-days, involved 33·11 per cent of the total worker involved and accounted for 69·24 per cent of the total time-loss, as will be seen from the following table.

TABLE XI

Classification of disputes by mandays lost—1969

Number of mandays lost	Number of disputes	Number of workers involved	Number of mandays lost
1—100	186	11,426	9,852
101—250	122	16,370	21,154
251—500	67	10,279	24,333
501—1000	91	22,716	68,318
1001—2500	71	29,794	1,09,790
2501—5000	38	31,478	1,38,376
5001—10000	19	12,760	1,43,893
10001—20000	15	13,944	2,24,250
20001—50000	6	32,915	3,99,863
More than 50000	1	748	68,655
Total	616	1,82,430	12,08,484

Duration of disputes

During the year 1969 the number of industrial disputes, classified by duration is given in the table XII below. It may be clarified here that "duration" in these cases represents potential working days lost during the period of an industrial disputes. It does not include weekly-offs and schedule holidays. It will be seen from the following table that 402 or 65·27 per cent of the total disputes did not last for more than 5 days. Even amongst them, there was heavy concentration, in the class of disputes lasting for a day or less. It will be seen that nearly 33 per cent of the total disputes, involving 34·84 per cent of the total workers lasted for a period of day or less. However, 214 disputes or 34·73 per cent of the total disputes, which lasted for more than 5 days accounted for 84·38 per cent of the total time loss. The average duration of disputes obtained by dividing the total number of man-days lost by the total number of workers involved decreased from 7·93 in the year 1968 to 6·62 in the year 1969.

TABLE XII

Classification of disputes by duration—1969

Duration	disputes	Number of workers involved	Number of mandays lost.
One day or less	204	63,556	53,002
Two days	85	23,796	36,873
Three days	46	12,492	34,133
Four days	41	7,592	17,346
Five days ..	26	10,161	47,395
More than five days ..	214	64,833	10,19,735
Total	616	1,82,430	12,08,484

The following table summarises the position of disputes that occurred in the year 1969 according to industries:

TABLE XIII
Classification of disputes by Industries for the year 1969. Results—Demand.

Industries	Number of disputes	Number of workers involved	Mandays Lost	Wages Bonus	Per-sonnel	Leave and hours of work	Others	Successful	Partially successful	Unsuccessful	Inconclusive	Indefinite	In progress	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cotton and Silk Woollen Mills,	74	44,599	1,66,120	20	9	32	5	8	25	3	33	..	11	2
Engineering Workshops ..	199	43,224	5,39,792	61	30	83	2	23	52	13	96	4	23	11
Others ..	343	94,607	5,02,572	119	43	123	15	43	95	31	150	2	58	7
Total ..	616	1,82,430	12,08,484	200	8	238	22	74	172	47	279	6	92	20

STATEMENT SHOWING LOCALITY-WISE INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES
ACCORDING TO INDUSTRIES DURING 1969.

Statement showing Localitywise Industrial

Division	District	Locality	Textile		
			Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay	Bombay	Bombay	47	32,118	1,01,728
	Thana	Ambermath	..	..	..
		Bhandara	..	2	172
		Bhiwandi	..	1	1,740
		Dahanu	..	..	..
		Dombivli	..	..	..
		Kalwa	..	..	..
		Kalyan	..	..	..
		Palghar	..	..	..
		Shahad	..	..	..
		Thana	..	..	..
		Turbhe	..	3	893
		Ulhasnagar	..	..	..
		Varsova	..	..	..
		Vithalwadi	..	..	..
		Total—Thana District	6	2,805	7,377
	Kolaba	Choudi	..	..	..
	Alibag	Alibag	..	..	..
	Ratnagiri	Ratnagiri	..	..	..
		Pophali	..	..	..
		Total—Kolaba District	..	..	..
	Nasik	Nasik	..	..	..
		Malegaon	..	..	..
		Niphad	..	..	..
		Total—Nasik District	..	..	..
	Dhulia	Dhulia	..	..	..
		Nandurbar	..	..	..
		Total—Dhulia District	..	..	..

Disputes according to Industries during 1969

Engineering			Miscellaneous			Total		
Number of dis-Putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost	Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost	Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
115	29,263	4,47,945	162	56,618	2,01,983	324	1,17,999	7,51,656
5	548	2,077	2	62	682	7	610	2,759
1	113	480	..	..	..	3	288	5,224
1	149	149	..	..	..	..	..	6,087
2	46	184	5	631	4,198	7	2,570	6,666
1	180	540	2	118	482	4	184	3,787
..	..	..	4	310	3,247	5	400	75
..	..	..	1	25	75	1	25	27,203
..	..	..	1	211	27,203	1	211	1,034
..	..	..	1	94	1,034	1	94	16,510
..	..	..	1	635	16,510	1	635	83,810
24	3,144	28,795	30	4,983	44,122	57	9,070	400
..	..	..	1	100	400	1	100	12,704
..	..	..	2	445	12,704	2	445	1,017
..	..	..	1	113	1,017	1	113	..
1	682	10,912	..	..	..	1	682	10,912
35	4,862	53,137	51	7,727	1,11,674	92	15,394	1,72,188
..	..	..	1	14	756	1	14	756
..	..	..	1	127	317	1	127	317
..	..	..	1	692	2,076	1	692	2,076
..	..	..	1	600	19,800	1	600	19,800
..	..	..	4	1,433	22,949	4	1,433	22,949
..	..	..	1	390	24,220	1	390	24,220
..	..	..	1	18	324	1	18	324
1	2,000	2,000	..	..	..	1	2,000	2,000
1	2,000	2,000	2	408	24,544	3	2,408	26,544
..	..	..	1	35	350	1	35	350
..	..	..	1	300	1,050	1	300	1,050

Division	District	Locality	Textile		
			Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Jalgaon	Amalner	..	..	..
		Chopda	..	..	..
		Shendurni	..	..	..
		Chalisgaon	3	2,605	16,459
	Total Jalgaon District		3	2,605	16,459
	Total Bombay Division		56	37,528	1,25,564
Poona		Karad	..	..	..
		Ogalewadi	..	..	..
		Wai	..	..	..
	Total Satara District		..	..	..
	Sangli	Kirloskarwadi	..	..	..
		Sangli	2	80	255
		Sakharwadi	..	..	..
		Budhagaon	..	..	..
		Madhavnagar	3	452	1,718
	Total Sangli District		5	532	1,973
	Sholapur	.. Sholapur	5	3,858	5,472
	Total Sholapur District		5	3,858	5,472
	Kolhapur	.. Ichalkaranji	..	..	..
		Kolhapur	7	..	..
		Rendal	1	300	6,900
		Vadgaon	1	97	776
	Total Kolhapur District		2	397	7,676
	Ahmednagar	.. Ahmednagar	1	1,601	24,530
		Haregaon	..	..	..
		Koregaon	..	..	..
		Shrirampur	..	..	..
		Sangamner	..	..	..
		Sakharwadi	..	..	..
		Wadgaon	..	..	..
	Total Ahmednagar District		1	1,601	24,530

Engineering			Miscellaneous			Total		
Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost	Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost	Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
..	..	..	3	384	610	3	384	610
..	..	..	2	56	92	2	56	92
..	..	..	1	100	150	1	100	150
..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2,605	16,459
..	..	..	6	540	852	9	3,145	17,311
151	36,125	5,03,082	227	67,061	3,63,402	434	1,40,714	9,92,048
2	140	140	..	..	..	2	140	140
1	1,650	2,475	..	..	..	1	1,650	2,475
1	15	60	..	..	..	1	15	60
4	1,805	2,675	..	..	..	4	1,805	2,675
1	160	80	..	..	..	1	160	80
4	544	4,404	2	481	724	8	1,105	5,383
..	..	..	1	260	325	1	260	325
..	..	..	1	35	210	1	35	210
..	..	..	..	..	..	3	452	1,718
5	704	4,484	4	776	1,259	14	2,012	7,716
..	..	..	2	319	1,195	7	4,177	6,667
..	..	..	2	319	1,195	7	4,177	6,667
..	..	..	1	100	1,400	1	100	1,400
3	350	4,573	3	2,047	3,217	6	2,397	7,790
..	..	..	..	..	..	1	300	6,900
..	..	..	..	..	..	1	97	776
3	350	4,573	4	2,147	4,617	9	2,894	16,866
..	..	..	7	935	5,122	8	2,536	29,652
..	..	..	1	3,350	16,750	1	3,350	16,750
..	..	..	2	83	915	2	83	915
..	..	..	1	40	120	1	40	120
..	..	..	1	3,000	15,000	1	3,000	15,000
..	..	..	1	2,554	7,662	1	2,554	7,662
1	60	570	..	..	..	1	60	570
1	60	570	13	9,962	45,569	15	11,623	70,669

Division	District	Locality	Textile		
			Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Poona	Bhor	..	..	..
		Bhasari	..	..	..
		Chinchwad	..	..	..
		Hadapsar	..	..	..
		Dapodi	..	..	..
		Lonavaly	..	..	..
		Mundhva	..	..	..
		Pimpri	..	..	..
		Pophali	..	..	..
		Poona	..	..	..
		Wadgaon	..	..	..
		Total—Poona District	..	..	..
		Total—Poona Division	13	6388	39651
Aurangabad	Aurangabad	Aurangabad	..	..	..
		Chikalthana	..	..	..
		Paithan	..	..	..
		Phulnbari	..	..	..
		Manvat	..	..	..
		Seloo	..	..	..
		Total—Aurangabad District	..	..	..
	Parbhani	Gangakhed	..	..	..
		Parbhani	..	..	..
		Total—Parbhani District	..	..	..
	Nanded	Degloor	..	..	..
		Nanded	1	42	210
		Total—Nanded District	1	42	210
	Bhir	Parlivajinath	..	..	..
		Total—Bhir District	..	..	..
	Osmanabad	Odgir	..	..	..
		Total—Osmanabad District	..	..	..
		Total Aurangabad Division	1	42	210

Engineering			Miscellaneous			Total		
Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost	Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost	Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	35	8,575	1	232	547	1	232	547
2	811	1,374	..	..	..	1	35	8,575
3	382	1,938	..	..	..	2	811	1,374
1	86	86	..	..	..	3	382	938
1	72	1,368	..	..	..	1	86	86
2	275	418	2	117	82	2	72	1,368
5	1,235	1,8030	5	1,235	1,8030	7	117	82
1	1,049	1,049	1	1,049	1,049	1	1,510	18,448
18	2,219	10,115	14	1,624	22,921	32	3,843	33,036
2	101	68	..	..	..	2	191	66
30	3,981	23,942	23	4,257	42,629	53	8,238	66,571
43	6,900	36,244	46	17,461	95,269	102	30,749	1,71,164
1	16	48	3	470	780	4	486	828
1	63	63	..	..	..	1	63	63
..	..	..	1	1,300	2,600	1	1,300	2,600
..	..	..	1	200	800	1	200	800
..	..	..	1	179	1,219	1	179	1,219
..	..	..	1	593	1,717	1	593	1,717
2	79	111	7	2,742	7,116	9	2,821	7,227
..	..	..	1	30	105	1	30	105
..	..	..	1	384	768	1	384	768
..	..	..	2	414	873	2	414	873
1	14	98	1	125	250	1	125	250
4	457	767	6	513	1,075	6	513	1,075
1	14	98	5	582	1,017	7	638	1,325
..	..	..	4	558	2,268	4	558	2,268
..	..	..	4	558	2,268	4	558	2,268
..	..	..	1	195	195	1	195	195
..	..	..	1	195	195	1	195	195
3	93	209	19	4,491	11,469	23	4,626	11,888

Division	District	Locality	Textile			
			Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
Nagpur	Akola	Akola	..	..	..
		Murtizapur	..	..	..
	Total Akola District		
	Amravati	Achalpur	..	..	..
		Morshi	..	..	..
	Total Amravati District		
	Yeotmal	Yeotmal	..	..	..
	Total Yeotmal District		
	Wardha	Hinganghat	..	2	200	
		Wardha	..	..	254
	Total Wardha District			2	200	254
	Nagpur	Nagpur	..	2	441	
		Umerar	..	..	441
Total Nagpur District			2	441	441	
Bhandara	Bhandara	..	..	..
	Gondia	..	..	..
	Pawani	..	..	..
Total Bhandara District			..	..	..
Chanda	Ballarshah	..	..	..
	Chanda	..	..	..
Total Chanda District			..	..	..
Total Nagpur Division			4	641	695	
Grand Total			74	44,599	1,66,120	

Engineering	Miscellaneous			Total				
	Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost	Number of dis-putes	Number of workers involved	Number of man-days lost		
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
..	3	852	640	3	852	640
..	3	65	130	3	65	130
..	6	917	770	6	917	770
..	1	90	270	1	90	270
..	1	42	63	1	42	63
..	2	132	333	2	132	333
..	1	42	168	1	42	168
..	1	42	168	1	42	168
..	1	75	75	3	275	329
..	4	340	540	4	340	540
..	5	415	615	7	615	869
2	106	257	17	1,817	7,352	21	2,364	8,050
..	2	143	935	2	143	935
2	106	257	19	1,960	8,287	23	2,507	8,985
..	2	152	745	2	152	745
..	4	660	16,705	4	660	16,705
..	1	29	116	1	29	116
..	7	841	17,566	7	841	17,566
..	3	319	3,318	3	319	3,318
..	8	968	1,375	8	968	1,375
..	11	1,287	4,693	11	1,287	4,693
2	106	257	51	5,594	32,432	57	6,341	33,384
199	43,224	5,39,791	343	94,607	5,02,572	616	1,82,430	12,08,484

Notifications Under Labour Laws

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

*The Deputy Commissioner of Labour and Competent Authority No. MWA-CL/M/90, 20th January 1971.*¹—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-2662/80868/Lab-III, dated 16th January 1965, the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, as the Competent Authority under section 2 (c) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, is, after having ascertained pleased to declare that the cost of living index number applicable to the employees employed in employment in any industry in which any process of printing by letter-press, lithography, photograving or other similar work or work incidental to such process or book binding is carried on for the month shown in column (1) of the schedule hereto appended shall be shown in column (2) of the said schedule for the purpose of section 2(d) of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Month	Cost of living index number
1	2
July, 1970	813
August, 1970	804
September, 1970	808
October, 1970	813
November, 1970	813

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

*By the Deputy Commissioner of Labour and Competent Authority No. MWA-SPL/Cine/KLR-3, 20th January 1971.*²—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December, 1969, the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay as the Competent Authority under section 2 (c) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, is after having ascertained, pleased to declare that the cost of living index number applicable to the employees employed in the employment in Cine Studios and Cine Laboratories for the months shown in the column (1) of the schedule hereto appended shall be shown in column (2) of the said schedule, for the purpose of section 2 (d) of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Month	Cost of living index number
1	2
July, 1970	183
August, 1970	183
September, 1970	185
October, 1970	188
November, 1970	185

¹ M.G.G., Pt. I-L, January 28, 1971, p. 464.

² M.G.G., Pt. I-L, January 28, 1971, pp. 464-65.

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

*By the Deputy Commissioner of Labour and Competent Authority No. MWA-SPL/Cine/Bom.3 dated 20th January 1971.*¹—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December, 1969, the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, as the Competent Authority under section 2(c) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, is after having ascertained, pleased to declare that the cost of living index number applicable to the employees employed in the employment in Cine Studios and Cine Laboratories for the months shown in the column (1) of the schedule hereto appended shall be shown in column (2) of the said schedule, for the purpose of section 2(d) of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Month	Cost of living index number
1	2
July, 1970	183
August, 1970	181
September, 1970	182
October, 1970	183
November, 1970	183

Factories Act, 1948

*Industries and Labour Department, No. FAC. 1671/105194/Lab-III, dated 29th January 1971.*²—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Factories Act, 1948 (LXIII of 1948), the Government of Maharashtra hereby exempts the Air Craft Manufacturing Factory of HAL Ozar, from the provisions of sections 51, 54 and 56 of the said Act for a period of three months from the 1st February 1971 subject to the conditions that,—

- (i) daily hours of work shall not exceed 12 hours;
- (ii) monthly total hours of overtime to be worked by each worker shall not exceed 50 hours.

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

*Industries and Labour Department No. MWA 5271/103769/Lab-III dated 1st February 1971.*³—The following notification by the Government of India, Ministry of Labour Employment, and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment) Department, is republished :—

S.O.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that the minimum rates of wages should be fixed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (11 of 1948), in respect of employment in white clay mines covered under the Mines Act, 1952 (35 of 1952);

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Act, the Central Government hereby gives notice of its intention to add the said employment to Part I of the Schedule to the said Act.

Any suggestions or objections which may be received from any person in respect of the said addition on or before the 15th April 1971 will be considered by the Central Government.

[LWI-I-2(36)/67-WE(MW)]

¹ M. G. G., Pt. I-L, January 28, 1971, p. 465.

Maharashtra Mathadi Hamal and Other Manual Workers (Regulations of Employment and Welfare) Act, 1969.

Industries and Labour Department, No. UWA. 1270/165606-Lab-IV, dated 20th January 1971.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1), (2), (3) and (4) of section 157¹ of the Maharashtra Mathadi (Hamal and other Manual Workers) Regulation of Employment and Welfare) Act, 1969 (Mah. XXX of 1969) read with Rules 3 and 4 of the Maharashtra Mathadi Hamal and other Manual Workers (Advisory Committee) rules, 1969, Government of Maharashtra hereby:—

(a) appoints the following members being members representing the employers unprotected workers and legislature of the State on the Advisory Committee constituted under Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. UWA. 1269/157685-Lab-IV, dated the 1st December, 1969 (hereinafter referred to as the said notification), namely

- (1) Dr. Sushila Balraj, M.L.A.,
- (2) Shri F. M. Pinto, M.L.A.,
- (3) M. D. Magar, M.L.A.,
- (4) Shri V. S. Jadhav, M.L.A.,
- (5) Shri Navnitlal Shah,
- (6) Shri J. K. S. Nicholson,
- (7) Shri V. B. Worlikar,
- (8) Shri G. L. Vijan,
- (9) Shri Baburao Jadhav,
- (10) Shri Sadu Limbaji Sangle,
- (11) Shri V. N. Sansare,
- (12) Shri K. P. Valvaikar.

(b) publishes in the Schedule hereto the names of all the members of the Advisory Committee so constituted ; and

(c) amends the said notification, as follows, namely :—

(1) In Government Notification Industries and Labour Department, No. UWA. 1269/157685-Lab-IV, dated the 1st December 1969 (hereinafter called "the said Notification") under the heading "Members representing the Legislature of the State", after entry 6, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

- "(7) Dr. Sushila Balraj, M.L.A., Member.
- (8) Shri F. M. Pinto, M.L.A., Member.
- (9) Shri M. D. Magar, M.L.A., Member.
- (10) Shri V. S. Jadhav, M.L.A., Member."

(2) In the said notification, under the heading "Members representing it employers" the existing entries 7, 8 and 9 shall be renumbered as 11, 12 and 13 and after new entry No. (13), the following shall be inserted, namely :—

- (14) "Shri Navnitlal L. Shah, Member.
- (15) Shri J. K. S. Nicholson, Member.
- (16) Shri V. B. Worlikar, Member.
- Shri G. L. Vijan, Member."

(3) In the said notification, under the heading "Members representing the Workers" the existing entries 10, 11 and 12 shall be renumbered as 18, 19 and 20 and after new entry No. 20 the following shall be added, namely :—

- "(21) Shri Baburao Jadhav, Member.
- (22) Shri Sadu Limbaji Sangle, Member.

(23) Shri V. N. Sansare, Member.

(24) Shri K. P. Valvaikar, Member."

(4) In the said notification under the heading "Secretary" the existing entry 13 shall be renumbered as 25.

SCHEDULE

Members representing the State Government

- (1) Minister for Labour, Chairman.
- (2) Minister of State for Labour, Member.
- (3) Commissioner of Labour and Director of Employment, Bombay, Member.

Member representing the Legislature of State

- (4) Shri J. G. Dattani, M.L.A., Member.
- (5) Shri K. N. Dhulap, M.L.A., Member.
- (6) Shri Tushar Pawar, M.L.C., Member.
- (7) Dr. Sushila Balraj, M.L.A., Member.
- (8) Shri F. M. Pinto, M.L.A., Member.
- (9) Shri M. D. Magar, M.L.A., Member.
- (10) Shri V. S. Jadhav, M.L.A., Member.

Members representing the employers

- (11) Shri C. L. Gheewalla, Member.
- (12) Shri Mangaldas Nathubhai Coverji, Member.
- (13) Shri Bhupatrai C. Shah, Member.
- (14) Shri Navnitlal L. Shah, Member.
- (15) Shri J. K. S. Nicholson, Member.
- (16) Shri V. B. Worlikar, Member.
- (17) Shri G. L. Vijan, Member.

Members representing the workers

- (18) Shri Anna P. Patil, Member.
- (19) Shri Manohar Kotwal, Member.
- (20) Shri Yeshwantrao Pandurang Koli, Member.
- (21) Shri Baburao Jadhav, Member.
- (22) Shri Sadu Limbaji Sangle, Member.
- (23) Shri V. N. Sansare, Member.
- (24) Shri K. P. Valvaikar, Member.

Secretary

(25) Shri H. A. Sathe.

Maharashtra Mathadi Hamal and other Manual Workers (Regulation of Employment and Welfare) Act, 1948.

*Industries and Labour Department, No. UWA. 1270 Lab-IV, dated 27th January 1971*¹—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 1 of the Maharashtra Mathadi Hamal and other Manual Workers (Regulation of Employment and Welfare) Act, 1969 (Mah. XXX of 1969), the Government of Maharashtra hereby appoints the 27th day of January 1971 to be the day on which all the provisions of the said Act shall come into force in the area of Greater Bombay for the following Scheduled employment, namely :—

(i) employment in connection with loading of goods into public transport vehicle or unloading of goods therefrom and any other operation incidental and connected thereto;

(ii) employment in cloth and cotton markets or shops in connection with loading, unloading, stacking, carrying, weighing, measuring or such other work including work preparatory or incidental to such operations.

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

*The Deputy Commissioner of Labour and Competent Authority, No. CL/MWA-M/90, dated 28th January 1971*²—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-2662/80868-Lab-III, dated 16th January 1965, the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay as the Competent Authority under section 2(c) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, is, after having ascertained pleased to declare that the cost of living index number applicable to the employees employed in employment in any industry in which any process of printing by letter press, lithography, photogravure, or other similar work or work incidental to such process or book binding is carried on, for the month shown in column (1) of the Schedule hereto appended, shall be shown in column (2) of the said Schedule, for the purpose of section 2(d) of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Month	Cost of living index number
(1)	(2)
December 1970	813

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

*By the Deputy Commissioner of Labour and Competent Authority, No. MWA-SPL-AL 12.1 dated 29th January 1971*³—Whereas the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, having been appointed as the Competent Authority (hereinafter referred to as the said competent authority), vide Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 2662/80868-Lab-III, dated 16th January 1965, has in pursuance of clause (d) of section 2 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, ascertained and declared the cost of living index number as shown in column (2) of the Schedule I appended hereto for the months shown in column (1) of the said Schedule applicable to the employees employed in the employment in any industry in which any process of printing by letter press, lithography, photogravure or other similar work or work incidental to such process of book binding is carried on (hereinafter referred to as the said scheduled employment) and published in the *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, from time to time.

¹ M. G. G., Pt. I-L, February 4, 1971, p. 582.

² M. G. G., Pt. I-L, February 4, 1971, p. 42-43.

³ M. G. G., Pt. I-L, February 4, 1971, p. 41.

SCHEDULE I

Month	Cost of living index number
(1)	(2)
July, 1970	813
August, 1970	804
September, 1970	808
October, 1970	813
November, 1970	813
December, 1970	813

And whereas the Government of Maharashtra by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 2662-(i)-Lab-III, dated 2nd December, 1965, has directed the said competent authority to calculate, after the expiry of every six months, commencing from the first day of January 1965, the average of the said cost of living index numbers declared by it for the said six months and to ascertain the rise of such average over 500 and also to determine, for such rise of every ten points the special allowance (payable in addition to the basic rate of wages) for each of the six months (immediately following the six months in respect of which such average has been calculated as aforesaid) payable to employees in the said scheduled employment in the zones specified in the column (1) of the Schedule II appended hereto at the rate specified in the column (2) of the said Schedule.

SCHEDULE II

Zones	Rates
(1)	(2)
Zone I	Rs. 2 00 per month.
Zone II	Re. 1.50 per month
Zone III	Re. 1.25 per month.
Zone IV	Re. 1 00 per month.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this notification Zones I, II, III and IV shall respectively mean Zones I, II, III, and IV, formed for the purpose and shown in Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 2662-(II)-Lab-III, dated 31st December 1964 and No. MWA. 2662-Lab-III, dated 21st April 1965 (Bombay Notifications).

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 2662-(i)-Lab-III, dated 2nd December 1965, the said competent authority is pleased to determine in the aforesaid manner and declare the special allowance (cost of living allowance) payable in addition to the basic rate or wages to the employees employed in the said scheduled employment in the zones mentioned in column (1) of Schedule III appended hereto in relation to six months commencing on the first day of January 1971 at the rates mentioned in column (2) of the said Schedule III.

SCHEDULE III

Zones	Amount of special allowance (cost of living allowance)
(1)	(2)
Zone I	Rs. 62.00
Zone II	Rs. 46.50
Zone III	Rs. 38.75
Zone IV	Rs. 31.00

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

By the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, and Competent Authority No. MWA-SPL-AL. 12.2 dated 29th January 1971¹.—Whereas the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay having been appointed as the Competent Authority (hereinafter referred to as the said competent authority), vide Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 2662-80868-Lab-III, dated 16th January 1965, has, in pursuance of clause (d) of section 2 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, ascertained and declared the cost of living index numbers as shown in column (2) of the Schedule I appended hereto or the months shown in column (1) of the said Schedule applicable to the employees employed in the employment in any industry in which any process of printing by letter press, lithography, photogravure or other similar work or work incidental to such process or book binding is carried on (hereinafter referred to as the said scheduled employment) and published in the *Maharashtra Government Gazette*, from time to time.

SCHEDULE

Month	Cost of living index number
(1)	(2)
July, 1970	813
August, 1970	804
September, 1970	808
October, 1970	813
November, 1970	813
December, 1970	813

And whereas, the Government of Maharashtra by Notification Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 2662-Lab-III, dated 2nd December 1965, has directed the said competent authority to calculate, after the expiry of every six months, commencing from the first day of January 1965, the average of the said cost of living index numbers declared by it for the said six months and to ascertain the rise of such average over 500 and also to determine for such rise of every ten points the special allowance (payable in addition to the basic rate of wages) for each of the six months (immediately following the six months in respect of which such average has been calculated as aforesaid) payable to employees in the said scheduled employment in the zones specified in the column (1) of the Schedule II appended hereto at the rate specified in the column (2) of the said Schedule.

¹ M.G.C., Pt. I-L, February 4, 1971, pp. 43-45

SCHEDULE II

Zones	Rates
(1)	(2)
Zone I	.. Re. 1.50 per month
Zone II	.. Re. 1.25 per month.
Zone III	Re. 1.00 per month.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this Notification—

(a) Zone I shall comprise of the area within the limits of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Nagpur ;

(b) Zone II shall comprise of the area within the Municipal or, as the case may be, village panchayat limits of Amravati, Akola, Gondia, Chanda, Wardha, Yeotmal, Khamgaon, Kamptee, Achalpur, Malkapur (Buldhana), Bhandara, Buldhana and Wani;

(c) Zone III shall comprise of all other places in the Vidarbha region of the State of Maharashtra, not included in Zones I and II.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. MWA. 2662-Lab-III, dated 2nd December 1965, the said competent authority is pleased to determine in the aforesaid manner and declare the special allowance (cost of living allowance) payable in addition to the basic rate of wages to the employees employed in the said scheduled employment in the zones mentioned in column (1) in Schedule III appended hereto in relation to six months commencing on the first day of January 1971 at the rates mentioned in column (2) of the said Schedule III.

SCHEDULE III

Zones	Amount of special allowance (cost of living allowance)
(1)	(2)
Zone I	Rs. 46.50
Zone II	Rs. 38.75
Zone III	Rs. 31.00

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

By the Deputy Commissioner of Labour and Competent Authority No. MWA-SPL-AL. 123 dated 29th January 1971.—Whereas the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, having been appointed as the Competent Authority (hereinafter referred to as the said competent authority), vide Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA 2662/80868-Lab-III, dated 16th January 1965, has, in pursuance of clause (d) of section 2 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, ascertained and declared the cost of living index numbers as shown in column (2) of the Schedule I appended hereto for the months shown in column (1) of the said Schedule applicable to the employees employed in the employment in any industry in which any process of printing by letter press, lithography, photogravure or other similar work or work incidental to such process or book binding is carried on (hereinafter referred to as the said scheduled employment) and published in the Maharashtra Government Gazette, from time to time.

SCHEDULE I

Months (1)	Cost of living index number (2)
July, 1970	813
August, 1970	804
September, 1970	808
October, 1970	813
November, 1970	813
December, 1970	813

And whereas, the Government of Maharashtra by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 2662-(i)-Lab-III, dated 2nd December 1965, has directed the said competent authority to calculate, after the expiry of every six months, commencing from the first day of January 1965, the average of the said cost of living index numbers declared by it for the said six months and to ascertain the rise of such average over 500 and also to determine for such rise of every ten points the special allowance (payable in addition to the basic rate of wages) for each of the six months (immediately following the six months in respect of which such average has been calculated as aforesaid) payable to employees in the said scheduled employment in the zones specified in the column (1) of the Schedule II appended hereto at the rate specified in the column (2) of the said Schedule.

SCHEDULE II

Zones (1)	Rates (2)
Zone I	Rs. 1.25 per month.
Zone II	Rs. 1.00 per month.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this Notification Zones, I, II shall respectively mean Zones I and II formed for the purpose and shown in the Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-2662-(i)-Lab-III, dated 31st December 1964 (Hyderabad

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 2662(ii)-Lab-III, dated 2nd December 1965, the said competent authority is pleased to determine in the aforesaid manner and declare the special allowance (cost of living allowance) payable in addition to the basic rate of wages to the employees employed in the said scheduled employment in the zones mentioned in column (1) of Schedule III appended hereto in relation to six months commencing on the first day of January 1971 at the rates mentioned in column (2) of the said Schedule III.

SCHEDULE III

Zones (1)	Amount of special allowances (cost of living allowance). (2)
Zone I	Rs. 38.75
Zone II	Rs. 31.00

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

By the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, and Competent Authority No. MWA-SPL/Cine/ Bom-3, dated 29th January 1971.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA. 5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December 1969, the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay as the Competent Authority under section 2 (c) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, is after having ascertained, pleased to declare that the cost of living index number applicable to the employees employed in the employment in Cine Studios and Cine Laboratories for the months shown in column (1) of the Schedule hereto appended shall be shown in column (2) of the said Schedule, for the purpose of section 2(d) of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Month (1)	Cost of living index number. (2)
December, 1970	183

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

By the Deputy Commissioner of Labour and Competent Authority No. MWA-SPL/Cine/ KLR-3, dated 29th January 1971.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Notification, Industries and Labour Department No. MWA. 5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December 1969, the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay as the Competent Authority under section 2(c) of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, is after having ascertained pleased to declare that the cost of living index number applicable to the employees employed in the employment in Cine Studios and Cine Laboratories for the months shown in column (1) of the Schedule hereto appended shall be shown in column (2) of the said Schedule, for the purpose of section 2(d) of the said Act.

SCHEDULE

Month	Cost of living index number
(1)	(2)
September, 1970	187

Wages Act, 1948

Deputy Commissioner of labour and competent authority No. MWA-SPL/Cine/3-1 dated 29th January 1971.—Whereas the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, having been appointed as the Competent Authority (hereinafter referred to as the said competent authority), *vide* Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268-150948-Lab-III, dated 16th January 1965, has, in pursuance of clause (d) of section 2 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, ascertained and declared the cost of living index numbers in column (2) of the Schedule I appended hereto for the months shown in column (1) of the said schedule applicable to the employees employed in the employment in Cine Studios and Cine Laboratories (hereinafter referred to as the said Schedule employment) and published in the Maharashtra Government Gazette, from time to time.

SCHEDULE

Month	Cost of living index number (New Series)
(1)	(2)
July, 1970	183
August, 1970	181
September, 1970	182
October, 1970	183
November, 1970	183
December, 1970	183

Whereas the Government of Maharashtra by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268-150948-Lab-III, dated 30th December, 1969 (read with Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268-150948-Lab-III, dated 16th January 1965) has directed the said competent authority to calculate, after the expiry of every six months, commencing from the 1st day of January, and 1st July, the average of the said cost of living index numbers declared by it for the said six months and to ascertain the rise or fall of the said average over 100, and also to determine for such rise of every five points the special allowance (payable in addition to the basic rate of wages) for each of the six months immediately following the six months in respect of which such average has been

SCHEDULE II

Zone	Rates
(1)	(2)
Zone I	Rs. 3 00 per month.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this Notification Zone I shall mean Zone I formed for the purpose and shown in Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December, 1969.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December, 1969 the said competent authority is pleased to determine in the aforesaid manner declare the special allowance (cost of living allowance) payable in addition to the basic rate of wages to the employees employed in the said scheduled employment in the Zone mentioned in column (1) of Schedule III appended hereto in relation to six months commencing on the first day of January 1971 at the rates mentioned in column (2) of the said Schedule III.

SCHEDULE III

Zone	Amount of special allowance (Cost of living allowance)
(1)	(2)
Zone I	Rs. 48 00

Minimum Wages Act, 1948

By the Deputy Commissioner of Labour and Competent Authority No. MWA-SPL/Cine/3-2, dated 29th January 1971.—Whereas the Deputy Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, having been appointed as the Competent Authority (hereinafter referred to as the said competent authority), *vide* Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-2652/80868-Lab-III, dated 16th January 1965, has, in pursuance of clause (d) of section 2 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, ascertained and declared the cost of living index numbers as shown in column (2) of the Schedule I appended hereto for the months shown in column (1) of the said schedule applicable to the employees employed in the employment in Cine Studios and Cine Laboratories (hereinafter referred to as the said Schedule employment) and published in the Maharashtra Government Gazette, from time to time.

SCHEDULE I

Month	Cost of living index number (New series)
(1)	(2)
July, 1970	183
August, 1970	183
September, 1970	185

whereas the Government of Maharashtra by Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December, 1969 (read with appendix) directed the said competent authority to calculate, after the expiry of every six months, commencing from the 1st day of January, and 1st July, the average of the said cost of living allowance declared by it for the said six months and to ascertain the rise of such average and also to determine for such rise of every five points the special allowance (payable in addition to the basic rate of wages) for each of the six months (immediately following the six months in respect of which such average has been calculated as aforesaid), payable to employees in the said scheduled employment in the Zone specified in column (1) of the Schedule II appended hereto, at the rate specified in column (2) of the said Schedule.

SCHEDULE II

Zone	Rates
(1)	(2)
Zone II	Rs. 3.00 per month.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this Notification Zone II shall mean Zone II formed for the purpose and shown in the Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December, 1969.

And whereas, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. MWA-5268/150948/Lab-III, dated 30th December, 1969 the said competent authority is pleased to determine in the aforesaid manner declare the special allowance (cost of living allowance) payable in addition to the basic rate of wages to employees employed in the said scheduled employment in the Zone mentioned in column (1) of the Schedule III appended hereto in relation to six months commencing on the first day of February 1971 at the rates mentioned in column (2) of the said Schedule III.

SCHEDULE III

Zone	Amount of special allowance (Cost of living allowance)
(1)	(2)
Zone II	Rs. 51.00

Bombay Relief Undertakings (Special Provisions) Act 1958.

Whereas the Government of Maharashtra by Government Notification, Labour and Social Welfare Department, No. BRU-1071/102399/LAB-I, dated the 5th March 1959, the then Government of Bombay declared under section 4 of the Bombay Relief Undertakings (Special Provisions) Act, 1958 (Bom. XCVI of 1958) (hereinafter referred to as "the said Act") that the industrial undertaking called the Narsinh Textile Mills (Unemployment Relief Scheme), Sholapur, which had been taken over by the State Government and was carried on by itself, shall, for a period of one year commencing on the 1st day of February 1959, and ending on the 27th day of February 1960, be carried on to serve as a measure of unemployment relief (the said undertaking being hereinafter referred to as "the said relief undertaking")

And whereas, from time to time, the then Government of Bombay and thereafter the Government of Maharashtra, made declarations as aforesaid in relation to the said relief undertaking with a view to extending the period for which the said relief undertaking shall be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief ;

And whereas, by Government Notification, Industries and Labour Department, No. BRU. 1068/105664-Lab-I, dated the 26th February 1970, the Government of Maharashtra last made a declaration as aforesaid in relation to the said relief undertaking with a view to extending upto the 27th February 1971 the period for which the said relief undertaking shall be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief, and directed under section 4 of the said Act that in relation to the said relief undertaking and in respect of the period for which the said relief undertaking continues as such, the provisions of the sub-section (1) of section 42 clauses (a), (i), (ii), and (iii) of sub-section (2) of section 46 and section 98 of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 (Bom. XI of 1947) and of Chapter V-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947) (hereinafter referred to as the "said provisions") shall not apply and the said relief undertaking shall be exempt from the said provisions;

And whereas, the Government of Maharashtra is of the opinion that the said relief undertaking which has been acquired by the State Government should be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief for a further period commencing on the 28th day of February 1971 (both days inclusive) (hereinafter referred to as "the said further period"), and that it should be exempt from the said provisions for the said further period ;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 3 and 4 of the said Act, the Government of Maharashtra, hereby,—

- (a) declares that the said relief undertaking shall, for the said further period, be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief ; and
- (b) directs that in relation to the said relief undertakings, and in respect of the said further period for which the said relief undertaking continues as such, the said provisions shall not apply, and the said relief undertaking shall be exempt from the said provisions.

Bombay Relief Undertakings (Special Provisions) Act, 1958

Industries and Labour Department, No. BRU. 2170/156258-Lab-I., dated 3rd February 1971¹.— In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 and clause (a)(iv) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Bombay Relief Undertakings (Special Provisions) Act, 1958 (Bom. XCVI of 1958), the Government of Maharashtra hereby,—

- (a) declares that the industrial undertaking called the (Chhaganlal Textile Mills Private Limited, Chalisgaon, to which a loan has been provided by the State Government shall, for a period of one year commencing on 3rd February 1971 and ending on 2nd February 1972 (both days inclusive) be conducted to serve as a measure of unemployment relief (hereinafter referred to as "the said relief undertaking") ; and
- (b) directs that in relation to the said relief undertaking and in respect of the said period for which the said relief undertaking continues as such, any right, privilege, obligation or liability accrued or incurred before 3rd February 1971 and any remedy for the enforcement thereof shall be suspended and all proceedings relative thereto pending before any court, tribunal, officer or authority shall be stayed.

¹ M.G.G., Pt. I-L, February 11, 1971, p. 705.

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for January 1971

BOMBAY*

A fall of 2 points

In January 1971 the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for the Bombay Centre with base year January to December 1960 to 100 was 181 being 2 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 living survey at the Bombay Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 4 points to 196 due to the average prices of rice, arhar dal, gram dal, masur dal, tumeric, kalimiri, and a fall in the sub-group of vegetables and fruits.

The index number for the pan, supari, tobacco etc. group increased by 2 points due to a rise in the average price of pan leaf.

The index number for the fuel and light increased by 1 point to 180 due to a rise in the average prices of firewood and charcoal.

The monthly House Rent Survey was conducted by the Director, Labour, Simla, during the period ending December 1970. Accordingly the index number for the housing has increased by 2 points to 115.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 3 points to 167 due to a rise in the average prices of dhoti, saree, shirting, cloth, trouser cloth, markin, bush-shirt, full pant, vest and chappal.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 1 point to 159 due to a rise in the average prices of doctors fee, medicine, pencil, hair oil, soap, daari, trunk, bucket and tailoring charges (shirt and Blouse).

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CITY

(Average price for the calendar year 1960=100)

Group	Weight proportional to the total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		December 1970	January 1971
Food ..	57.1	200	196
Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc. ..	4.9	186	188
Fuel and Light ..	5.0	179	180
Housing ..	4.6	113	115
Clothing, Bedding and Footwear ..	9.4	161	167
Miscellaneous ..	19.0	158	159
Total ..	100.0		
Consumer Price Index Number		183	181

For details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on page 605 of December 1965 issue of Labour Gazette. For Errata see page 867 of December 1966 issue.

To obtain the equivalent old index number 1933-34=100, the general index number for January 1971 is 181 x 100 / 183 = 98.91.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended December 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I-A Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(1) Rice ..	kg. ..	59.23	0.70	1.31	1.29	187	184
(2) Wheat ..	" ..	25.05	0.41	0.91	0.91	222	222
(3) Jawar ..	" ..	9.42	0.53	0.93	0.93	175	175
(4) Bajra ..	" ..	3.22	0.55	0.94	0.89	171	162
(5) Bread ..	125 g. ..	0.92	0.12	0.23	0.23	192	192
(6) Grinding charges ..	3 kg. ..	2.16	0.09	0.15	0.15	167	167
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(a)						194	192
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Arhar dal ..	kg. ..	63.78	0.78	2.04	1.94	262	249
(2) Gram dal ..	" ..	12.99	0.60	1.38	1.33	230	222
(3) Moong dal ..	" ..	12.21	0.90	1.81	1.85	201	206
(4) Masur dal ..	" ..	7.87	0.78	1.45	1.44	186	185
(5) Urid dal ..	" ..	3.15	0.88	1.96	2.13	223	242
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(b)						243	235
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Coconut oil ..	500 ml. ..	9.55	1.36	4.38	4.34	322	319
(2) Groundnut Oil ..	" ..	71.05	1.00	2.17	2.22	217	222
(3) Vanaspati (loose) ..	500 g. ..	19.40	1.75	3.37	3.32	193	190
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(c)						222	225
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat's Meat ..	500 g. ..	52.54	1.48	3.25	3.27	220	221
(2) Fish fresh—							
(i) Bumblefish ..	Dozen ..	38.41	0.44	1.35	1.35	110	143
(ii) Pamfret ..	Each ..		1.23	1.35	1.35		
(3) Fish dry Bombil ..	Dozen ..	3.97	0.25	0.56	0.54	224	216
(4) Eggs ..	Dozen ..	5.08	1.93	4.16	3.81	216	197
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(d)							

INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—contd.

Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
	Year ended December 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
86.87	1.15	2.10	2.12	174	175
1.31	1.03	1.70	1.70		
11.82	1.57	2.97	3.00		
100.00	7.50	14.55	14.63		
				176	177
5.40	0.13	0.35	0.38	269	292
5.40	0.72	2.24	2.10	311	292
28.42	1.35	3.09	3.09	229	229
6.83	0.41	1.03	1.11	251	271
19.42	0.15	0.27	0.21	180	140
4.67	0.60	1.47	1.70	245	283
12.95	0.33	1.02	1.05	309	318
16.91	3.69	5.06	4.94	305	306
	1.80	2.93	2.93		
	0.31	1.91	1.93		
100.00				252	249
22.36	0.25		0.49		196
2.21	0.06		0.16		267
9.34	0.26		0.43		165
4.91	0.35		0.56		160
6.88	0.26		0.41		158
11.06	0.38		0.62		168
	0.25		0.43		168
2.46	0.20		0.43		215
1.47	0.06		0.11		183
3.44	0.06		0.10		167
8.35	0.26		0.62		238
5.41	0.06		0.09		150
15.97	0.48		0.76		150
3.93	2.10		3.30		158
2.21	0.48		0.91		157
					190

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR BOMBAY CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(h) Other Food—							
(1) Sugar (Crystal) ..	500 g. ..	29.57	0.60	0.81	0.82	135	137
(2) Tea Leaf ..	50 g. ..	12.52	0.39	0.56	0.58	144	149
(3) Snacks (Bhajiya) ..	Plate of 8 pieces	15.01	0.11	0.25	0.25	227	227
(4) Snacks (Jalebi) ..	kg	7.11	1.90	5.13	5.16	270	272
(5) Tea Readymade ..	Cup	34.55	0.07	0.14	0.14	200	200
(6) Cold Drink ..	Bottle of 340 ml.	1.24	0.12	0.41	0.41	342	342
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-A(h) ..						185	186
I-A. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and cereals Products.		35.29				194	192
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products.		4.79				243	235
(c) Oils and Fats ..		5.78				222	225
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs		10.62				177	190
(e) Milk and Milk Products.		9.53				176	177
(f) Condiments and Spices.		8.75				252	249
(g) Vegetables and Fruits		8.24				223	180
(h) Other Food ..		18.99				185	186
Total ..		100.00					
Food-group Index I-A ..						200	196
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.							
(1) Pan (leaf)	100 leaves	18.55	0.52	1.15	1.23	221	217
(2) Pan (finished)	Each ..	9.89	0.04	0.09	0.09	225	225
(3) Supari ..	500 g. ..	19.44	3.42	5.68	5.68	166	166
(4) Katha ..	..	3.53	4.76	12.89	12.70	271	267
(5) Bidi ..	Katta of 25	28.80	0.16	0.25	0.25	156	156
(6) Cigarette ..	Pkt. of 10	6.54	0.14	0.33	0.33	236	236
(7) Chewing Tobacco ..	kg.	13.25	4.16	6.38	6.23	153	150
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index I-B ..						186	188
II. Fuel and Lighting—							

Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
		Year ended Dec. 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
		4	5	6	7	8
		Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
	100.00				113	115
	100.00				113	115
Pair	10.72	9.97	19.87	20.43	177	186
		8.89	13.73	14.86		
Each	28.14	11.74	17.22	17.52	140	143
		10.72	14.34	14.67		
Metre	24.87	1.68	2.78	2.84	168	172
		1.65	2.81	2.90		
"	5.95	1.60	2.79	2.91	174	182
"	2.76	1.80	3.07	3.19	171	177
"	8.54	2.23	4.37	4.22	190	..
"		1.09	2.01	2.34		
Each	3.94	4.20	6.19	6.44	147	202
"	3.77	5.45	10.95	11.53	201	212
"	2.18	1.18	1.84	2.04	156	173
Pair	3.10	16.75	27.45	27.45	164	164
		6.57	8.83	9.18	134	140
	100.00				161	167
Per Visit.	19.78	2.58	4.04	4.17	157	162
4 Doses	32.46	0.76	1.02	1.03	134	136
	47.76	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
	100.00				123	124
Per Student	22.54	6.75	6.75	6.75	100	100
Each	7.64	2.47	2.78	2.75	113	111
Each	4.73	0.12	0.20	0.20	146	188
		0.12	0.15	0.25		
Per Copy	7.64	0.07	0.12	0.12	171	171

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weights proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(c) Transport and Communication—</i>							
(1) Railway fare for 100 Km.	Per Passenger.	51.13	1.61	2.10	2.10	130	130
(2) Bus fare	Per Adult	38.60	0.15	0.20	0.20	133	133
(3) Postage	Per Card	10.27	0.05	0.10	0.10	200	200
Total		100.00				139	139
Sub-group Index V(c)						139	139
<i>(d) Personal Care and Effect—</i>							
(1) Hair Oil	Bottle (114 ml.)	26.92	1.36	2.41	2.43	177	179
(2) Barber Charges	Per head	44.23	0.94	1.45	1.45	154	154
(3) Toilet Soap	Cake	14.91	0.44	0.74	0.74	168	168
(4) Tooth Powder	Small Bottle No. 3.	7.21	0.50	0.74	0.74	148	148
(5) Blade	Pkt. of 5	0.96	0.27	0.30	0.30	111	111
(6) Umbrella	Each	5.77	5.55	10.09	10.32	182	186
Total		100.00				163	164
Sub-group Index V(d)						163	164
<i>(e) Others—</i>							
(1) Durrie	Each	2.66	4.93	6.34	6.97	129	141
(2) Trunk	"	2.66	5.82	12.66	13.04	218	224
(3) Utensils (Brass)	500 g.	7.99	2.84	10.25	10.23	361	360
(4) Bucket (Balti)	Each	2.16	2.96	5.54	5.62	187	190
(5) Laundry charges	Per Piece	25.29	0.15	0.29	0.29	193	193
(6) Washing Soap	Bar	35.28	1.28	2.05	2.05	160	160
(7) Tailoring charges of Shirt.	Each	23.96	1.19	2.17	2.27	169	174
(8) Tailoring charges of Blouse.	"		0.89	1.38	1.40		
Total		100.00				188	190
Sub-group Index V(e)						188	190
V. Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical Care		28.27				123	124
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement.		11.94				190	192
(c) Transport and Communication.		14.81				139	139
(d) Personal Care and Effects.		18.99				163	164
		26.00				188	190

SHOLAPUR •

187—Index remained stationary

In January 1971, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for the Sholapur Centre with base January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 187 being the same as that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey in Sholapur City.

The index number for the food group decreased by 2 points to 199 due mainly to a fall in the average prices of rice, arhardal, gramdal, masurdal, ghee, gur, turmeric, tamarind, onions, coconut, and a fall in the index number for the vegetables and fruits sub-group.

The index number for the pan, supari, tobacco etc. group increased by 20 points to 189 due to a rise in the average prices of pan, leaf, pan finished and supari.

The Six Monthly House-Rent Survey was conducted by the Director, Labour Bureau, Simla during the period ending December 1970. Accordingly the index number for housing increased by 1 point to 133.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 10 points to 180 due to a rise in the average prices of dhoti, long-cloth, shirting, markin and trousers cloth.

The index numbers for the fuel and light and the miscellaneous groups remained steady at 171, 160 respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SHOLAPUR CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1960 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
I-A. Food ..	63.0	201	199
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc. ..	3.4	169	189
II. Fuel and Light ..	7.1	171	171
III. Housing ..	5.2	132	133
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear ..	9.0	170	180
V. Miscellaneous ..	12.3	160	160
Total ..	100.0		
Consumer Price Index Number		187	187

*Details regarding scope and method of compilation of the index may be seen on pages 607 to 612 of December 1965 issue of Labour Gazette. For Erratta see page 897 of January 1966 issue.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old index number 1927-28 = 100 the new index should be multiplied by the linking factor of 3.82.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR SHOLAPUR CENTRE

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per Unit of Quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Products—							
(1) Rice ..	kg.	26.98	0.55	1.20	1.18	218	215
(2) Wheat ..	..	13.53	0.41	0.90	0.90	220	220
(3) Jowar ..	..	56.97	0.46	0.75	0.75	163	163
(4) Grinding Charges ..	3 kg. ..	2.52	0.05	0.15	0.15	300	300
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index (a)						189	188
(b) Pulses and Products—							
(1) Arhar dal ..	kg.	76.17	0.75	4.10	1.98	280	264
(2) Gram dal ..	..	18.22	0.56	1.37	1.31	245	234
(3) Masur dal ..	..	5.61	0.73	1.38	1.37	189	188
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index (b)						268	254
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Groundnut oil ..	kg.	98.91	1.94	4.62	4.73	238	244
(2) Vanaspati (loose) ..	500 g.	1.09	1.86	3.85	3.74	207	201
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index (c)						226	243
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat Meat ..	kg.	72.32	2.45	5.00	5.00	204	204
(2) Beef ..	..	23.69	0.66	1.50	1.50	227	227
(3) Fish (fresh) Rahu ..	..	1.50	1.46	3.00	3.00	205	205
(4) Fish (dry) Ziaga ..	..	2.49	2.14	4.00	4.00	187	187
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index (d)						209	209
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk ..	l.	89.79	0.67	1.50	1.50	224	224
(2) Ghee ..	kg.	10.21	6.19	13.10	12.98	212	210
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index (e)						223	222

Rs. per unit of quantity

Price per unit of quantity		Index Number	
Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
5	6	7	8
Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
0.21	0.21	233	233
4.62	3.91	416	352
0.35	0.43	152	187
1.65	1.73	254	266
3.00	2.94	250	245
0.40	0.30	174	130
0.79	0.87	329	362
0.77	0.76	285	281
		351	255
1.16		252.17	
0.31		281.82	
0.15		60.00	
0.15		125.00	
0.21		161.54	
0.10		111.11	
0.75		147.06	
		191	160.26
1.57	1.58	135	136
1.15	1.07	180	167
0.55	0.55	141	141
0.11	0.11	157	157
5.00	5.00	312	312
5.00	5.00	230	230

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR
SHOLAPUR CENTRE—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I-A. Food—							
(a) Cereals and Products		48.79				189	188
(b) Pulses and Products.		7.28				268	254
(c) Oils and Fats . .		4.99				238	243
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs.		6.79				209	209
(e) Milk and products . .		7.37				223	222
(f) Condiments and spices.		8.25				251	255
(g) Vegetables and Fruits.		4.29				191	160
(h) Other Food		12.24				148	147
Total		100.00					
Group Index I-A						201	199
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco etc.							
(1) Pan (leaf)	100 leaves	10.22	0.19	0.45	0.77	237	405
(2) Pan finished	Each	6.07	0.04	0.06	0.08	150	200
(3) Supari	300 g. . .	19.49	1.77	2.57	2.59	145	146
(4) Katha	50 g. . .	3.84	0.51	1.25	1.25	245	245
(5) Bidi	katta of 25	37.06	0.19	0.28	0.28	147	147
(6) Cigarettes	Pkt. of 10	5.43	0.15	0.34	0.34	227	227
(7) Chewing tobacco	50 g. . .	17.89	0.21	0.36	0.36	171	171
Total		100.00					
Group Index I-B						169	189
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood	40 kg. . .	62.01	3.57	5.89	5.89	165	165
(2) Coal	100 kg. . .	13.81	6.99	13.00	13.00	186	186
(3) Dung cake	100 cakes	7.06	0.85	1.34	1.34	158	158
(4) Match Box	Each (50 Sticks)	4.06	0.05	0.07	0.07	140	140
(5) Kerosene Oil	500 ml. . .	13.06	0.15	0.30	0.30	200	200
Total		100.00					
Group Index II						171	171

Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
		Year ended Dec. 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
		Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
...	8.53	10.69	16.40	17.78	161	168
...	10.47	17.68	17.68	17.68		
...	29.79	10.05	16.50	16.50	164	164
...	2.92	3.41	4.94	4.94	145	145
...	7.48	1.39	2.66	2.95	191	212
...	25.70	1.61	2.60	2.74	162	171
...	1.49	2.42	2.57	2.57		
...	17.41	1.28	2.52	2.89	197	226
...	2.57	1.47	3.12	3.16	212	215
...	4.67	6.40	8.95	8.95	140	140
...	0.93	15.98	24.15	24.15	151	151
...	100.00					
...					170	180
visit ..	29.23	4.33	5.00	5.00	115	115
ial of doses	70.77	0.71	0.92	0.92	130	130
...	100.00					
...					125	125
udent.	33.15	6.00	5.70	5.70	95	95
ch ..	22.65	2.50	2.86	2.86	114	114
...	5.53	0.12	0.15	0.15	125	125
...	0.12	0.15	0.15	0.15	125	125

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Year ended Dec. 1960	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
<i>(c) Transport and Communication—</i>							
(1) Railway fare (from Sholapur to Poona).	Per Passenger	67.41	5.22	6.60	6.60	126	126
(2) Bus fare	Per adult	32.59	0.15	0.20	0.20	133	133
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V (c) ..						129	129
<i>(d) Personal care and Effects—</i>							
(1) Hair Oil	Bottle of 250 g.	39.28	2.00	4.88	4.88	244	244
(2) Barber charges	Per adult	49.11	0.62	1.00	1.00	161	161
(3) Toilet Soap	Each	8.93	0.44	0.75	0.75	170	170
(4) Ornaments (glass)	Per dozen	2.68	0.75	0.50	0.50	67	67
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group Index V (d) ..						192	192
<i>(e) Others—</i>							
(1) Utensils (Copper)	500 g.	6.07	3.25	13.50	13.50	413	413
(2) Laundry Charges	Per piece	9.64	0.11	0.19	0.19	173	173
(3) Washing Soap	Bar of 12 pieces	44.64	1.31	2.17	2.17	166	166
(4) Tailoring Charges—							
(i) Shirt	Each	36.43	0.80	1.25	1.25	143	143
(ii) Blouse	"	....	0.70	0.94	0.94		
(5) Durrie	"	3.22	3.80	7.50	7.50	197	197
Total ..		100.00					
Sub group Index V (e) ..						171	175
Miscellaneous Group—							
(a) Medical care		25.86				125	125
(b) Education, Recreation and Amusement.		15.92				177	177
(c) Transport and Communication.		12.49				129	129
(d) Personal care and Effects.		21.02				192	192
(e) Others		24.71				175	175

NAGPUR*

188—A fall of 3 points

In January 1971, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class (New Series) for Nagpur Centre with base January to December 1960 equal to 100 was 188 being 3 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey in Nagpur City.

The index number for the food group decreased by 6 points to 208 due mainly to a fall in the average prices of wheat, arhar dal, goatmeat, ghee, chillies dry, onions, gur and a fall in the index number for the vegetable and fruits sub-group.

The Six Monthly House-Rent Survey was conducted by the Director, Labour Bureau, Simla during the period ending December 1970. Accordingly the index number for housing increased by 1 point to 131.

The index number for the clothing, bedding and footwear group increased by 2 points to 191 due to a rise in the average prices of dhoti, shirting, trousers cloth, long cloth and markin.

The index number for the pan-supari, tobacco etc., the fuel and light and the miscellaneous groups remained steady at 173, 164 and 146 respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CITY.

(Average prices for the calendar year 1960=100)

Groups	Weights proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
I-A. Food	57.2	214	208
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	3.8	173	173
II. Fuel and Light	5.7	164	164
III. Housing	6.6	130	131
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear	10.9	189	191
V. Miscellaneous	15.8	146	146
Total	100.0		
Consumer Price Index Number		191	188

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index may be seen on pages 771 to 779 of January 1966, issue of Labour Gazette.

Note.—For arriving at the equivalent of the old Index number (1939=100), the new index number should be multiplied by the linking factor of 5.22.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER (NEW SERIES) FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NAGPUR CENTRE

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I-A. Food—			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice	kg. ..	53.60	0.64	1.22	1.22	191	191
(2) Wheat (O. S.)	.. ..	35.69	0.41	0.95	0.94	232	229
(3) Jowar	.. ..	8.72	0.41	0.75	0.75	183	183
(4) Grinding charges	3 kg ..	1.99	0.08	0.14	0.14	175	175
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group (a) Index ..						204	203
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
(1) Arhar dal	.. kg. ..	68.17	0.71	1.93	1.87	272	263
(2) Gram dal	.. ..	28.12	0.52	1.22	1.22	235	235
(3) Moong dal	.. ..	3.71	0.55	1.32	1.40	240	255
Total		100.00					
Sub-group (b) Index						260	255
(c) Oils and Fats—							
(1) Gingelli Oil	.. kg. ..	4.84	2.75	5.50	5.50	200	200
(2) Groundnut Oil	.. ..	7.91	1.92	4.78	4.88	249	254
(3) Vanaspati (loose)	500 g. ..	9.67	1.79	3.18	3.02	178	169
(4) Linseed Oil	.. kg. ..	77.58	1.54	4.70	4.80	305	312
Total		100.00					
Sub-group (c) Index						281	288
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs—							
(1) Goat-meat	.. kg. ..	90.16	2.68	6.00	5.70	224	213
(2) Fish (fresh)—							
(i) Rahu	.. ..	5.32	3.22	5.00	5.00	163	163
(ii) Mangur	.. ..	.. ..	3.22	5.50	5.50		
(3) Eggs	dozen ..	4.52	2.06	3.62	4.00	176	194
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group (d) Index						218	209
(e) Milk and Milk Products—							
(1) Milk	1 ..	71.96	0.80	1.60	1.60	200	200
(2) Curd	.. kg. ..	3.57	2.14	4.00	4.00	187	187
(3) Ghee	.. ..	24.47	8.85	16.08	16.00	182	181
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group (e) Index						195	195

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(f) Condiments and Spices—							
1) Salt	kg.	5.59	0.13	0.25	0.25	192	
2) Turmeric	"	7.69	1.63	7.12	7.50	437	192
3) Chillies (dry)	"	49.65	2.88	7.00	6.60	243	460
4) Onion	"	18.65	0.27	0.52	0.44	193	229
5) Garlic	"	6.53	1.06	2.56	2.90	242	163
6) Corriander	"	2.33	1.16	3.38	3.51	291	274
7) Ginger	"	3.50	2.96	14.00	14.00	473	303
8) Zaera	"	6.06	3.49	6.00	6.00	172	473
Total		100.00					172
Sub-group (f) Index							
						250	242
(g) Vegetables and Fruits—							
1) Potatoes	kg.	42.81	0.39	0.76		195	
2) Brinjals	"	25.58	0.41	0.44		107	
3) Cauliflower	kg.	2.45	0.33	0.42		127	
4) Cabbage	"	0.49	0.38	0.78		205	
5) Tomatoes	"	12.30	0.45	0.51		113	
6) Gawarphali	"	1.92	0.32	N.A.		N. A.	
7) Pease	"	0.49	0.40	0.80		200	
8) Palak	"	4.81	0.31	0.30		97	
9) Methi	"	1.92	0.33	0.34		103	
0) Banana	doz.	5.29	0.39	0.62		159	
1) Orange	"	3.85	1.36	2.00		147	
Total		100.00					216
Sub-group (g) 1 Index							
						216	151
(h) Other Food—							
1) Sugar	kg.	44.71	1.22	1.68	1.68	138	
2) Gur	"	2.40	0.72	1.35	1.25	188	138
3) Tea leaf	Pkt. of 25g.	13.26	0.19	0.28	0.28	147	174
4) Bhajia	kg.	8.46	2.14	4.00	4.00	187	147
5) Jalebi	"	1.97	1.61	4.00	4.00	248	187
6) Tea (readymade)	Cup	29.20	0.06	0.12	0.12	200	248
Total		100.00				200	200
Sub-group (h) Index							
						165	164
(A) Food—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products.		49.53				204	203
(b) Pulses and Pulses Products.		8.83				260	255
(c) Oils and Fats		6.05				283	288
(d) Meat, Fish and Eggs		5.00				218	209
(e) Milk and Milk Products.		7.51				195	195
(f) Condiments and Spices.		6.95				250	242
(g) Vegetables and Fruits		6.67				216	151
(h) Other Food		9.46				165	164
Total		100.00				214	208
(A) Food Group Index							
						214	208

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	
I-B. Pan, Supari, Tobacco						
(1) Pan-leaf	100 leaves	14.85				
(2) Pan (ready-made)	Each	13.61	0.29	0.42	0.42	145
(3) Supari	kg.	26.60	0.03	0.08	0.08	267
(4) Katha	"	5.36	6.71	10.50	10.50	156
(5) Bidi	Katta of 25	21.44	8.57	14.00	14.00	163
(6) Cigarettes	Pkt. of 10	3.04	0.16	0.25	0.25	156
(7) Chewing and leafy tobacco.	kg.	10.10	0.15	0.35	0.35	233
Total		100.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	120
I-B. Group Index						
						173
II. Fuel and Light—						
(1) Fire-wood	40 kg.	69.55	2.38	3.88	3.88	163
(2) Coke	"	5.90	2.88	5.24	5.60	182
(3) Kerosene Oil	Litre	14.13	0.34	0.60	0.60	176
(4) Electricity Charges.	Unit	2.74	0.29	0.36	0.36	124
(5) Coal	40 kg.	2.61	6.38	10.00	10.00	157
(6) Match box	Each (50 sticks)	5.07	0.05	0.07	0.07	140
Total		100.00				
Group II Index for Fuel and Light.						
						164
III. Housing—						
Residential House			100.00			
Total			100.00			130
Group III Index for Housing.						
						130
IV. Clothing, Bedding and Footwear—						
(1) Dhoti Emp. Mills	Pair	9.87	12.10	20.82	21.52	
(2) Dhoti Model Mills	Each	36.48	10.68	19.25	19.44	176
(3) Saree	m.	18.35	8.09	13.31	13.31	165
(4) Shirting Emp. Mills	"	1.21	2.85	2.85	2.85	221
(5) Shirting Model Mills	"	1.05	2.17	2.28	2.28	232
(6) Trouser's cloth	"	3.34	1.43	3.32	3.35	213
(7) Long cloth	"	3.06	1.14	2.41	2.49	238
(8) Markin Empress Mills	"	13.06	1.04	2.85	3.11	
(9) Markin Model Mills	"	1.00	2.20	2.26	2.26	125
(10) Payjama	"	1.60	4.25	5.33	5.33	112
(11) Ganji	Each	1.25	1.23	1.38	1.38	137
(12) Shirt	"	1.60	3.75	5.13	5.13	129
(13) Bed-sheet	"	2.01	8.50	10.93	10.73	158
(14) Shoes (Gents)	Pair	4.17	16.00	25.25	25.25	202
(15) Chappal (Gents)	"	4.17	4.96	10.00	10.00	140
(16) Sandals (Ladies)	"	1.04	6.40	8.95	8.95	
Total		100.00				

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per Unit of Quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
...ous —							
...re —							
...fee	per visit ..	22.98	3.00	3.00	3.00	100	100
	Phial of 3 doses.	45.06	0.75	0.75	0.75	100	100
...remium ..		31.96	0.69	0.70	0.70	101	101
Total ..		100.00					
Index						100	100
...care and							
...charges	Bottle of 114 ml. Per Adult	24.01	1.37	1.99	1.99	145	145
...ap	Per Cake.	38.30	0.50	1.00	1.00	200	200
...powder	Bottle ..	15.80	0.46	0.75	0.75	163	163
...ts (glass) ..	Dozen ..	2.74	0.87	1.42	1.42	163	163
	Each ..	4.25	0.75	0.81	0.81	108	108
...der (small)	Tin ..	12.16	65.00	90.00	90.00	138	138
Total ..		2.74	1.00	2.00	2.00	200	200
Index						169	169
...Recreation							
...ents—							
...e	Per Student.	23.53	5.50	5.50	5.50	100	100
...ook	Each ..	17.65	2.00	2.20	2.20	110	110
...	.. ..	1.02	0.24	0.26	0.26	108	108
...y (Ex-book)	Each (40 pages).	1.79	0.12	0.12	0.15	100	125
	Per Adult	56.01	0.42	0.79	0.79	188	188
Total		100.00					

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per Unit of Quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(d) Transport and Com-							
... (iii) Railways fare of 1st class	Per Passenger	45.49	1.61	2.10	2.10	130	130
(2) ...	Per Adult	29.19	0.15	0.20	0.20	133	133
(3) Post card	Each ..	3.86	0.05	0.10	0.10	200	200
(4) Rickshaw charges ..	Per Adult	21.46	0.37	0.62	0.62	168	168
Total ..		100.00					
Sub-group (d) Index						142	142
(e) Other—							
(1) Cot	Each ..	5.94	5.50	8.00	8.00	145	145
(2) Trunk/Box	.. ..	2.05	5.01	7.50	7.50	150	150
(3) Earthenwear	.. ..	2.05	0.30	1.25	1.25	417	417
(4) Utensil Aluminium..	kg.	4.79	8.50	14.00	14.00	165	165
(5) Utensil Brass	.. ..	11.42	7.71	18.00	18.00	233	233
(6) Laundry charges	Per Piece	9.59	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	167
(7) Washing Soap	Bar ..	33.11	1.30	2.15	2.15	165	165
(8) Tailoring } Shirt ..	Each ..	31.05	0.88	1.56	1.56	189	189
Charges } Blouse.	.. ..	..	0.75	1.50	1.50		
Total .		100.00					
Sub-group (e) Index						184	184
Miscellaneous—							
(a) Medical care	.. ..	28.00	..	..	..	100	100
(b) Personal care and effects.	.. ..	18.30	..	..	..	169	169
(c) Education, Recreation and Amusements.	.. ..	19.55	..	..	..	151	152
(d) Transport and Communication.	.. ..	12.25	..	..	..	142	142
(e) Others	.. ..	21.90	..	..	..	184	184
Total		100.00					

AURANGABAD*

189—A fall of 2 points

In January 1971, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for the Aurangabad Centre with base year January to December 1961 equal to 100 was 189 being 2 points lower than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at the Aurangabad Centre.

The index number for the food group decreased by 6 points to 202, due to the decrease in the average prices of wheat, jowar, turdal, gramdal, turmeric, tamarind, mixed spices bojwar, jira, potatoes, onions, brinjals, tomato and banana and a fall in the sub-group of other vegetables.

The index number for the fuel and light group decreased by 1 point to 162 due to the decrease in the average prices of firewood and chips (mixture and babhool).

The index number for housing increased by 5 points to 176 as a result of the Six Monthly house-rent Survey conducted by this office at Aurangabad during January 1971.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 10 points to 180 due to an increase in the prices of dhoti, saree, cloth for trouser and long cloth.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 2 points to 159 due to an increase in the average prices of pan leaf, supari, hair oil and cinema.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY

(Average price for the calendar year 1961 = 100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
I. Food ..	60.72	208	202
II. Fuel and Light ..	7.50	163	162
III. Housing ..	8.87	171	176
IV. Clothing and Footwear ..	9.29	170	180
V. Miscellaneous ..	13.62	157	159
Total ..	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number	.....	191	189

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1130 to 1134 of the March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Note.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100 the new index number on base 1961 = 100 should be multiplied by linking factor i.e. 2.22.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I. Food Group—							
<i>(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—</i>							
(1) Rice	Kg. ..	5.40	0.69	1.12	1.12	162	162
(2) Wheat	..	10.17	0.42	0.89	0.87	212	207
(3) Jowar	..	30.33	0.38	0.73	0.72	192	189
(4) Grinding charges for cereals.	..	2.35	0.02	0.03	0.03	150	150
Total		48.20					
Index Number sub-group I(a).						191	188
<i>(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—</i>							
(1) Turdal, without husk.	Kg. ..	3.96	0.70	2.18	1.89	311	270
(2) Gramdal, Katori.	..	2.05	0.60	1.24	1.22	207	203
(3) Moongdal, without husk.	..	1.11	0.71	1.56	1.58	220	223
(4) Masurdal Thick grain.	..	0.74	0.64	1.40	1.40	219	219
Total ..		7.86					
Index Number sub-group I(b)						262	241
<i>(c) Oils and Fats—</i>							
(1) Groundnut oil Whitish	1/2 Ltr.	2.00	1.07	2.34	2.34	219	219
(2) Karad Oil	..	3.49	1.11	2.64	2.85	238	257
(3) Vanaspati Dalda.	1/2 Kg. (loose)	0.48	1.58	3.19	3.12	202	197
Total		5.97					
Index Number sub-group I(c)						229	239
<i>(d) Mutton, Fish and Eggs—</i>							
(1) Mutton, Goat meat	1/2 Kg. ..	4.70	1.26	2.25	2.45	179	194
(2) Fish (dry) —							
(a) Bombil	Kg. ..	0.24	2.90	3.83	4.33	115	159
(b) Zinga	..	..	2.13	2.17	3.33		
(c) Nathmi	..	..	1.93	2.17	3.33		
Total ..		4.94					
Index Number sub-group I(d).							193

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>(e) Milk and Milk Products—</i>			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Milk— (Buffalo Milk)	200 ml. ..	6.65	0.16	0.30	0.30	188	188
Total		6.65					
<i>Index Number sub-group (e)</i>						188	188
<i>(f) Condiments and Spices—</i>							
(1) Salt— White	Kg. ..	0.35	0.11	0.16	0.17	145	153
(2) Turmeric— Whole	250 gms. ..	0.31	0.34	1.09	1.04	321	306
(3) Chillies (dry)— Superior quality	½ Kg. ..	4.62	0.90	3.14	3.14	349	349
(4) Tamarind	..	0.45	0.49	1.82	1.75	371	357
(5) Mixed spices— Bojwar	250 gms. ..	1.80	0.42	1.09	1.07	260	253
(6) Jira— Thick Blackish (gray).	..	0.30	0.69	1.44	1.38	209	200
Total		7.83					
<i>Index Number sub-group (f)</i>						314	312
<i>(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—</i>							
(1) Potatoes— Medium	½ Kg. ..	1.35	0.30	0.67	0.44	223	147
(2) Onions— Red	.. ..	1.06	0.25	0.25	0.18	100	72
(3) Brinjals— Medium	.. ..	0.48	0.24	0.39	0.36	162	150
(4) Tomatoes— (1) Red	.. ..	0.64	0.28	0.41	0.18	154	68
(2) Green	.. ..		0.18	0.29	0.13		
(5) Garlic— Medium	50 gms. ..	0.68	0.06	0.15	0.18	250	300
<i>Other Vegetables—</i>							
<i>Vegetables available in the month of December 1970—</i>							
(1) Pankobi	½ Kg. ..	1.80	0.22	0.93	0.41	344	214
(2) Phulkobi	.. ..	..	0.35	0.93			
<i>Vegetables available in the month of January 1971—</i>							
(1) Pankobi	.. ..		0.18	0.41	0.50	214	214
(2) Phulkobi	.. ..		0.25	0.50			
Total		6.01					
<i>Index Number sub-group (g)</i>						229	163

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—contd

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>(h) Fruits and Fruit Products—</i>			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Banana— Medium	Doz. ..	1.14	0.32	0.72	0.65	225	203
Total		1.14					
<i>Index Number sub-group (h)</i>						225	203
<i>(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products—</i>							
(1) Sugar— Medium	Kg. ..	3.45	1.17	1.63	1.63	139	139
(2) Gur— Superior	..	1.81	0.46	1.13	1.13	246	246
Total		5.26					
<i>Index Number sub-group (i)</i>						176	176
<i>(j) Beverages—</i>							
(1) Tea leaf— Brooke Bond	50 gms. ..	1.86	0.41	0.55	0.55	134	134
(2) Prepared tea— Chalu Chaha	Cup ..	4.28	0.08	0.15	0.15	188	188
Total		6.14					
<i>Index Number sub-group (j)</i>						171	171
<i>Food Group—</i>							
<i>(a) Cereals and cereals products.</i>						191	188
<i>(b) Pulses and pulse products.</i>						262	241
<i>(c) Oils and fats</i>						229	239
<i>(d) Mutton, fish and eggs.</i>						176	193
<i>(e) Milk and milk products.</i>						188	188
<i>(f) Condiments and spices.</i>						314	312
<i>(g) Vegetables and vegetable products.</i>						229	163
<i>(h) Fruits and fruit products.</i>						225	203
<i>(i) Sugar, honey and related products.</i>						176	176
<i>(j) Beverages</i>						171	171
Total		100.00					
<i>Index Number—Food group I.</i>						208	203

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Fuel and Light— Firewood and chips (I) Mixture	37 kgs. ..	81.82	2.87	4.07	4.05	150	149
(II) Babhool	.. ..	..	2.80	4.44	4.42		
Kerosene Ordinary.	l. ..	12.44	0.22	0.57	0.57	259	259
Match Box Wimco, Horse Brand.	Box of 50 sticks.	5.74	0.06	0.08	0.08	133	133
Total		100.00					
Number Group II.						163	162
Housing— Rent for selected apartments.	P. M. ..	100.00	4.79 (Jan. 1970)	8.19	8.28	171	176
Total		100.00	4.70 (Jan. 1971)				
Number Group III.						171	176
Clothing and Foot- wear—							
(a) Clothing—							
Dhoti 8.2 mts. length and 119 to 121 cms. width.	Per sq. metre.	6.04	1.07	1.63	1.76	152	164
Shawl 7.3 to 8.2 mts. length and 102 to 152 cms. width.	.. ..	31.57	1.28	1.96	2.10	153	164
Cloth for trousers 89 to 97 cms. width.	.. ..	2.51	2.36	4.30	4.93	182	209
Long cloth 89 to 97 cms. width.	.. ..	36.63	1.64	2.98	3.21	182	196
Coloured fabric 67 to 75 cms. width.	.. ..	18.17	1.86	3.38	3.38	182	182
Total		94.92					
Number sub-group (a).						170	181
(b) Footwear—							
(I) Bata Co.	Per pair..	5.08	15.08	24.15	24.15	160	160
(II) Flex	.. ..	..	19.22	30.75	30.75		
Total		5.08					
Number sub-group (b).						160	160

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
IV. Clothing and Foot- wear—contd.							
(a) Clothing	.. ..	94.92	..	..	..	170	181
(b) Footwear	.. ..	5.08	..	..	..	160	160
Total		100.00					
Index Number Group IV						170	180
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pansupari—							
(1) Pan leaf— Madras I	Bundle of 100 leaves	3.84	0.50	0.60	0.68	120	136
(2) Pan Finished— With Masala	Bida ..	2.19	0.04	0.07	0.07	175	175
(3) Supari— Manglori	50 gms.	4.36	0.41	0.57	0.58	139	141
(4) Katha— Kanpur	.. ..	1.78	0.72	1.23	1.22	171	169
Total		12.17					
Index Number Sub-group V (a).						144	150
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(1) Bidi— Totapuri	Bundle	15.38	0.15	0.25	0.25	167	167
(2) Jarda— Hazivazir	Packet of 25 gms.	3.18	0.19	0.20	0.20	105	105
Total		18.56					
Index Number Sub-group V (b).						156	156
(c) Household Utensils— Utensils Brass— Lota (Poona Market).	Each ..	2.55	7.18	16.83	16.83	234	234
Total		2.55					
Index Number Sub-group V (c).						234	234

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PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—contd.

	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number		
			Basic Price	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971	
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8	
—								
—	Per piece	4.86	0.11	0.15	0.15	136	136	
—	Cake	9.27	0.42	0.65	0.65	155	155	
Total		14.13						
Sub-group						148	148	
—	Two tablets, daily	4.67	0.12	0.14	0.14	117	117	
—	Per day	7.61	0.68	1.00	1.00	147	147	
Total		12.28						
Sub-group						136	136	
—	Small bottle	5.82	1.30	2.22	2.23	171	172	
—	Adult	8.70	0.50	1.00	1.00	187	187	
—	..		0.37	0.75	0.75			
—	..		0.19	0.30	0.30			
—	Cake	2.74	0.48	0.75	0.75	156	156	
—	..		0.48	0.75	0.75			
—	2 pkts. of 5 blades each	0.33	0.57	0.57	0.57	100	100	
Total		17.59						
Sub-group						175	175	
—	Student	1.90	3.01	4.98	4.98	165	165	
—	Books for ganit. (education)	1.33	0.62	0.95	0.95	153	153	
Total		3.23						

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1971
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR AURANGABAD CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number		
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8	
(h) Recreation and Amusement— Cinema Lowest class	Full ticket.	6.90	0.44	1.00	1.08	227	245	
Total		6.90						
Index Number Sub-group Y(h).						227	245	
(i) Transport and Communication— (1) Rail— Fare for 50 k.m. ...	Full ticket	6.19	1.04	1.30	1.30	125	125	
(2) Bus— S. T. fare for 30 miles.	..	5.30	1.50	1.70	1.70	113	113	
(3) Postage— (1) Post card	Per card	1.10	0.05	0.10	0.10	167	167	
(2) Money Order ..	Rs. 30.		0.45	0.60	0.60			
Total		12.59						
Index Number Sub-group Y(i).						124	124	
V. Miscellaneous Group								
(a) Pansupari		12.17				144	150	
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.		18.56				156	156	
(c) Household utilities ..		2.55				234	234	
(d) Washing Soap		14.13				148	148	
(e) Medical care		12.28				136	136	
(f) Personal care		17.59				175	175	
(g) Education and Reading.		3.23				160	160	
(h) Recreation and Amusement.		6.90				227	245	
(i) Transport and Communication.		12.59				124	124	
Total		100.00						

NANDED*

197—A rise of 2 points

In January 1971, the Consumer Price Index Number for working Class for the Nanded Centre with base year January to December 1961, equal to 100 was 197 being 2 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the standard of life ascertained during the year 1958-59 family living survey at the Nanded Centre.

The index number for the food group increased by 1 point to 211 due to an increase in the average prices of rice, groundnut oil, salt, chillies-dry, tamarind, banana (small) and tea-leaf (Brooke-Bond) and a rise in the sub-group of mutton, fish and eggs.

The index number for the fuel and the light group remained stationary at 189.

The Six Monthly House-Rent Survey ending December 1970 was conducted by this office, in the month of January 1971, at the Nanded Centre. The index number for housing however, remained the same at 136 as that in the previous months.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 4 points to 181 due to an increase in the prices of dhoti, saree, cloth for trousers, long-cloth and coloured fabrics.

The index number for the miscellaneous group increased by 2 points to 173 due to an increase in the average price of pan finished.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY

(Average prices for the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Number	
		Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
I. Food	61.46	210	211
II. Fuel and Light ..	5.88	189	189
III. Housing	4.62	136	136
IV. Clothing and Footwear	12.22	177	181
V. Miscellaneous	15.82	171	173
Total ..	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number ..		195	197

*Details regarding the items and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1107 to 1112 of the March 1966 issue of *Labour Gazette*.

Notes.—To obtain the equivalent old index number on base August 1943 to July 1944=100, the new index number on base 1961=100 should be multiplied by the linking factor 1.243.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
<i>(a) Cereals and Cereal Product—</i>							
(1) Rice ..	Kg.	13.02	0.64	1.03	1.08	161	169
(2) Wheat ..	"	6.81	0.42	0.87	0.87	217	207
(3) Jowar	"	30.64	0.34	0.70	0.70	206	206
(4) Grinding charges ..	5 Kgs. ..	2.82	0.13	0.15	0.15	115	115
Total ..		53.29					
<i>Index Number Sub-group 1 (a).</i>						190	192
<i>(b) Pulses and Pulse Product—</i>							
(1) Turdal— (i) Gawran (medium)	Kg. ..	3.89	0.64	1.93	1.85	302	289
(2) Gramdal Punjab (medium)	"	1.84	0.57	1.22	1.20	214	211
(3) Moongdal— Without husk	"	1.55	0.66	1.49	1.49	226	226
(4) Uriddal without husk	"	0.54	0.77	1.76	1.89	229	245
(5) Masurdal— (a) Big	"	0.82	0.61	1.32	1.35	216	221
(b) Medium	"	....	0.61				
Total ..		8.64					
<i>Index Number Sub-group 1 (b).</i>						257	252
<i>(c) Oils and Fats—</i>							
(1) Groundnut, Mothdal (Reddish Colour).	Oil Kg. ..	4.84	2.22	4.57	4.67	206	210
Total ..		4.84					
<i>Index Number Sub-group 1 (c).</i>						206	210

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Meat and Fish and Poultry							
Goat meat	½ Kg.	5.62	1.08	3.00	3.00	269	269
Beef	Kg.	....	0.96	2.50	2.50		
Fish (dry)— Bombil Zinga	Kg.	0.61	2.46	5.50	5.50	198	208
Fish (fresh)— varieties available in Dec. 1970— (i) Rahu (ii) Katerna	Kg.	....	1.86	2.50	3.00		
varieties available in Jan. 1971— (i) Rahu (ii) Katerna	Kg.	....	1.86	....	3.00		
Total		6.23					
Number Sub-group (d).						262	263
Milk and Milk Products							
Milk (Buffalo)	200 ml.	....	0.17	0.30	0.30	231	231
Cheese (Buffalo)	½ Kg.	....	0.29	3.01	7.00	233	233
Total		4.83					
Number Sub-group (e).						231	231
Spices and Condiments							
Mustard white	Kg.	0.28	0.12	0.19	0.20	158	167
Mustard (Khandaki)	50 gms.	0.24	0.06	0.25	0.24	417	400
Mustard (dry)— Gawrani (fine)	Kg.	4.22	1.30	5.57	5.80	427	448
Gawrani (med.)	..	....	1.18	5.03	5.30		
Mustard (Kadiwali)	200 gms.	0.77	0.25	0.63	0.69	252	276
Mustard (red spaces, Rojwas)	50 gms.	1.61	0.20	0.27	0.27	135	135
Total		7.12					
Number Sub-group (f).						331	346

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(g) Vegetable and Vegetable Products—							
(1) Potatoes— (i) Big size (ii) Small size	½ Kg.	0.69	0.30	0.71	0.58	232	181
(2) Onions— (i) Red (ii) White	Kg.	0.97	0.31	0.35	0.24		
(3) Brinjals (Kali)	250 gms.	0.50	0.11	0.23	0.15	209	136
(4) Tomatoes— (i) Red (ii) Green	250 gms.	0.39	0.21	0.26	0.13	120	66
(5) Garlic (Gawathi)	50 gms.	0.54	0.05	0.15	0.15		
Other vegetables— varieties available in the month of Dec. 1970—							
(i) Gajar (ii) Cauliflower	250 gms.	1.20	0.10	0.18	0.32	197	
varieties available in the month of Jan. 1971—							
(i) Cauliflower (ii) Garwaphani	250 gms.	....	0.08	0.04	0.19	256	
Total		4.29					
Number Sub-group (g).						196	183
(h) Fruits and Fruit Products—							
(1) Banana— (i) Big (ii) Medium (iii) Small	Dozen	0.87	0.35	0.75	0.75	213	216
Total		0.87	0.29	0.60	0.50		
Number Sub-group (h).						213	216
(i) Sugar, Honey and Related Products—							
(1) Sugar— (i) D grade	Kg.	3.57	1.17	1.63	1.63	139	139
(2) Gauran— (i) Gauran 1st Quality (ii) Gauran 2nd Quality	200 gms.	0.70	0.10	0.22	0.20	220	200
Total		4.27					
Number Sub-group (i).						153	149

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Beverages—							
1) Tea leaf—							
(i) Brooke Bond	Packet of 50 gms.	1.13	0.35	0.54	0.55	156	157
(ii) Lipton	"	....	0.35	0.55	0.55		
2) Hot drink—							
(i) Chalu chaha	Per Cup	4.49	0.07	0.15	0.15	157	157
(ii) Caramel tea	"	....	0.04	0.04	0.04		
Total ..		5.62					
Index Number for Sub-group I(j).						157	157
Food Group—							
1) Cereals and Products.	Cereal	53.29	....			190	192
2) Pulses and Products.	Pulse	8.64	....			257	252
3) Oil and Fat	"	4.84	....			206	210
4) Mutton, Fish and Eggs.	"	6.23	....			262	263
5) Milk and Milk Products.	"	4.83	....			231	231
6) Condiments and Spices.	"	7.12	....			331	346
7) Vegetable and Vegetable Products.	"	4.29	....			196	183
8) Fruit and Fruits Products.	"	0.87	....			213	216
9) Sugar, Honey and Related Products.	"	4.27	....			153	149
10) Beverages	"	5.62	....			157	157
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Food Group I.						210	211
Food and Light—							
1) Firewood and Charcoal—							
(i) Dhawda (old)	20 Kgs.	80.76	1.66	3.29	3.29	187	187
(ii) Charcoal	"	....	1.57	2.77	2.77		
2) Kerosene oil when in colour	Per litre..	13.99	0.26	0.58	0.58	223	223
3) Match stick—							
(i) Match stick	Per Box (50 sticks)	5.25	0.06	0.07	0.07	117	117
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group II						189	189

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
III. Housing Rent—							
(1) Rent of selected	p. m.	100.00	5.47	7.43	7.43	136	136
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group III.						136	136
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti	Per Sq. Metre.	11.53	1.08	1.80	1.92	167	178
(2) Saree	"	19.77	1.24	1.69	1.75	136	141
(3) Cloth for Trousers..	"	1.58	2.74	4.88	4.90	178	179
(4) Long cloth	"	27.48	1.44	2.72	2.78	189	193
(5) Coloured fabrics	"	31.21	1.81	3.66	3.72	202	206
Total ..		91.57					
Index Number for Sub-group IV (a).						179	184
(b) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(i) Bata, Janta	Per Pair	4.89	15.02	24.15	24.15	154	154
(ii) Carona Master Junior	"	....	18.34	26.95	26.95		
(2) Chappals—							
(i) Bata All ways Rubber Sole.	Per Pair	3.54	4.45	7.77	7.77	155	155
(ii) Panther Bata	"	....	6.18	7.77	7.77		
(iii) Carona Kulkarni	"	....	8.35	13.60	13.60		
(iv) Carona Bahadur..	"	....	8.65	13.60	13.60		
Total ..		8.43					
Index Number for Sub-group IV (b).						154	154
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(a) Clothing		91.57				179	184
(b) Footwear		8.43				154	154
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number for Group IV.						177	181

PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
		Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
Bundle of 25 leaves.	2.83	0 07	0 25	0.25	429	429
" "		0 04	0.20	0.20		
Per Vida.	6.61	0 04	0 05	0.06	125	150
50 gms.	4.22	0 41	0.50	0.50	122	122
	13.66					
					187	199
Bundle of 25 Bidis.	9.00	0 13	0.20	0.20	154	154
Packet of 10 Cigarettes.	6.34	0.10	0.26	0.26	253	253
" "		0.13	0.32	0.32		
Packet of 25 gms.	1.63	0.14	0.22	0.22	157	157
	16.97					
					191	191
Kg.	1.90	7.80	18.00	18.00	231	231
100 gms.	0.69	0.90	1.17	1.17	130	130
	2.59					
					204	204
Per shirt.	3.74	0.12	0.20	0.20	167	167

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(e) Medical Care—</i>							
<i>(1) Patent Medicine—</i>							
<i>(i) Anacin</i>	2 Tablets	9.36	0.13	0.13	0.13	128	128
<i>(ii) Aspro</i>	Bottle		0.10	0.15	0.15		
<i>(iii) Zinda, Tilasmath</i>	Bottle		0.37	0.50	0.50		
<i>(2) Mixture, Doctor's daily mixture.</i>	Per day	5.47	0.62	0.75	0.75	121	121
Total							
						14.83	
Index Number for Sub-group V (e).						126	126
<i>(f) Personal Care—</i>							
<i>(1) Hair Oil—</i>							
<i>(i) Tata Co. Coconut Oil.</i>	Small bottle.	4.20	1.34	2.28	2.28	170	170
<i>(2) Barber charges—</i>							
<i>(i) Hair cut with shave</i>	Adult	7.20	0.41	0.70	1.00	252	252
<i>(ii) Hair cut</i>	"		0.31	0.70	0.70		
<i>(iii) Shave</i>	"		0.14	0.40	0.40		
<i>(3) Toilet soap—</i>							
<i>(i) Hamam</i>	Cake	1.93	0.48	0.75	0.75	156	156
<i>(ii) Lifebuoy</i>	"		0.48	0.75	0.75		
<i>(4) Blades—</i>							
<i>(i) Bharat</i>	Packet of 10 blades	0.07	0.47	0.55	0.55	119	119
<i>(ii) 6 Morning</i>	2 pkts. of 5 blades each		0.54	0.65	0.65		
Total							
						13.40	
Index Number for Sub-group V (f).						212	212
<i>(g) Education and Reading—</i>							
<i>(1) School fees for VIII Standard.</i>							
<i>(i) School fees for VIII Standard.</i>	Per student.	3.30	2.14	4.66	4.66	218	218
<i>(2) School Books—</i>							
<i>(i) Marathi Vachan Mala.</i>	Per copy	3.43	0.75	2.00	2.00	202	202
<i>(ii) Subodh Ganit</i>	"		0.69	0.95	0.95		
Total							
						6.73	
Index Number for Sub-group V (g).						210	210
<i>(h) Recreation and Amusement—</i>							
<i>(1) Cinema—</i>							
<i>(i) Lowest Class</i>	Full	6.62	0.30	0.60	0.60		200

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR NANDED CITY

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
(I) Transport and Communication—							
(i) Rail—							
(i) First class	Adult Ticket.	7.94	1.04	1.30	1.30	125	125
(ii) Second class	"	3.14	1.00	1.15	1.15	115	115
(ii) Road—							
(ii) M. O. Charges for	Single	0.57	0.05	0.10	0.10	167	167
(ii) Rickshaw for 2 miles.	Fare	3.29	0.22	0.40	0.40	182	182
Total		14.94					
Index Number for Sub-group V (i).						137	137
Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pansupari		13.66	....	....	....	187	199
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.		16.97	....	....	....	191	191
(c) Household Utilities		2.59	....	....	....	204	204
(d) Washing soap		10.26	....	....	....	124	124
(e) Medical care		14.83	....	....	....	126	126
(f) Personal care		13.40	....	....	....	212	212
(g) Education and Reading		6.73	....	....	....	210	210
(h) Recreation and Amusement.		6.62	....	....	....	200	200
(i) Transport and Communication		14.94	....	....	....	137	137
Total		100.00					
Index Number for Group V						171	173

JALGAON*

189—A rise of 1 point

In January 1971, Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for Jalgaon City with base calendar year 1961 equal to 100 was 189 being 1 point higher than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the consumption of a pattern revealed during the year 1958-59 family living survey for Jalgaon City.

The index number for the food group decreased by 1 point to 206 due to a fall in the average prices of turdal, gramdal, fresh fish, milk, ghee, turmeric, dry chillies, jira, potatoes, onions, other vegetables, sugar and gur.

The index number for the fuel and light group remained unchanged at 177. The Six Monthly House Rent Survey ending December 1970 was conducted by this office, in the month of January 1971 at the Jalgaon Centre. The index number for housing however, remained the same at 136 as that in the previous months.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 13 points to 170 due to a rise in the prices of dhoti, saree, cloth for trousers, long cloth and coloured poplin.

The index numbers for the miscellaneous group increased by 1 point to 161 due to a rise in the average prices of supari, katha, jarda and cinema charges.

Final Index Number—189.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY

(Average price for the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
I. Food	60.79	207	206
II. Fuel and Light	7.20	177	177
III. Housing	6.11	136	136
IV. Clothing and Footwear	10.29	157	170
V. Miscellaneous	15.61	160	161
Total	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number		188	189

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 758 to 760 of the January 1966 issue of Labour Gazette.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
Cereals							
...	kg.	6.72	0.63	1.08	1.12	171	178
...	"	10.89	0.46	0.89	0.91	193	198
...	"	21.16	0.35	0.70	0.70	200	200
...	7 kg.	1.94	0.12	0.22	0.22	183	183
Total ..		40.71					
Vegetables							
...	kg.	3.79	0.73	2.18	2.95	301	271
...	"	....	0.66	2.00	1.82	209	203
...	"	2.13	0.58	1.21	1.18	199	202
...	kg.	1.35	0.70	1.39(1)	1.39(1)	234	255
...	"	....	0.83	1.65	1.70	253	260
...	kg.	0.86	0.65	1.62	1.73	204	211
...	"	....	0.83	1.82	2.03	160	154
Total ..		8.13					
Animal Products							
...	kg.	7.21	2.28	4.64	4.80	204	211
...	1/2 kg.	1.16	1.99	3.18	3.06	160	154
Total ..		8.37					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
(d) Milk and Milk products							
(1) Milk (dry)—	1/2 kg.	4.38	1.45	2.50	2.50	172	172
(2) Fish (dry)—	kg.	0.91	2.72	5.33	5.33		
(i) Bombil big	"	....	2.70	5.00	5.00		
(ii) Zinga	"	....	....	....	....
(3) Fish (fresh)—	for	....	....	....	....
December 1970—		....	1.35	2.83	2.83	205	172
(1) Balm	"	....	1.50	2.83	2.83		
(2) Shingada	"	....	1.40	3.42	3.42		
(3) Sandkhol	"	....	....	....	....
January 1971—		....	2.68	....	2.96		
(1) Balm	"	....	2.45	....	4.00		
(2) Rabu	"	....	1.56	....	3.23		
(3) Balm	"	....	....	....	....
Total ..		5.29					
(e) Spices							
(1) Salt—	kg.	0.29	0.13	0.18	0.19	148	152
(i) White	"	....	0.12	0.19	0.19		
(ii) Black	"	....	....	....	....
(2) Turmeric—	250 g.	0.30	0.34	1.12	0.97	329	285
(i) Sangli (whole)	"	....	1.65	7.78	7.77	472	471
(3) Chillies (dry)—	250 g.	0.24	0.31	0.82	0.85	265	274
(i) Anjan	"	....	1.86	4.95	11.28	163	165
(4) Coriander	"	....	1.79	1.77	1.77		
(5) Mixed spices—	"	....	....	....	....
(i) Garam Masala (whole)	"	....	1.79	1.77	1.77		
(ii) Lahoti powder	"	....	0.37	0.68	1.44	216	212
(6) Jira	"	....	....	....	....
Total		7.62				359	358

LABOUR PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR ALGAON CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
...	...	...	0.28	0.51	0.50	183	179
...	...	...	0.24	0.44	0.43		
...	...	...	0.27	0.23	0.18	94	78
...	...	...	0.27	0.28	0.24		
...	...	...	0.20	0.93	1.14	465	570
...	...	...	0.09	0.27	0.27		
...	...	...	0.10	0.23	0.19	256	
...	...	...	0.08				
...	...	...	0.11		0.09		
...	...	...	0.06		0.17		
...	...	...	0.06		0.17		
Total ..		5.47					
for Sub-						236	222
Fruit Pro-	dozen	1.61	0.29	0.52	0.54	181	187
..	..	..	0.23	0.42	0.43		
Total		1.61					
for Sub-						181	187
Honey and	kg.	5.60	1.23	1.63	1.62	133	132
...	...	...	0.57	1.22	1.20	214	211
Total ..		7.23					

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			4	5	6	7	8
(i) Brooke Brand—Yellow	Pkt of 50 g.	2.11	0.40	0.55	0.55	136	136
(ii) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(iii) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(iv) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(v) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(vi) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(vii) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(viii) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(ix) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(x) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xi) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xii) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xiii) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xiv) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xv) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xvi) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xvii) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xviii) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xix) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
(xx) Brooke Brand—Yellow	"	0.41	0.55	0.55			
Total ..		5.84				182	182
Index Number per Sub-group I (j).						182	182
I. Food—Products.		40.71	....	....	....	193	195
(i) Pulses and Pulse Products.		8.13	....	....	....	253	240
(ii) Oils and Fats ..		8.37	....	....	....	197	203
(iii) Mutton, Fish and Eggs		5.29	....	....	....	178	172
(iv) Milk and Milk Products.		5.29	....	....	....	180	178
(v) Condiments and Spices		3.52	....	....	....	359	358
(vi) Vegetables and Vegetable Products.		5.47	....	....	....	236	222
(vii) Fruits and Fruit Products.		1.61	....	....	....	181	187
(viii) Sugar, Honey and related Products.		7.23	....	....	....	151	149
(ix) Beverages		5.84	....	....	....	182	182
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number per Food groups.						207	206
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and chips							
(i) Khair	37 kgs. ..	78.50	3.39	6.50	6.50	195	197
(ii) Dhawda	"	3.15	6.50	6.50			
(iii) Adjator Mixed ..	"	2.71	5.18	5.20			
(2) Kerosene—							
(i) Chakkar Brand ..	1 ..	11.40	0.45	0.55	0.55	122	122
(3) Electricity charges ..	Unit	6.28	0.50	0.32	0.32	64	64
(4) Match Box—Horsehead brand Box of 50 sticks.	Box of	3.82	0.06	0.08	0.08	133	133
Total ..		100.00					

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
Housing—Rent for selected tenements.	p.m.	100.00	7.84	10.66	10.42	136	136
Total ..		100.00				136	136
Index Number for III Group							
Clothing and Footwear—							
Clothing—Dhoti	per mt.	17.82	1.23	1.88	1.92	153	156
Saree	"	27.15	1.24	1.64	1.74	132	140
Cloth for trouser	"	0.51	2.15	4.38	4.80	204	223
Long cloth	"	32.06	1.61	2.86	3.34	178	207
Coloured poplin	"	14.36	2.13	3.38	3.56	159	167
Total ..		91.90				157	171
Index Number for Sub-group IV (a)							
Foot-wear—Shoes	per pair	3.53	17.20	27.45	27.45	152	152
(i) Bata Co.	"	18.78	26.95	26.95	26.95		
(ii) Carona Co.	"						
Chappals—	"	4.57	6.25	10.00	10.00	160	160
(i) Bata Co.	"						
Total ..		8.10				156	156
Index Number for Sub-group IV (b)							
Clothing and Footwear—							
Clothing		91.90				157	171
Footwear		8.10				156	156
Total ..		100.00				157	170
Index Number for Group							
Miscellaneous—							
Pan leaf—Akda pan	Bundle of 100	2.01	0.55	0.43	0.43	78	78
Pan finished—							
(i) With Masala	Vida	5.39	0.04	0.05	0.05	125	125
Supari (Manglori)	250 g.	2.81	2.08	2.68	2.78	129	134
Katha—							
(i) Kanpur	50 g.	0.85	0.73	1.20	1.20	172	175
(ii) Belgaum	"	0.36	0.65	0.67	0.67		
Total ..		11.06				121	123

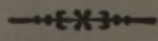
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR JALGAON CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products—							
(i) Bidis—							
(i) Camel brand	Bundle of 25.	5.80	0.19	0.30	0.30	158	158
(ii) Photo Chhap Bhi-husa Yamasa.	"	0.19	0.30	0.30	0.30		
(2) Jarda—							
(i) Gangaram Brand.	Pkt. of 50 g.	3.54	0.24	0.45	0.45	194	196
(ii) Chandrakant Brand.	"	0.23	0.46	0.47	0.47		
Total ..		9.34				171	172
Index Number for Sub-group V (b)							
(c) Household utilities—							
(1) Utensils—							
(i) Lota (Poona)	½ kg.	5.28	3.55	8.83	8.83	248	248
(ii) Lota (Nasik)	"	3.45	8.50	8.50	8.50		
Total ..		5.28				248	248
Index Number for Sub-group V (c)							
(d) Washing Soap—							
(1) Laundry—							
(i) Ordinary washing and ironing of cotton cloth.	per piece.	2.54	0.10	0.18	0.18	180	180
(2) Washing soap—							
(i) 501 Bar Soap	Bar	7.44	1.40	2.10	2.10	169	169
(ii) B. Dhantak Co.	Cake	0.40	0.75	0.75	0.75		
Total ..		9.98				172	172
Index Number for Sub-group V (d)							
(e) Medical Care—							
(1) Dr. Vaze's Cough syrup.	5 m a l l bottle.	3.80	1.50	1.50	1.50	100	100
(2) Daily mixture	per day	11.98	0.58	0.62	0.62	107	107
Total ..		15.78				105	105
Index Number for Sub-group V (e)							

	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
	Small bottle.	4.89	1.32	2.40	2.40	187	182
	Adult ..	7.32	0.50	1.25	1.25	217	217
	"	"	0.40	1.00	1.00		
	"	"	0.20	0.30	0.30	155	155
	Cake ..	3.02	0.48	0.75	0.75		
	"	"	0.49	0.75	0.75	101	101
	Pkt. of 10 blades	0.11	0.44	0.50	0.50		
	2 Pkts. of 5 blades each.	"	0.57	0.50	0.50		
Total ..		15.34					
for Sub- and Read-						193	193
Chauthe	Copy ..	5.42	0.75	2.00	2.00	267	267
	Per Student	3.46	5.00	5.00	5.00	100	100
Total ..		8.88					
for Sub- and						202	202
)	Adult ..	6.69	0.32	0.63	0.67	197	209
Total ..		6.69					
for Sub- and Com-						197	209
	Per Passenger.	12.48	0.98	1.30	1.30	133	133
	"	4.09	1.00	1.15	1.15	115	115
	Per card ..	1.08	0.05 0.45	0.10 0.60	0.10 0.60	167	167

Articles	Unit of Quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
V. Miscellaneous—							
(a) Pan Supari	..	11.06	...	....	....	121	123
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products.	9.34	....	....	....	171	172
(c) Household Utilities	5.28	....	....	....	248	248
(d) Washing Soap	9.98	....	....	....	172	172
(e) Medical Care	15.78	....	....	....	105	105
(f) Personal Care	15.34	....	....	....	193	193
(g) Education and Reading.	8.88	....	....	....	202	202
(A) Recreation and Amusement.	6.69	....	....	....	197	209
(I) Transport and Communications.	17.65	....	....	....	131	131
Total .		100.00					
<i>Index Number for Group V.</i>						160	161

(1) Quotation for August 1970.



POONA*

174—Index Number remained stationary

In January 1971, the Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for Poona City with base calendar year 1961 equal to 100 was 174 being no change than that in the preceding month. The index relates to the consumption of a pattern revealed during the year 1958-59 family living survey for Poona City.

The index number for the food group decreased by 2 points to 189 due to a fall in the average prices of bajri, turdal, gramdal, potatoes, onions, brinjals, tomatoes and other vegetables.

The index number for the fuel and light group remained stationary at 164.

The index number for housing increased by 3 points to 119, as a result of the six monthly house rent survey conducted during January 1971.

The index number for the clothing and footwear group increased by 6 points to 171 due to a rise in the prices of dhoti, cloth for trouser, long cloth and coloured poplin.

The index number for the miscellaneous group remained unchanged at 155.

Final Index Number—174

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY

(Average price for the calendar year 1961=100)

Groups	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Group Index Numbers	
		December 1970	January 1971
I. Food ..	55.85	191	189
II. Fuel and Light ..	6.89	164	164
III. Housing ..	6.65	117	119
IV. Clothing and Footwear ..	10.31	165	171
V. Miscellaneous ..	20.30	155	155
Total ..	100.00		
Consumer Price Index Number ..		174	174

*Details regarding the scope and method of compilation of the index will be found on pages 1727 to 1730 of the August 1965 issue of *Labour Gazette*. For Errata thereto, see page 217 of September 1965 issue.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
I. Food Group—							
(a) Cereals and Cereal Products—							
(1) Rice	kg.	13.81	0.76	1.19	1.23	157	162
(2) Wheat	..	11.28	0.53	0.92	0.92	174	174
(3) Jowar	..	8.39	0.45	0.76	0.77	169	171
(4) Bajri	..	3.08	0.51	0.95	0.88	186	173
(5) Grinding Charges— For Cereals	4 kg. ...	1.42	0.14	2.20	0.20	143	143
Total ..		37.98					
Index Number for Sub-group I (a)						166	168
(b) Pulses and Pulse Products—							
Turdal—							
Laxmi Chhap or Surtl (Pine)	kg. ..	9.80	0.80	2.10	2.09	262	261
Gramdal		1.81	0.60	1.36	1.35	227	225
Mungdal— Without Husk (Medium)	..	0.68	0.82	1.74	1.78	212	217
Total		6.29					
Index Number for Sub-group I (b)						247	246

Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
		Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
		Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
kg.	1.94	2.32	4.64	4.94	200	
½ kg.	3.94	1.20	2.91R	2.91R	242	213
"	1.22	1.66	2.61	2.64	157	242
	7.10					159
Sub-					216	220
and						
½ kg.	3.68	1.51	2.75	2.75	182	182
"		1.52	2.75	2.75		
kg.	1.01	2.60	5.00	5.00		
"		2.46	5.00	5.00		
"		2.57	5.00	5.00		
kg.		1.30	3.87		201	234
"		2.63	4.35			
"		2.58	4.00			
kg.		1.13		3.08		
"		1.17		3.97		
"		1.92		3.91		
Each	0.57	0.17	0.31	0.32	182	188
	5.26					
Sub-					185	192
Milk						
200 ml.	10.66	0.15	0.28	0.29	187	193
kg.	0.93	7.88	14.25	14.13	181	179

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
<i>(f) Condiments and</i>							
Splenda—Salt White (Medium)	kg.	0.16	0.11	0.14		127	127
Chillies (Dry)	250 g.	2.04	0.47	1.62		345	347
Gawran Medium	"	0.15	0.33	1.38		418	412
Turmeric, Saugli and Akhi (Medium)	"	0.24	1.08	2.56		237	266
Tamarind—Old Chunch No. 1	kg.	0.24	1.08	2.56		237	266
Mixed Spices—Garam Masala	50 g.	3.27	0.84	2.11		251	249
Total		5.86					
Index Number for Sub-group 1 (f)						284	284
<i>(g) Vegetables and Vegetable Products—</i>							
Potatoes—Big size	½ kg.	1.87	0.29	0.60	0.48	212	170
Small Size	"		0.23	0.50	0.40		
Onions—Big Size	kg.	0.92	0.31	0.55	0.37	187	122
Small Size	"	0.56	0.24	0.47	0.30	269	180
Brinjals—Big Size	"	0.77	0.49	1.32	0.88	215	162
Tomatoes—Medium Red No. 2	"	0.77	0.79	1.70	1.28	215	162
Other vegetables Varieties selected for December 1970—							
(i) Cabbage	kg.	0.47	0.47	1.52		248	
(ii) Cauliflower	"	0.68	0.68	1.31			
(iii) Gawar	"	0.51	0.51	1.17			
Varieties selected for January 1971—							
(i) Cabbage	kg.	0.55	0.55	1.00			
(ii) Cauliflower	"	0.49	0.49	1.00			
(iii) Gawar	"	0.51	0.51	1.12			202
Total		8.54					
Number for Sub-group 1 (g)						232	181
<i>(h) Fruits and Fruits Products—</i>							
Banana—Big Size	doz.	1.23	0.49	0.91	0.91	189	189
Small Size	"		0.39	0.75	0.75		

	Unit or quantity	Annual to total expenditure	Basic price		Index Number		
			Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
...	kg.	6.29	1.18	1.60	1.62	136	137
...	..	1.20	0.58	1.16	1.20	209	207
Total		7.49					
Sub-group						146	148
Bond	Packet of 50 gm.	3.43	0.38	0.56	0.56	145	145
...	..	..	0.39	0.56	0.56	217	217
Total		8.66					
Sub-group						188	188
...	..	37.98	..	..	..	166	168
...	..	6.29	..	..	..	247	246
...	..	7.10	..	..	..	216	220
...	..	5.26	..	..	..	185	192
...	..	11.59	..	..	..	186	192
...	..	5.86	..	..	..	284	284
...	..	8.54	..	..	..	232	181
...	..	1.23	..	..	..	189	189
...	..	7.49	..	..	..	146	148
...	..	8.66	..	..	..	188	188
Total		100.00					

CLASS FOR PONDICHERRY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.		
II. Fuel and Light—							
(1) Firewood and chips (Raywal medium)	37 kg.	30.63	3.08	5.02	5.06	163	164
(2) Kerosene, Chavi brand	5 litres	24.03	1.54	2.75	2.75	179	179
(3) Electricity charges	Per unit.	6.45	0.19	0.28	0.28	147	147
(4) Charcoal—							
(A) Patti or Rawal	37 kg.	35.36	7.47	11.75	11.71	158	157
(B) Match box (Tektin, 50 sticks.)	Box	3.53	0.05	0.08	0.08	160	160
Total		100.00					
Index Number Group (II)							
III. Housing—							
(1) Rent for selected houses	Per month.	100.00	8.96	10.51	10.63	117	119
Total		100.00					
Index Number Group (III)							
IV. Clothing and Footwear—							
(1) Clothing—							
(1) Dhoti	Per pair	3.57	1.28	1.84	1.92	144	150
(2) Shirt	..	29.86	1.28	2.22	1.20	173	172
(3) Cloth for trousers	..	5.25	2.62	4.30	4.72	164	180
(4) Long coat	..	11.76	1.64	2.70	3.02	165	184
(5) Coloured Pajama	..	40.44	2.25	3.58	3.78	159	168
Total		90.88					
Index Number Group (IV)							
(1) Footwear—							
(1) Shoes—							
(1) Bata Co.	Per pair	4.27	17.14	27.45	27.45	166	168
(2) Pata Co.	..	..	19.30	33.95	33.95	170	170
(3) Chappals—							
(1) Bata Co.	..	..	4.85	6.18	10.00	159	168
(2) Pata Co.	..	..	8.40	15.04	15.04	170	170
Total		9.12					

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
Foot-		90.88					
		9.12				164	
Total		100.00				169	171
Group (IV)						165	171
an Kachhi	100	1.08	0.33	0.60	0.60	182	
ished—	Each vida	1.82	0.04	0.08	0.08	200	182
Masala	50 gs.	1.57	0.45	0.57	0.57	127	200
Total		4.47				127	127
Sub-Group						170	170
nd Tobacco							
ai	Bundle of 25 bidies.	2.56	0.15	0.25	0.25	167	167
"	"	"	0.15	0.25	0.25	217	217
nar	Pkt. of 10 Cigarettes	1.94	0.15	0.35	0.35	120	120
thi	"	"	0.20	0.40	0.40		
Tobacco—	50 gs.	1.92	0.37	0.42	0.42		
arda No. 1	"	"	0.28	0.33	0.33		
arda No. 2	"	"	0.31	0.40	0.40		
Jarda	"	"					
Total ..		6.42					
Sub-Group						168	168
Utilities							
	kgs.	4.76	7.14	15.50	15.50	217	217
Total ..		4.76					
Sub-Group							

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY—contd.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	7	8
(d) Washing Soap—							
(1) Laundry charges (Ordinary. Washing and Ironing).	Per Piece	4.23	0.13	0.25	0.25	192	192
(2) Washing Soap BB Chhap.	Cake	7.37	0.40	0.70	0.70	175	175
Total ..		11.60					
Index Number Sub-Group V(d)						181	181
(e) Medical care—							
(1) Patent Medicin—							
(i) Glycodine Terf/ Vasaka.	Bottle of 70 ml.	17.37	1.89	2.62	2.62	123	123
(ii) Anacin	2 Tablets		0.12	0.13	0.13	128	128
(2) Mixture, Mixture.	Daily Per Day	1.35	0.57	0.73	0.73		
Total ..		18.72					
Index Number Sub-Group V(e)						124	124
(f) Personal Care—							
(1) Hair Oil, Tata Co.	Small Bottle.	3.37	1.34	2.40	2.40	179	179
(2) Barber charges—							
(a) Haircut with shave	Per Adult	6.52	0.75	1.42	1.42	173	173
(b) Hair cut	Per Adult		0.65	1.08	1.08		
(c) Shave	Per Adult		0.20	0.33	0.33		
(3) Toilet Soap—							
(a) Lifebuoy	Cake	2.29	0.49	0.75	0.75	153	153
(b) Lux	Cake		0.49	0.75	0.75		
(4) Tooth Powder—							
(a) Bytco (Family size)	Bottle	1.98	1.87	3.06	3.06	169	169
(b) Bytco (Small size)	Bottle		0.46	0.80	0.80		
(5) Blades—							
(a) Bharat	Packet of 10	0.04	0.43	0.58	0.58	119	119
(b) 6' Morning	2 Packet of 5 each.		0.60	0.62	0.62		
Total ..		14.20					
Index Number Sub-group V(f)						171	171
(g) Education and Reading—							
(1) School Fees for Std. VIII.	Per month.	8.86	4.85	5.17	5.17	107	107
(2) School Books—Std. VIII—							
(i) Subhash Vachan-mala.	Per Copy.	2.55	2.42	2.80	2.80	125	125
(ii) Ankaganit	Per Copy.		1.75	2.05	2.05		
(iii) Apale Jag	Per Copy.		1.88	2.70	2.70		
(3) News Papers—							
(i) Sakal Daily	Per Copy.	2.50	0.07	0.10	0.10	157	157
(ii) Maratha Daily ..	Per Copy.		0.07	0.12	0.12		
Total ..		13.91					
Index Number Sub-Group V(g)						119	119

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS FOR POONA CITY—concl.

Articles	Unit of quantity	Weight proportional to total expenditure	Price per unit of quantity			Index Number	
			Basic Price	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(h) Recreation and Amusement— Cinema— Lowest Class	Ticket ..	6.74	0.52	1.17	1.17	225	225
Total ..		6.74					
Index Number Sub-group VI(a)						225	225
15 Transport and Communication— (1) Railways— 10 Return First Class 50 km.	Per Passenger	6.46	0.98	1.30	1.30	133	133
(2) Bus— 10 P.M.T. Bus Fare 1-52 km.	..	11.43	0.10	0.15	0.15	132	132
(3) S.T. Fare for all bus.	..	..	1.50	1.70	1.70	167	167
(4) Private— 10 Single Card	Per card	1.29	0.05	0.10	0.10	167	167
(d) M. O. Charges ..	Rs. 25 ..	..	0.45	0.60	0.60		
Total ..		19.18					
Index Number Sub-group VI(i)						134	134
V. Miscellaneous— (50) Pen Paper	..	4.47				170	170
(b) Tobacco and Tobacco Products	..	6.42				168	168
(c) House-hold Utilities	..	4.76				217	217
(6) Washing Soap	..	11.60				181	181
(e) Medical Care	..	18.72				124	124
(7) Personal Care	..	14.20				171	171
(g) Education and Reading	..	13.91				119	119
(h) Recreation and Amusement.	..	6.74				225	225
(i) Transport and Communication.	..	19.18				134	134
Total ..		100.00					
Index Number Group V..						155	155

(1) Quotation for the month of September 1970*

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR WORKING CLASS FOR CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL CENTRES IN INDIA

The following table gives the Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for Bombay, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nagpur, Nanded, Aurangabad, Poona, Madras and Kanpur during December 1970 and January 1971 :—

Consumer Price Index Numbers for Working Class for certain industrial centres in India for the months of December 1970 and January 1971

Groups	Bombay (a)		Sholapur (a)		Nagpur(a)	
	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971
Food	200	196	201	199	214	208
Pan, Supari, Tobacco, etc.	186	188	169	189	173	173
Fuel and Light	179	180	171	171	164	164
Housing	113	115	132	133	130	131
Clothing, bedding, footwear	161	167	170	180	188	191
Miscellaneous	158	159	160	160	146	146
Consumer Price Index Number	183	181	187	187	191	188
Groups	Jalgaon (b)		Nanded (b)		Aurangabad(b)	
	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971
Food	207	206	210	211	208	202
Fuel and Light	177	177	189	189	163	162
Clothing	157	170	177	181	170	180
House Rent	136	136	136	136	171	176
Miscellaneous	160	161	171	173	157	159
Consumer Price Index Number	188	189	195	197	191	189
Group	Poona(b)		Madras (a)		Kanpur (c)	
	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971	December 1970	January 1971
Food	191	188	175	172	1,061	1,058
Pan, Supari, Tobacco, Intoxicants .. .. .	..	..	172	178	..	..
Fuel and Light	164	164	215	211	747	747
Clothing	165	171	143	145	802	919
House Rent	117	119	175	179	252	252
Miscellaneous	155	155	168	168	863	866
Consumer Price Index Number	174	173	174	173	904	916

BASE—(a) Average prices for January to December 1960 = 100.

(b) Average prices for January to December 1961 = 100.

(c) Average prices for August 1939 = 100.

The following table shows the Consumer Price Index Numbers for Bombay, Sholapur, Jalgaon, Nagpur, Ahmedabad, Madras and Kanpur on Base August 1939 equal to 100.

Month and Year	Bombay	Ahmedabad	Sholapur	Jalgaon	Nagpur	Madras	Kanpur
December 1969	736	735	937	936	934	771	
January 1970	740	738	947	947	945	790	868
February 1970	740	738	947	947	945	806	882
March 1970	744	742	942	947	945	797	887
April 1970	757	756	942	947	945	792	902
May 1970	761	764	952	947	960	797	878
July 1970	774	760	958	979	966	811	866
August 1970	766	756	958	984	976	820	872
September 1970	770	768	968	984	997	826	876
October 1970	774	786	984	984	992	831	884
November 1970	774	768	968	984	997	845	891
December 1970	774		978	995	....	

INDEX NUMBERS FOR BOMBAY, SHOLAPUR, JALGAON, AHMEDABAD ON BASE SHIFTED TO 1944 EQUAL TO 100.

Month and Year	Bombay	Sholapur	Jalgaon	Ahmedabad
December 1969	326	340	317	250
January 1970	328	344	321	254
February 1970	328	342	321	254
March 1970	330	342	321	256
April 1970	335	342	321	260
May 1970	337	346	321	263
June 1970	341	348	324	265
July 1970	343	348	332	262
August 1970	339	348	334	260
September 1970	341	352	334	265
October 1970	343	357	334	275
November 1970	343	352	334	....
December 1970	343	355	337	....

The Madras Consumer Price Index Number for Working Class for the month of January 1971, with base 1960 equal to 100 was 173 being one point lower than that in the preceding month. The index number for the food and the fuel and light groups have decreased by 3 and 4 points to 172 and 211 respectively, whereas the index number for the pan, supari and intoxicants, clothing groups and in the house rent have increased by 6, 5 and 4 points to 178, 148 and 179 respectively. However, the index number for the miscellaneous group has remained unchanged at 173.

The Kanpur Consumer Price Index Number for working class for the month of January 1971 with base 1960 equal to 100 was 916 being 12 points higher than that in the preceding month. The index number for food group has decreased by 3 points to 1,058, whereas the index number for the clothing and the miscellaneous groups have increased by 117 and 3 points 919 and 866 respectively. However the index number for the fuel and light and housing have remained steady at 747 and 252 respectively.

Labour Intelligence

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS IN MAHARASHTRA REVIEW FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1970.

Industrial Courts and Tribunals

Name of the Court	Number of applications, etc. received during the month	Break-up of the applications
1	2	3
<i>Under Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946.</i>		
No.		
I. <i>Industrial Courts—</i>		
(a) Industrial Court, Maharashtra, Bombay.	29	5 References. Submissions. 19 Appeals. 2 Revision applications. 1 Review application. .. Criminal appeals. 2 Miscellaneous applications. .. Appeals under I.E. (S.O.) Act.
	Total ..	29
(b) Industrial Court, Maharashtra (Nagpur Bench).	16	3 References. .. Submissions. 2 Appeals. 9 Revision applications. .. Review applications. .. Criminal appeals. 2 Miscellaneous applications. .. Appeals under I.E.(S.O.) Act.
	Total ..	16
II. (a) Industrial Court, Maharashtra (Nagpur Bench) Cases under section 16 of the Central Provinces and Berar Industrial Disputes Settlement Act, 1947.	5	5 Industrial Revision.
	Total ..	5

Name of the Court	Number of applications, etc. received during the month	Break-up of the applications		
1	2	3		
<i>Under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.</i>				
No.				
III. (a) Industrial Tribunals, Bombay.	52	References. 15 Adjudications. 23 Applications. 14 Complaints.		
	Total ..	52		
(b) Industrial Tribunals, Nagpur.	1	References. .. Adjudications. .. Applications. 1 Complaint.		
	Total ..	1		
IV. <i>Labour Courts—</i>				
Name of the Court	Total No. of Applications etc. received	Break-up of the applications received under		
1	2	Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
		3	4	5
	No.	No.	No.	
(1) Labour Courts, Bombay.	221	34 Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B.	6 Illegal strikes and lockouts. 10 Illegal change. .. Criminal complaints. .. Submissions. .. References. 71 Miscellaneous applications.	.. Under Section 13-A.
		.. Under section 33(2)(b).	.. Under section 33C(2).	
		92 Under section 36A.	8 Miscellaneous applications.	
	Total ..	134	87	..

Total No. of applications received	Break-up		applications received under	
	No.	No.	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial employment 'Standing Orders' 1946
1	2	3	4	5
430	Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B.	134	lockouts.	Under Section 13A.
	Under section 33(2) (b).	1	References.	
293	Miscellaneous applications.	7	Miscellaneous applications restored.	
Total ..	300	137		1
(3) Labour Court, Kolhapur.	79	4	Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B.	Under Sec- tion 13A.
			.. Illegal strikes and lockouts.	
			.. Illegal change. .. Criminal com- plaints.	
			.. Under section 33(2) (b).	
			.. Submissions.	
			.. References.	
			Under section 33(2).	
			6 Miscellaneous app- lications.	
			Under section 36A .. Miscellaneous applications.	
Total ..	73	6		
(4) Labour Court, Nagpur.	109	3	Under sections 10, 10A, 12(5), 33A and 33B.	Under Sec- tion 13A.
			1 Illegal strike and lockouts.	
			10 Illegal change. .. Criminal com- plaints.	
			.. Under section 33(2) (b).	
			15 Remonstrations Submissions.	
			55 Under section 33(2).	
			.. References.	
			4 Miscellaneous app- lications.	
			Under section 36A. .. Miscellaneous applications.	
			15 Miscellaneous app- lications restored.	
Total ..	73	36		

Name of the Court	Total No. of Applica- tions, etc. received	Break-up of the applications received under		
		Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	Industrial employment 'Standing Orders' 1946
1	2	3	4	5
(5) Labour Courts, Nagpur.	7			
				Break-up of the applications received under Section 13 of the Industrial Disputes Settlement Act, 1947. Industrial Applications
				Total 7

WAGE BOARDS :

One reference was received by the Wage Board For Cotton Textile Industry during the month under review. Its break up is as under :-

Type of references	Received by the Wage Board for			
	Cotton Textile Industry	Silk Tex- tile Industry	Sugar Industry	Total
1	2	3	4	5
Demanded references
Modification applications	..	1	....	1
Implementation references
Total	..	1	....	1

Disputes

An analysis of disputes handled by the Conciliation machinery in the State during December 1970 under various Acts is given below—

(a) Summary analysis of the cases received during the month:—

	Issues relating to wages, bonuses and bonus	Employment, leave, of work and other facilities	Total
Industrial Disputes Act, 1947	184	177	365
Relations	41	23	64
Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946	3	..	3
Total	232	200	432

(b) Periodwise analysis of the cases dealt with during the month:—

Act	Pending at the beginning of the month	No of cases received during the month	Settled amicably	Ended in failure	Withdrawn or not pursued by parties	Closed	Total handled (3 to 6)	Pending at the end of the month
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I. D. Act, 1947	941	365	67	114	25	153	359	947
B. I. R. Act, 1946	410	..	9	22	19	..	50	424
B. I. R. (Ext. and Amdt.) Act, 1964	19	3	1	..	..	..	1	21
Total	1,370	432	77	136	44	153	410	1,392

Industry-wise and district-wise analysis of the cases received during the month under Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 and Bombay Industrial Relations (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964 are given below:—

Act	Cotton Textile	Silk Textile	Woollen Textile	Textile Processing	Hosiery	Banking	Sugar	Electricity Industry	Transport Industry	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
B. I. R. Act, 1946	20	12	5	18	1	3	5	..	..	64

Act	Textile Industry	Paper Industry	Printing Industry	Press Industry	Shops	Banking	Bidi	Cinema	Local Bodies	Other Misc.	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
B. I. R. (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3

District-wise analysis is given below:—

Act	Bombay	Poona	Sholapur	Satara	Sangli	Kolhapur	Nasik	Ahmednagar	Total
B. I. R. Act, 1946	47	..	2	1	..	1	11	2	64

Act	Nagpur	Wardha	Chanda	Akola	Buldhana	Total
B. I. R. (Extension and Amendment) Act, 1964	1	1	..	1	..	3

Registration of Agreements, Settlements, Awards, etc.

Six Agreements, 3 Settlements, 6 Awards and 1 Wage Board order were registered under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946 during the month of December 1970.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN MAHARASHTRA STATE DURING NOVEMBER 1970

*Disputes in November 1970 ..	72
Work people involved ..	20,275
Working days lost ..	2,38,462

The number of Strike and wage earners affected due to strikes activity in Maharashtra State during the month of November 1970 have declined as compared to the previous month.

The figures for the month under review show 72 disputes in progress involving 20,275 workers and a time loss of 2,38,462 mandays as compared to 99 disputes in October 1970 with 1,45,170 workers affected and a time loss of 5,29,118 mandays.

Ten of the total disputes in progress during November 1970 were in the Textile Industry, 26 in the Engineering Industry and the remaining 36 were in other industries.

Forty-five of the total disputes involving 10,638 workers were actually recorded during the month while 27 disputes involving 9,637 workers were carried over from the previous month.

The following table gives an analysis of industrial disputes by groups of industries:—

Industry Group	Number of disputes in progress			Number of Work-people involved in all disputes in November 1970	Aggregate man-days lost in November 1970
	Started before beginning of November 1970	Started in November 1970	Total		
Textile	1	9	10	2,698	5,684
Engineering	9	17	26	7,140	1,28,269
Miscellaneous	17	19	36	10,437	1,04,509
Total, November 1970 ..	27	45	72	20,275	2,38,462
Total, October 1970	12	87	99	1,45,170	5,29,118

*The word 'disputes' in the official sense means interruption of work and it is here used in that sense as virtually synonymous with "strike". In compiling statistics of the industrial disputes however, disputes in which 10 or more persons are involved are included.

Thirty-seven of the disputes arose over questions of "pay, allowance, bonus, issues", 19 related to "retrenchment and grievances about pay and allowances" and the remaining 14 were to "leave and hours of work" and the remaining 14 were to "other causes."

Of the 48 disputes that terminated during the course of the month, 25 were settled either entirely or partially in favour of the workers, 23 in favour of the employers while the result of the remaining five disputes was indefinite.

PROGRESS OF IMPORTANT INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN
MAHARASHTRA STATE DURING THE MONTH OF
NOVEMBER 1970

Bombay

The Bombay Gas Company Ltd.—The total complement of 1,620 workers employed in the Bombay Gas Company Ltd., Bombay resorted to strike from November 11, 1970 demanding increase in basic Wages. On account of intervention of Minister for Labour, Maharashtra State intervened in the dispute and an agreement was reached between the Management and the Bombay Gas Company employees Union. The strike came to an end on November 19, 1970. Due to this strike 12,150 mandays were lost.

Carona Sahu Co. Ltd.—The Management of Carona Sahu Co., Bombay, locked out their concern with effect from October 10, 1970, as some of the workers resorted to rioting causing damage to lives and property of the company. The lockout was in progress till November 1970.

Thana

National Machinery Mfg. Ltd.—The lockout affecting 3901 workers declared by the Management of National Machinery Mfg. Ltd., Kalwa, Thana, from October 10, 1970 due to go slow tactics adopted by the workers continued throughout the month without change.

ABSENTEEISM STATISTICS FOR THE MONTH OF DECEMBER 1970

The Textile Industry

The statistics of absenteeism in the Textile Industry in the State of Maharashtra are compiled from the mills at seven important Textile Centres in State, Bombay city, Sholapur, Nagpur, Jalgaon, Akola, Aurangabad and Nanded.

Returns were received from 63 Mills i.e. 85.14 per cent of the 74 Mills reported as working at these Centres during December 1970. The average absenteeism in the Textile Industry in these centres amounted to 18.01 per cent against 18.35 per cent in the previous month.

The following table shows the average percentage of absenteeism at the seven centres for the month of December 1970, on the basis of information for all Working shifts:—

Centres	Number of Mills		Percentage column 3 to column 2	Average percentage of absenteeism	
	Working	Furnished information		Nov. 1970	Dec 1970
1. Bombay	54	51	94.44	18.48	17.83
2. Sholapur	6	4	66.67	21.13	21.72
3. Jalgaon	3	2	66.67	10.71	11.09
4. Nagpur	2	2	100.00	18.95	21.50
5. Akola	..	..	..	..	..
6. Aurangabad	1	1	100.00	24.11	18.06
7. Nanded	1	..	..	..	..
8. Other Centres	7	6	85.71	13.49	14.82
9. All centres	74	63	85.14	18.35	18.01

The Engineering Industry

In the Engineering Industry in Bombay city the average absenteeism in representative Workshops was 18.00 per cent as against 18.45 per cent in the previous month.

The percentage of absenteeism in Bombay Port Trust amounted to 11.30 in the Chief Engineer's Department and 21.47 amount the monthly paid labourers employed in the Port Trust Docks. The percentage of absenteeism

NIGHT SHIFT IN COTTON MILLS IN BOMBAY CITY

At the beginning of January 1971 there were 52 mills in Bombay City working night shift and the number of men doing night work was 82,024.

LABOUR TURNOVER IN COTTON TEXTILE UNDERTAKINGS FOR DECEMBER 1970

In all 73 Cotton Textile undertakings in Maharashtra State employing 2,44,272 workers on an average recorded an average percentage of labour Turnover of 2.46 for the month of December 1970. The increase in employment of Labour (accession) was reported to be 1.11 per cent. Whereas the extent of decrease in employment (separation) registered in the total labour employed in all undertakings was 1.35. The following table indicates the correlation of labour Turnover with the size of establishments —

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR MAHARASHTRA STATE FOR DECEMBER 1970

Group	No. of Workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour Increase	Labour Decrease
Up to 100	157	16.56	13.38	29.94	3.18	....
101 to 500	827	1.93	0.60	2.53	1.33	....
501 to 1000	3,842	2.03	1.43	3.46	0.60	....
1001 to 2000	11,312	1.34	0.95	2.29	0.39	....
More than 2000	2,29,154	1.03	1.35	2.38	....	0.33
All Establishments	2,44,272	1.11	1.35	2.46	....	0.24

It may be seen that the rate of labour turnover was the highest viz. 29.94 per cent. in establishments engaging upto 100 workers, while it was lowest viz. 2.29 per cent in undertakings employing 1001 to 2000 workers.

Considering the labour turnover according to centres, it may be observed that the highest rate of labour turnover viz. 9.89 percent was recorded in Aurangabad Centres, whereas Nagpur area registered the smallest rate of 0.79 percent. The following table indicates percentages of labour turnover in textile under takings in different areas of the State :—

CENTRE-WISE LABOUR TURNOVER FOR DECEMBER 1970

Centre	No. of Workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour Increase	Labour Decrease
Bombay	2,03,154	1.18	1.42	2.60	.....	0.24
Sholapur	13,339	0.92	0.97	1.89	.....	0.05
Dhulia and Jalgaon	6,279	0.31	0.89	1.20	.....	0.58
Aurangabad	472	4.42	5.47	9.89	.....	1.05
Nagpur	14,298	0.24	0.55	0.79	.....	0.31
Other Centres	5,007	2.23	1.84	4.07	0.39	.....
All Centres	2,44,272	1.11	1.35	2.46	.....	2.04

As regards labour turnover in Bombay City more or less the same trends are noticeable in the State as a whole which could be seen from the following table :—

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR BOMBAY CITY FOR DECEMBER 1970

Group	No. of Workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour Increase	Labour Decrease
Up to 100	109	23.85	19.27	43.12	4.58	.....
101 to 500	223	4.48	2.24	6.72	2.24	.....
501 to 1000	953	0.94	0.63	1.57	0.31	.....
1001 to 2000	8,824	1.44	1.02	2.47	0.43	.....
Over 2000	1,91,988	1.15	1.43	2.58	.....	0.28
All Establishments	1,03,174	1.18	1.42	0.60	.....	0.24

The percentage of labour turnover in establishments engaging upto 100 workers was 43.12 whereas it was only 2.58 in concerns engaging more than 2000 workers.

In Sholapur the highest rate of labour turnover of 8.21 percent was recorded in mills engaging 501 to 1000 employees. This can be seen from the following table :—

LABOUR TURNOVER FOR SHOLAPUR FOR DECEMBER 1970

Group	No. of Workers	Rate per 100 workers				
		Accession	Separation	Flux	Labour Increase	Labour Decrease
Up to 100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
101 to 500	172	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
501 to 1000	718	5.15	3.06	8.21	2.09	.....
1001 to 2000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Over 2000	14,639	0.72	0.87	1.59	.....	0.15
All Establishments	15,529	0.92	0.97	1.89	.....	0.05

WORKING OF THE TRADE UNIONS ACT, 1926 IN MAHARASHTRA STATE

REVIEW FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY 1971

On the 1st January 1971 there were 2651 Trade Unions registered under Trade Unions Act, 1926.

21 Trade Unions were registered under the Trade Unions Act, 1926 by the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Bombay, the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Poona, the Additional Registrar of Trade Unions, Nagpur and the Deputy Registrar of Trade Unions, Aurangabad during the month of January 1971 in the State of Maharashtra. They are as follows :—

Bombay Division	..	..	..	13
Poona Division	..	..	..	Nil.
Nagpur Division	..	..	..	5
Aurangabad Division	..	..	..	3
Total				21

The total number of registered Trade Unions thus stood 2672 at the end of the January 1971.

Serial No.	Name of the Union	Address	Registration No.	President	General Secretary
1	2	3	4	5	6

BOMBAY DIVISION

1	Bombay Film Casting Bureau.	Star Hind Rajasthan Departmental Centre, 2nd floor, Room No. 208, Main Road, Dadar, Bombay 14.	6387 2-1-71.	Shri M. S. Chowdhary.	Shri K. K. Diwan.
2	Amateur Riders' Club Mazdoor Union.	17, Dalvi Building, 1st floor, Parel, Bombay 14.	6388 5-1-71.	Shri G. R. Khanolkar.	Shri T. S. Lonare.
3	Maharashtra General Workers and Tannery's Union.	Ebrahim Manzil, Dr. Ambedkar Road, Parel, Bombay 12.	6389 6-1-71.	Shri N. P. Nikumbha.	Shri V. D. Pagraul.
4	All India Bank Officers' Association.	Union Bank Building, 4th floor, Room No. 16, Apollo Street, Bombay 11.	6390 11-1-71.	Shri V. B. Naik	Shri R. S. Wadek.

BOMBAY DIVISION—con

Serial No.	Name of the Union	Address	Registration No.
1	2	3	4
7	Byculla Goods Depot Kamgar Union.	16/1064, Abhyudaynagar, Kala Chawki, Bombay-33.	6393 14-1-71
8	Zilla Arogya Khate Tritiya Wa Chathurtha Shreni Karmachari Sanghatana, Kolaba Zilla Parishad, Pen.	C/o. M. D. Rajwade, Sanitary Inspector, Primary Health Centre, Nagothana, Taluka Roha, District Kolaba.	6394 14-1-71
9	Nasik Zilla Sarkari Doodh Yojana Karmachari Sanghatana.	C/o. Shivsena Karyalaya, Balaji Kot, Nasik-1.	6395 14-1-71
10	Caprihans Thana Staff Association.	16th Road, Wagle Industrial Estate, Thana, Central Railway.	6396 18-1-71
11	Nasik Zilla Kamgar Manmad. Sahakari Union.	At and Post Manmad, Bhendi Bazar, Taluka Nandagaon, District Nasik.	6397 20-1-71
12	Bombay Convoy Drivers Union.	C/o. Dr. Datta Samant, M.L.A. Building No. 2, Pant Nagar, Ghatkopar, Bombay-77.	6398 20-1-71
13	Hemkiran Sabha. Mazdoor	C/o. 23-BP, Prabhadevi, Mahtrewadi, Dadar, Bombay-25 DD.	6399 20-1-71

NAGPUR DIVISION

14	Nagpur Corporation Workers Union.	Behind Doctors Pharmacy, Residency Road, Sadar, Nagpur.	NGP/367 14-12-70
15	Vidarbha Sarkari Krishi Karmachari Sanghatana, Nagpur.	C/o. Superintending Agricultural Office, Nagpur Division, Nagpur.	NGP/368 15-12-70
16	Swatantra Majoor Paksha Bidi Kamgar Sangh, Bhandara.	Patel Pura Ward, Bhandara, At and Post Bhandara, District Bhandara.	NGP/369 17-12-70
17	Hindustan Construction Company Workers' Union Kanhan, Aqueeduct Work's Vidarbha Region.	C. I. T. U., Ganjipeth, Chowk, Nagpur.	NGP/370 18-12-70
18	Allahabad Bank Employees Association Vidarbha Region.	C/o. Allahabad Bank, Civil Lines, Nagpur.	NGP/371 26-1-70

AURANGABAD DIVISION

19	Nagar Palika Karmachari Union, Kalamuri.	Kalamuri, District Parbhani.	AWB/195 22-1-71
20	Samata Kamgar Union, Maharashtra Pradesh, Kalamuri.	Dr. Baba Saheb Ambedkar Road, Kalamuri, District Parbhani.	AWB/196

Non-Medical Side

The following table shows the registration of employees and payment of benefit paid under the Employees, State Insurance Scheme during January 1971:—

Serial No.	Registration	During the month		Since 1st April 1970	
		Bombay	Nagpur	Bombay	Nagpur
1	Number of workers registered	16,734	452	11111	
2	Net number of I. Ps. entitled to medical care at the end of the month.	8,92,638	27,828	10111	
<i>Employment Injury Benefit</i>					
3	Number of accident reports received..	6,896	594	62,253	5,796
4	Number of temporary disablement benefit payments.	5,669	684	54,766	6,635
5	Amount of temporary disablement benefit paid.	Rs. P. 3,26,703.34	Rs. P. 22,809.30	Rs. P. 15,01,710.71	Rs. P. 2,24,238.96
6	Number of cases referred to Medical Board (fresh).	320	10	3,095	
7	Number of cases decided (admitted)	253		2,308	47
	(a) Partial permanent disablement ..	252		2,305	47
	(b) Total permanent disablement ..	1		3	
8	Amount of P. D. B. paid	Rs. P. 5,86,769.23	Rs. P. 13,258.27	Rs. P. 60,11,066.08	Rs. P. 84,063.27
9	Total number of I. Ps. got fitted with artificial limbs.	1		5	
10	Number of dependents admitted to dependents benefit.	44	5	281	1
11	Amount of disablement benefit paid ..	Rs. P. 70,841.85	Rs. P. 2,191.82	Rs. P. 6,47,707.60	Rs. P. 1,17,171.14
<i>Sickness Benefit</i>					
12	Number of Sickness Benefit payments	99,259	6,374	9,91,601	1,04,111
13	Number of Sickness Benefit days	6,66,175	37,509	68,73,270	1,14,111
14	Amount of Sickness Benefit paid	Rs. P. 32,28,005.70	Rs. P. 37,509	Rs. P. 3,29,46,830.77	Rs. P. 11,04,111.11
15	Amount of E. S. B. paid	2,61,065.50	12,540.50	27,62,186.07	1,12,111.11
<i>Maternity Benefit</i>					
16	Number of fresh maternity cases admitted.	212	12	1,758	79
17	Number of Maternity Benefit days ..	16,853	539	1,50,952	4,773
18	Amount of Maternity Benefit paid ..	Rs. P. 1,40,643.75	Rs. P. 2,529.10	Rs. P. 11,97,097.60	Rs. P. 26,794.05

Decisions of the Court in applications filed by the Employees' State Insurance Corporation, Bombay, under various legal provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948.

Section under which Action taken	No. of cases	Amount recovered	
		Rs.	P.
Section 73(D)	9	13,875.40	
Section 85	24	....
Section 45(B)	4	735.90	

Medical Side

Information for November 1970

1. Prescriptions issued during the month ..	2,32,334
2. The number of insured workers attending Diagnostic Centres ..	12,271
3. The X-Ray Plates taken during the month	1,716
4. The Blood Examination	1,570
5. Number of persons admitted in the Hospital (TB 313 + General 2,577)	2,890
6. The total No. of beds occupied during the month (T. B. 18,590 + General 26,047, = 44,637)	
7. Payment made to the chemists during the month ..	Rs. 2,37,108.61
8. Payment made to Insurance Medical Practitioners during the month ..	Rs. 22,53,283.95

FATAL INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS DURING DECEMBER 1970

During December 1970, 13 work people were reported to have died from accident during the course of their employment. Detailed figures for various industries are given below :—

20. Food except beverages—	
107 Sugar Factories and refineries—	
(a) Gur	2
31. Chemical and Chemical Products—	
311 Basic Chemicals including fertilisers—	
(f) Others	3
32. Products of Petroleum and Coal—	
321 Petroleum refineries etc.—	
(a) Petroleum	1
34. Basic metal industries —	
341 Ferrous—	
(a) Others	1
35. Metal products (except Machinery and transport equipment).	
350 Manufacture of metal products (except machinery and transport equipment)—	
(a) Metal containers and steel trunks	1
(h) Others	1
36. Manufacture of machinery (except electrical machinery)—	
360 Manufacture of machinery (except electrical machinery)—	
(f) General and Jobbing engineering	2
38. Transport equipment—	
385. Manufacture of bicycles	1
39. Miscellaneous in industries—	
399 Manufacturing industries not elsewhere classified—	
(h) Plastic articles	1
Total ..	13

Industries Diseases

No case of the industrial disease was reported during the month and there was no death resulting from such diseases.

EMPLOYMENT SITUATION IN MAHARASHTRA STATE FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY 1971

Job opportunities available to Employment Exchanges and the number of job seekers placed by them in January 1971 registered a fall.

3507 applicants were placed in employment by Employment Exchanges in January 1971 as against 4339 in December 1970. Total vacancies notified to Employment Exchanges during the month declined to 7557 from 7986 in the last month.

A steep fall in placements is observed in the Private Sector. 616 applicants were placed in private establishments as against 1378. There was also a slight fall in placements effected in State Government and Quasi Government establishments. Placements in State Government establishments numbered 1410 against 1462 whereas placements in Quasi Government establishment for stood 569 as compared to 625. The steep fall in placements is attributed to the absence of bulk demands to some of the Exchanges as in the previous month.

An analysis of vacancies notified showed a rise in Central and Quasi Government Sectors and a fall in State Government and Private Sectors.

2069 vacancies were notified by Central Government establishments as against 1261, 2024 by State Government establishments as against 2397, 1261 by Quasi-Government establishments as against 997 and 2203 by private employers as against to 3331 in the last month.

Registrations effected during the month declined to 38884 from 40036. There were 343075 applicants on the Live Registers of Employment Exchange at the end of January, 1971.

Appreciation of Statistics Rendered :

(a) Registration.—38884 applicants were registered with Employment Exchanges in January 1971 as against 40036 in December 1970.

(b) Vacancies notified.—7557 vacancies were notified to the Employment Exchanges in January 1971 as against 7986 in December 1970.

(c) Submission.—30172 submission were made by Employment Exchanges in January 1971 as against 28911 in December 1970.

(d) Placements.—3507 applicants were placed by Employment Exchanges in January 1971 as against 4339 in December 1970.

(e) Employers using the Exchanges.—1429 employers notified vacancies to Employment Exchange in January 1971.

(f) Live Register.—There were 3,43,075 applicants on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges at the end of January 1971 as against 3,27,934 in December 1970.

Shortages and Surplus of Manpower :

The Employment Exchanges in Maharashtra State reported in general the following hard-to-fill occupation during the month.

Good Typists, Stenographers, Compounders, Trained Teachers, Store-Keepers and Librarians.

Surplus :

There is a general surplus of applicants of fresh S. S. C., unskilled and skilled workers.

Vacancy Clearing :

(a) Fresh vacancies circulated by S. E. C. O.	46
(b) Vacancies filled during the month—	
(1) Vacancy Exchange	
(2) Other Exchanges	
(c) Vacancies at the end of the month under limited or unlimited circulations—	
(1) Less than 3 months	858
(2) More than 3 months but less than 6 months	321
(3) More than 6 months	296

Interesting Placements :

Ratnagiri	..	(1) One applicant was placed as Stenographer with the Project Officer, small Farm's Development Agency, Chiplun on Rs. 322 p.m.
		(2) One applicant was placed as Junior Engineer under the Executive Engineer, Power House Division, Pophali on Rs. 380 p.m.
Nanded	..	(1) One B. E. (Civil) candidate was placed as Extension Officer (Construction) with the Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Parishad, Nanded on Rs. 337 p.m.
		(2) Three B. C. E. candidates were placed as Overseers (Civil) with the Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Parishad, Nanded on Rs. 337 p.m.
Dhulia	..	(1) Two applicants were placed as Assistant Lecturer with the Principal, Industrial Training Institute, Dhulia on Rs. 381 p.m.
		(2) One applicant was placed as an Overseer with the Executive Engineer, Road Project Division, Dhulia on Rs. 320 p.m.
Alibag	..	(1) One B. E. (Civil) candidate was engaged as Assistant Civil Engineer in Zenith Steel Pipes Ltd., Khopoi on Rs. 400 p.m.

Poona	..	(1) One candidate was placed as Sr. Tech. Assistant with the President Inspector, Walchandnagar, Industrial Estate, Poona, on Rs. 325 + D. A. p.m.
Ahmednagar	..	(1) One Civil Engineer was placed as Junior Engineer with the Executive Engineer, Public Health Works Division, Ahmednagar on Rs. 350 p.m.
Satara	..	(1) One Civil Engineer was placed as Junior Engineer with the Executive Engineer, Satara Division, Satara on Rs. 386 p.m.
		(2) One M. Sc. candidate was placed as Geological Assistant with the Director of Agriculture, M. S., Poona, on Rs. 416 p.m.
Osmanabad	..	(1) Two B. Com. Graduate applicants were placed as Auditors with the Commissioner of Co-operation, Poona on Rs. 323 p.m.
Amravati	..	(1) Two B.E. (Civil) candidates were placed as Jr. Engineers with the Superintending Engineer, Vidarbha Irrigation Circle (East), Nagpur on Rs. 401 p.m.
		(2) One B. E. Mechanic Engineer was placed as an Assistant Lecturer in Drawing (Mech.) with the Principal, Government Polytechnic, Amravati on Rs. 461 p.m.
Nasik	..	(1) Three B.E. (Civil) candidate were placed as Jr. Engineer with the Superintending Engineer, Deccan Irrigation Circle (North), Nasik on Rs. 406 p.m.
		(2) 13 Diploma Holders (Civil) were placed as Overseers with the Superintending Engineer, Deccan Irrigation Circle (North), Nasik, on Rs. 315 p.m.
R.E.E., Bombay	..	(1) Four Civil Engineer candidates were placed with the Chief Engineer, west coast, Bombay on Rs. 335 + Allowance p.m.
		(2) One candidate was placed with the Personnel Department Glaxo Lab. P. Ltd., Bombay on Rs. 500 p.m.
Thana	..	(1) One B.E. (Mech.) was placed with the National Rayon Corporation, Kalyan on Rs. 450 p.m.
		(2) One B. E. Civil candidate was placed with the Superintending Engineer (Co. ord.), Bombay Central Construction Circle, P. W. D., Bombay, on Rs. 545 p.m.

Appreciation of work done for Special Type of Applicants —

	Registration	Placements		
(1) A. B. Standard	464	95		
(2) Displaced persons	28	4		
(3) Discharged Government Employees	15	1		
(4) Women	4,627	325		
(5) Part-time Employment Seekers—				
(1) Registered.	....	....
(2) Vacancies notified	4	....	
(3) Placed	1	....	
(6) Ex-Technical Trainees	598	134		
(7) Ex-Servicemen	699	136		
(8) Recruitment to Arm Forces :—				
	Army	Navy	Airforce	Total
(i) Ex-Servicemen
(ii) Others

Physically Handicapped applicants registered with the normal Employment Exchanges (other than the Special Employment Exchanges for Physically Handicapped) in the State during the month of January 1971.

Category	No. of registrations effected during the month	No. of placements effected during the month	No. on Live register at the end of the month
(1) Blind	9	....	79
(2) Deaf and Dumb	5	....	19
(3) Orthopaedically Handicapped	62	12	699
(4) Respiratory Disorder	....	....	1
Total	76	12	798

Staff Training :

Out of 28 Exchanges, Staff Training Classes were held at 18 Exchanges.

Inspection :

The General Inspection of the District Employment Exchange, Buldana was carried out by Shri V. M. Sonak, Sub-Regional Employment Officer (Vocational Guidance), Directorate of Employment Exchange, Bombay.

Conference and Meetings :

Meeting of the District Committee on Employment were held at Sholapur, Dhulia, Alibag, Satara, Thana.

Meeting of the Special Committee to examine the fairness of submission were held at Osmanabad, Ahmednagar, Dhulia, Sangli, Yeotmal.

District Employment Officer, Akola attended the meeting of the Taluka Resettlement Advisory Sub-Committee for Nirguna Project held at Chondi, Balapur Taluka.

District Employment Officer, Sangli attended the meeting of the co-ordination Committee of Pilot Integrated Area Development Scheme, Tasgaon Block, Sangli.

Many Employment Officers attended meeting of the Committee for the Survey of the existing trade courses in Industrial Training Institute.

Publicity and Public Relation :

The Sub-Regional Employment Officer, Sholapur, delivered a lecture on "Employment Exchanges in relation to Vocational Guidance to the B.Ed. students of the Dayanand College of Education, Sholapur.

The District Employment Officer, Akola delivered a talk on "Employment opportunities for Arts and Commerce graduates" at Dr. Sinha's College of Arts and Commerce, Patur.

The District Employment Officer, Bhir delivered a speech on "Unemployment and importance of Vocational Guidance" to the students of the B.Ed./M.Ed. College.

The District Employment Officer, Kolhapur, delivered a lecture on "National Classification of Occupation" in the S.M.T.T. College, Kolhapur.

Other items of Interest :

Work done by University Employment Information and Guidance Bureau during January 1971.

	Registration	Vacancies Notified	Placements obtained	No. on Live Register
(1) U.E.I. & G. B., Bombay	19	6	3	3,202
(2) U.E.I. & G., B., Poona	74	30	6	1,042
(3) U.E.I. & G. B., Nagpur	18	....	10	673
(4) U.E.I. & G. B., Aurangabad	10	....	4	187

Work done by the Special Employment Exchange for the Physically Handicapped persons during January 1971.

	Registration	Vacancies Notified	Placements Obtained	No. on Live Register
(1) Blind ..	11			198
(2) Deaf and Dumb		7	6	28
(3) Orthopaedically Handicapped ..	16	4	1	163
(4) Respiratory Disorder ..	....	..	..	8
Total	27	11	7	

Employment Market information Programme January, 1971 :

Quarterly Employment Market Information statements for the quarter ended September 1970 have been received from all Employment Exchanges in the State and work relating to their scrutiny, compilation, etc. has been continued at the S. E. M. I. Unit.

Quarterly Area Employment Market Reports for the quarter ended June 1970 have been issued by Kolhapur, Parbhani and Wardha Employment Exchanges in respect of their respective Employment Market Areas.

Similarly, Quarterly Employment Market Area Reports for the quarter ended September, 1970 have been issued by the following Exchanges in respect of their respective Employment Market Areas.

(1) Satara, (2) Sholapur, (3) Bhir, (4) Nanded, (5) Buldhana, (6) Wardha.

The work relating to preparation of Annual State Employment Review for the year ended 1969-70 has been continued at the S. E. M. I. Unit during the month under report.

Work done by the Professional and Executive Office during January, 1971

(1) No. of X-Is on the Live Register at the end of the previous month.	2,948
(2) No. of X-Is received during the month	243
(3) No. of candidates submitted during the month against :—	
(1) Notified vacancies ..	15
(2) Central Employment Exchange Vacancies ..	27
(3) Advertised vacancies	30
(4) No. of Professional and Executive candidates placed during the month.	5
(5) No. removed from the Live Register	665
(6) No. of Professional and Executive X-Is on the Register at the end of the month.	2,521

Youth Employment Service :

Individual Programmes at Employment Exchanges.

During the month of January 1971 in all 1873 applicants received Individual information of these 926 were applicants, 660 were students, 287 were parents/guardians.

In all 60 postal inquiries in Occupational Information were received during the month.

Out of the applicants who received individual guidance 605 were fresh candidates and 7 were review cases.

8267 applicants were given guidance at the time of registration.

Group Programme at Employment Exchanges.

486 group discussions were conducted during the month of January 1971.

3844 applicants attended these group discussions.

Programme outside the Exchanges.

During the month, 21 career talks were delivered in Schools. 12 visits were paid to schools in connection with distribution or utilisation of career pamphlets, posters, etc.

60 visits were paid to employers and heads of training institutions in connection of information or placements.

Placement/Admission Activities.

During the month, 953 applications were forwarded to various training centres for apprenticeship training.

20 applicants were actually placed in training.

In all, 61 guided applicants were placed in the month of January 1971.

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TEXTILE EMPLOYMENT (DECASUALISATION) SCHEME FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY 1971.

During the month of January 1971 the Decasualisation Scheme enrolled 2,975 workers. Demands for 2,369 workers were received from the Cotton Textile Mills. 3,410 workers were submitted to the mills against these demands. Placements of 1,358 workers were obtained from the mills against the submissions.

Appreciation of Statistics Rendered

(1) *Registration*.—2,369 workers were registered under the scheme in January 1971 as against 2,922 in December 1970.

(2) *Demands notified*.—2,369 vacancies were reported to the scheme office by the mills as against 2,069 in December 1970.

(3) *Submissions*.—3,410 workers were recommended by the scheme in January 1971, as against 3,085 in December 1970.

(4) *Placements*.—1,353 workers were employed in January 1971 by the mills as against 1,283 in December 1970.

(5) *Live Register*.—2,464 workers were on live register at the end of January 1971.

Almost all Cotton Textile Mills notified their vacancies to the Sectional Offices of the Decasualisation Scheme.

Decasualisation Scheme

Statement showing the number of workers registered Demand, submitted and placed together with the Live Register.

Month	Registrations	Demands	Submissions	Placements	Live-Register.
September 1970	2,185	2,165	2,365	1,036	1,690
October 1970	1,855	1,177	1,905	776	1,972
November 1970	2,294	2,957	2,754	950	1,726
December 1970	2,922	2,069	3,085	1,283	2,243
January 1971	2,975	2,369	3,410	1,358	2,464

Labour Literature

ARTICLES OF LABOUR INTEREST

1. Manpower implications of Computer Control in manufacturing by Arthur S. Herman. *Monthly Labour Review*, Washington, October 1970, P. 3.
2. Educational attainment of workers, March 1969, 1970, by William Deutermann, *Monthly Labour Review*, Washington, October 1970, P. 9.
3. Measuring employee Compensation in U. S. Industry, by Alvin Bauman, *Monthly Labour Review*, Washington, October 1970, P. 17.
4. Changes in factory workweek as an economic indicator, by Hazel M. Willacy, *Monthly Labour Review*, Washington, October 1970, P. 25.
5. Industrial Poisoning Hazards and Preventive Measures, by K. Sridhar. *Andhra Pradesh Labour Bulletin*, Hyderabad, Vol. I. No. 8, November 1970, P. 5.
6. Safety in Textile Industry, by K. Narasimha Raju. *Andhra Pradesh Labour Bulletin*, Hyderabad, Vol. I, No. 8, November 1970, P. 9.
7. Human Relations in Industry, by B. V. S. Patrudu. *Andhra Pradesh Labour Bulletin*, Hyderabad, Vol. I, No. 8, November 1970, P. 17.
8. On the Determination of the General Wage Level-A World Analysis; or "Unlimited Labour Forever" published in the *Economic Journal*, London, Vol. LXXX, No. 320, December 1970, P. 827.
9. Growth in capital stock and technological changes in selected Indian Industries, By R. N. Mukherjee, *Indian Labour Journal*, Simla, Vol. XII No. 1, January 1971, P. 1.
10. Industrial Disputes resulting in work-stoppages in India during 1969 published in *Indian Labour Journal*, Simla, Vol. XII, No. 1, January 1971, P. 15.

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Cases Under Labour Laws

BEFORE SHRI B. A. EKBOTE, ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY UNDER
THE PAYMENT OF WAGES ACT, BOMBAY

APPLICATION Nos. 2225 OF 1968 AND 4337 OF 1969

Shantaram Devu Parab & others versus Messrs. Gansons Pvt. Ltd., Bombay

The Payment of Wages Act, 1936 Claim for wages for Sundays/Weekly off days—Under Standing Orders, weekly holidays are paid holidays—Daily rated workers, paid monthly, whether entitled to paid weekly holidays—Interpretation of certified Standing Orders in an incident's question to be dealt with by the Authority under the Payment of Wages Act—Claim dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

These are two applications Nos. 2225 of 1968 (Restd. No. 26 of 1969) and 4337 of 1969 in which the applicants claim their wages for the period from 27th March 1967 to 30th June 1969. First application is filed on 3rd July 1968 and the claim for wages for the months of March to May 1967 is held time-barred. Similarly, the second application is filed on 10th December 1969 for the claim of wages for the period from 1st July 1968 to 30th June 1969 and the claim for the months of July to November 1968 is held time-barred. The case of the applicants is that they are employed in the Opposite Party Factory and that according to the certified Standing Order 10, the employer should have paid the applicants full gross wages for all the Sundays or the weekly off days. Under the said Standing Order 10(a) weekly holidays are paid holidays. That the Standing Orders came into force from 27th March 1967. The Opposite Party has refused to pay for Sunday weekly offs. Hence the claim. In the first application there are in all 167 applicants and in the second there are only 119 applicants. The total amount claimed in the first application is Rs. 78,639-84 P. and in the Second application Rs. 48,843-72 P.

(2) Opposite Party admits the employment of the applicants but denies the claims of the applicants in toto, contending *inter alia* that the claims are misconceived and incorrect and that the contention of the applicants that under the Standing Order, weekly holidays are paid holidays is untrue and that the applicant had not demanded or requested at any time upto the filing of these applications for payment of any such weekly off wages nor the Opposite Party refused to pay the same. Opposite Party objects to the legality and/or justifiability of the applications and states that the interpretation placed on the said Standing Order by the applicants is utterly misconceived and the applications are vexatious and *malafide*.

(3) Applicants had first examined one Laxman Mahadeo Parab, who could not be made available for cross-examination by the Opposite Party and so he was given up and another applicant Rampad Lotan Vishwakarma has been

examined subsequently. There is *no dispute* on the points that the applicants are daily rated workers, paid monthly, and that the certified Standing Orders are applicable to the Opposite Party factory. Rampad says that he gets daily wages paid at the end of the month for working 26 days. *He is not getting wages in lieu of weekly offs* and that they have claimed weekly off wages on the basis of certified Standing Orders. In his cross-examination he says that they are paid for the days they work in a month. Standing Orders were passed on 25th March 1967. The witness further says that they had raised a demand for weekly off wages and that they claimed weekly off wages under the Standing Orders several times. First the claim was made orally and then a letter was delivered to Opposite Party Company. Applicant's witness has given inconsistent and self-contradictory statement on this point. First he says that he himself delivered the letter to the Opposite Party Company on 10th July 1968. Then he states that it was in the month of June 1968. No copy of the said letter is retained and no acknowledgement receipt was obtained from the Opposite Party Company. The witness goes a step further and says that they did not think it necessary to keep any record thereof as a matter of proof. The evidence of the witness does not prove that any demand or request was made to the Opposite Party Company at any time for payment of weekly off wages under the certified Standing Orders. The evidence of Rampad is common in respect of all the applicants. *No evidence was led on behalf of Opposite Party.*

(4) Both the parties rely on the Standing Order 10. It is the basis for the claims of applicants on the one side and on the other it is contended on behalf of the Opposite Party Company that the said Standing Order does not allow paid weekly off wages as claimed by the applicants. The certified Standing Orders are brought on record. They are applicable to daily rated workers employed in the establishment. Under the provisions of the Factories Act and before the certified Standing Orders came into force, the applicants were not entitled to any weekly off wages. The claim of the applicants for wages in lieu of weekly offs is based on the Standing Order applicable to the Company. Before discussing Standing Order 10, I may refer to Standing Order 6 which reads as follows :—

6 (1) Notices specifying (i) the weekly holiday, (ii) the dates on which compensatory holidays, if any, will be allowed and (iii) the days on which wages are to be paid, shall be displayed on the notice boards maintained for the purpose at the time-keeper's office or at or near the main entrance of the establishment.

6 (2) Any workman required to work on a weekly holiday in accordance with law, shall be notified to that effect in advance. The workman deprived of any of the holidays notified under clause (1) as a result of his working on such holidays shall be allowed, as soon as circumstances permit and at the discretion of the Manager, compensatory holidays equal in number to the holidays so lost."

From this Standing Order 6 read as a whole it is clear that weekly holidays had been allowed to the workman as a day for rest as is done under the Factories Act and if any workman is required to work on weekly holidays in accordance with law, he shall be allowed compensatory holidays in equal number of the

holidays lost ; but this is at the discretion of the Manager. The Manager in his discretion may not allow compensatory holidays when the workman is required to work on weekly holidays. *The workman is paid for the days he works.* If a workman is required to work on a holiday and is not given compensatory holiday, there is no provision in the Standing Orders for payment of overtime wages for being required to work on weekly holiday. *In other words no wages are payable for weekly holidays.* If the workman is not required to work on such holidays, and *vice versa*, if he is required to work on weekly holidays and no compensatory off days are allowed, the workman gets only ordinary daily wages for working on weekly holidays and nothing more, and this is the reason why in Standing Order 10(a) the expression "where admissible" has been used after the words weekly holidays and compensatory holidays, and Standing Order 10 is made subject to the provisions of clause (1) of the Standing Order 11. Both the clauses (a) and (b) of Standing Order 10 are subject to the provisions of clause (1) of Standing Order 11. *If the object of Standing Order 10 was to allow full wages for all the weekly holidays and compensatory holidays the expression "where admissible" would be redundant.* The learned advocate of the applicants argued that the words of Standing Order No. 10, viz. "subject to the provisions of clause (1) of the Standing Order 11" relate to clause (b) of the said Standing Order only and not to clause (a). Had it been so, the two clauses would not have been alphabetically and serially entered as (a) and (b) and the clause (b) relating to leave, under the general principal of proximity of clauses, would have proceeded the clause (a) which relates to weekly off days and compensatory holidays so as to be covered by the expression subject to the provision of clause (a) of Standing Order 11. Clause (1) of Standing Order says that grant of leave to a workman shall depend on the exigencies of the establishment and shall be at the discretion of the Manager. Standing Order 6(2) is almost to the same effect and therefore Standing Order 10 (a) and (b) must be deemed to be subject to the provisions of clause (1) of the Standing Order 11. When once this interpretation of Standing Order 10 is possible, the applicants are not entitled to wages in lieu of weekly offs as of right.

(5) The parties have interpreted the Standing Order 10 in different ways. *The scope of jurisdiction of this Court is very limited.* It cannot go into the question of interpretation of Standing Orders. *The proper forum for the same is the Labour Court.* The claim of the applicant does not fall under section 15 of the Payment of Wages Act. *It is not a claim for delayed or deducted wages.* Section 13-A of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 prescribes the venue of proceedings for interpretation, etc. of Standing Orders. It lays down that if any question arises as to the application or interpretation of a Standing Order certified under the Act, any employer or workman may refer the question to any one of the Labour Court constituted under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and the Labour Court, to which the question is so referred, shall, after giving the parties opportunities of being heard, decide the question and such decision shall be binding on the parties. The Union, representing the applicants, can also raise an industrial dispute on the point involved. This is explained in 1968 I. LL. J. S. C. 555 at page 565. The Authority appointed

under the Payment of Wages Act cannot decide *dispute questions of foundational facts.* Applicants' claim is based on certified Standing Order 10 and *Opposite party challenges and disputes this very basis of their claim.* The scope of Section 13-A of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act is explained by the Bombay High Court in 1968 II. LL. J. 193. It lays down that the Labour Court has got the jurisdiction to deal with applications under section 13-A of the said Act. The interpretation of certified Standing Order 10 is not an incidental question which can be dealt with by this Court under section 15 of the Payment of Wages Act. *It is independent of the main question of delayed or deducted wages.* The learned labour consultant of Opposite Party has interpreted the expression "where admissible" in certified Standing Order 10(1) meaning as "when not prohibited". According to the learned advocate of the applicants, clause (a) of Standing Order 10 is not at all subject to the provisions of Standing Order 11 (1). Thus there is *foundational dispute* regarding the interpretation of Standing Order 10 and in view of the recent Supreme Court Authority 1969 I. LL. J. 762 S. C., *the jurisdiction of this Court being very limited,* it cannot enter into such disputed questions. The long and the short of the above discussion is that *the applicants' claims are not maintainable and this Court has no jurisdiction to hear and entertain the claims.* In the result, both the applications fail and must be dismissed.

Order

Applications Nos. 2225 of 1968 (Restd. No. 26 of 1969) and 4337 of 1969 are dismissed. No order as to costs.

Bombay, dated 31st December 1970.

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Statistics

EMPLOYMENT THROUGH EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES (Maharashtra)

Year and Month	Number of Registrations at the end of the month	Registrations	Placements	Number of vacancies filled	Vacancies notified	Vacancies outstanding at the end of month/year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1964	1,82,274	3,46,711	72,381		1,08,000	
1965	2,10,000	4,04,470	75,301		1,81,274	23,000
1966	2,12,000	3,98,888	71,376		1,32,660	19,000
1967	2,06,000	4,65,043	81,884		1,18,000	19,000
1968	2,34,711	4,12,803	75,000		80,487	14,000
1969	1,88,133	3,92,540	67,708		24,450	14,000
1970 -						23,954
October	3,79,531	29,845	3,309	1,440	7,385	
November	2,91,533	27,429	3,285	1,383	7,000	
December	3,82,015	33,353	3,163	1,363	7,292	
1971 -						
January	3,03,944	33,414	3,237	1,349	7,862	
February	3,81,627	29,850	3,341	1,331	7,160	
March	2,97,332	29,038	2,983	1,300	6,335	
April	2,85,965	31,903	3,675	1,803	8,286	
May	2,83,568	28,589	3,000	1,739	7,000	
June	2,96,061	41,307	3,370	1,580	7,000	
July	3,15,820	47,680	3,437	1,539	6,602	
August	1,20,753	32,379	2,717	1,358	4,925	
September	3,25,423	31,041	2,864	1,542	7,134	
October	3,23,173	26,441	2,877	1,478	6,840	
November	3,22,398	28,361	2,857	1,470	7,141	
December	3,27,934	40,036	4,339	1,453	7,986	
January	3,43,075	38,884	3,507	1,429	8,057	27,027

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBERS FOR LOW-PAID EMPLOYEES AT DIFFERENT MOFUSSIL CENTRES IN THE ANDHRA AND MADHARA STATES FOR THE MONTHS OF DECEMBER 1970 AND JANUARY 1971 (Base : Year ended June 1936=100)

Groups	Visakhapatnam		Eluru		Cuddalore		Tiruchirappalli	
	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
Food	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR	INR
Fuel and Lighting
Clothing
House-rent
Miscellaneous
Consumer Price Index Number

Groups	Madurai		Coimbatore		Kochikode	
	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971	Dec. 1970	Jan. 1971
Food	1,187	1,179
Fuel and Lighting	707	707
Clothing	474	474
House-rent	432	432
Miscellaneous	503	513
Consumer Price Index Number	949	945

DEARNESS ALLOWANCE FOR BOMBAY, SHOLAPUR, JALGAON, NAGPUR AND NANDED PAYABLE AS PER CONSUMER PRICE INDEX NUMBER FOR WORKING CLASS

Centre	December 1970		January 1971	
	Number of working days	Dearness allowance	Number of working days	Dearness allowance
Bombay	27	208.10	26	200.40
Sholapur	26	152.10	25	146.25
Jalgaon	27	175.03	25	164.08
Nagpur	26	144.30	26	145.34
Nanded	26	117.65	26	119.25

Industry	Concern and Locality	Matter in Dispute	Began	Ended	Directly	Indirectly	During the month	Till the Close of the month
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Stock	Bombay— Mumbai Gorakshah Gosanvardhan Kendra, (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in pay.	24th Novem- ber 1970.	24th Novem- ber 1970.	65	..	65	65
Culture	Khanapur District Ahmednagar— Somaya Farm, (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for 15 percent bonus.	4th November 1970.	4th November 1970.	57	..	57	57
	Nagpur— U. K. Roller Flour Mills, (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for 20 percent bonus.	11th Novem- ber 1970.	11th Novem- ber 1970.	28	..	28	28
	Bombay— The Wallace Flour Mills, Co. Ltd., 'A' and 'B' Mills, (Pvt.).	Leave and Hours of Work— Demand for weekly holiday.	1st November 1970.	1st November 1970.	850	45	895	895
	Sholapur— Messrs. Bhikusa Yamasa Kshatriya Vidi Factory, (Pvt.).	Others— Lockout due to alleged insecurity of the Supervisory Staff.	20th October 1970.	4th November 1970.	879	..	1,758	8,790
	Sirner, District Nasik Messrs. Cock Brand Sinnar Bidis Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Others— Demand for adequate supply of daily Pan- puda.	14th Novem- ber 1970.	16th Novem- ber 1970.	600	..	1,200	1,200
Textile	Aurangabad— Aurangabad Mill Ltd. (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in Wages.	26th October 1970. (1-30 p.m.)	7th November 1970. (2-30 p.m.)	302	..	1,744	2,257
	Bombay— The Coorla Spg. & Wvg.Co. Ltd., (Pvt.)	Others— Protest against for Collecting monthly membership subscrip- tions near the payable.	10th Novem- ber 1970.	10th Novem- ber 1970.	1,711	..	1,711	1,711 Un

	Sholapur The Jam Shri Ranjit- singhji Spg. & Wvg. Mill Co. Ltd., (Pvt.).	Leave and Hours of Work— Demand for change in time.	8th November 1970.	9th November 1970.	481	..	481	481 Unsuccess
	Bombay— The Shreenivas Cot- to Mills, Ltd. (Pvt.).	Others— Demand for increase in complement.	18th Novem- ber 1970.	20th Novem- ber 1970.	16	..	48	48 D
	Thana— Office Stationery Investment and Tra- ding Co. (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstated ment of retrenched worker.	28th Novem- ber 1970.	28th Novem- ber 1970.	50	..	50	50
Textile	Poona— Messrs. Kunden Tex- tile (Pvt.)	Personnel— Demand for reinstata- ment of one worker.	30th Novem- ber 1970	..	36	..	36	36 Co
m	Poona— Mithapalli, Power- loom Factory, (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for increase in wage rates, etc.	17th Novem- ber 1970.	..	18	..	216	216
win	Bombay— Kurla Rope and Thr- ead Factories (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Protest against retren- chment.	1st Novem- ber 1970.	..	32	3	740	740
	Thana Wellman India Pvt Ltd. (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for bonus 30 per cent.	27th October- ber 1970 (2-45 p.m.)	..	223	..	5575	6,133
	Bombay— Everest Packaging Corporation (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for 20 per cent bonus for the year 1969-70	28th Octo- ber 1970 (3-30 p.m.)	..	155	..	3,875	4,059
	Bombay— Precision Printers (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstata- ment of workers.	16th Novem- ber 1970.	..	12	..	148	148
	Bombay— Bhor Industries (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for 20 per cent bonus.	9th Novem- ber 1970.	9th November 1970	400	..	400	400 U
	Nasik— Ardec Rubber and Automobiles, Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against the suspension of one worker.	28th Novem- ber 1970.	..	18	..	28	28 Co
	Thana— Crescent Rubber Co., (Pvt.).	Personnel— Demand for reinstata- ment of worker,.	10th Novem- ber 1970 (3-30 p.m.)	..	60	..	1,040	1,040

Sl. No.	Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Date when dispute		Maximum No. of workmen involved		No. of workmen lost		Result.
				Began	Ended	Directly	Indirect	During the month	Till the end of the month	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Chemical	Thana— Industrial Solvents and Chemicals, Private Ltd, (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for bonus for the year 1968-69.	21st October 1970. (9-00 a.m.)	10th Novem- ber 1970 (11-00 a.m.)	24	..	174	414	Compro
	Do.	Bombay— J. S. Chemi-equipment, Corporation, (Pvt.)	Wages— Protest against for not giving advance as usual	23rd Novem- ber 1970.	24th Novem- ber 1970.	30	..	60	60	Unsucc
	Pharmaceuti- cal.	Bombay— Associated Capsules Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Personnel— Protest against for misconduct & harass.	23rd Novem- ber 1970.	23rd Novem- ber 1970. (11-00 a.m.)	60	..	18	18	Unsucc
	Do	Bombay— Bombay Pharmaceutical Works, (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand for interim relief.	1st October 1970.	14th Novem- ber 1970.	102	..	1,224	3,774	Unsucc
	Glass	Bombay— All India Glass Works (Pvt.).	Personnel— Protest against alleged insecurity to workers.	25th Novem- ber 1970	..	573	..	2,423	2,423	Contd.
	Enamalled Wires	Dombivli, (Dist. Thana) Enamalled Wire Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.)	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstat- ment of retrenched workers.	16th September 1970.	4th November 1970.	75	..	225	3,225	Unsucc
	Bright bars	Thana— Kumar Industries, (Co. Pvt. (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Demand for withdrawal of retrenchment Notices.	2nd October 1970.	14th Novem- ber 1970.	25	..	300	950	Compro
	Machinery Parts	Bombay— P.S.A. Engineering Works Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	Others— Protest against the Management for mak- ing a note of stoppages of work on 1st October	4th October 1970. (3-30 p.m.)	24th Novem- ber 1970.	102	..	2,040	4,326	Unsucc
Engineering	Dalal Engineering Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	..	Demand for reinstat- ment of discharged Assistant Engineer.	22nd October 1970.	..	133	..	3,373	4,304	Contd.
Do.	Bombay— Eastern Smelting and Rolling Mills (Pvt.)	..	Personnel— Protest against the management for dismissal of a worker.	8th October 1970.	1st November 1970.	100	..	100	2,000	Unsucc
Do.	Thana— Engineering Enterprises Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	..	Others— Demand for charter of demands.	24th Nov- ember 1970.	....	41	18	354	354	Contd.
Do.	Bombay— Fouress Business Corporation (Pvt.)	..	Personnel— Protest against sus- pension of one worker.	24th Nov- ember 1970.	....	41	..	234	234	Contd.
Do.	Satur, Nasik— Imanes (Pvt.) Ltd., (Pvt.)	..	Others— Protest against harass- ing attitude of the management.	14th Nov- ember 1970.	18th Nov- ember 1970.	70	..	280	280	Unsucc
Do.	Bombay— Indus Eng. Co. (Pvt.)	..	Personnel— Demand for reinstat- ment of one worker.	27th May 1970	2nd Nov- ember 1970.	100	..	42	6,308	Unsucc
Do.	Bombay— Khandelwal Mfg. Corporation, (Pvt.)	..	Personnel— Demand for reinstat- ment of two porary workers.	21st Nov- ember 1970.	21st Nov- ember 1970.	120	..	120	120	Unsucc
Do.	Bombay— Lans Metal and Enamel Works Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.)	..	Personnel— Demand for withdrawal of police complaint against two workers.	18th Nov- ember 1970.	20th Nov- ember 1970.	200	..	800	800	Unsucc
Do.	Poona— Masvi and Co. Pvt. Ltd. (Pvt.)	..	Wages— Protest against irregular payment.	10th Novem- ber 1970. (9-30 a.m.)	9th Novem- ber 1970. (8-30 a.m.)	91	..	22	22	Unsucc
Do.	Thana— Nirvan Industries Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.)	..	Others— Lock-out due to go slow tactics adopted by the workers.	20th Nov- ember 1970.	....	40	..	360	360	Contd.
Umbrella Parts	Bombay— N. P. Metal Industries (Pvt.)	..	Wages— Demand for increase in pay, etc.	25th Nov- ember 1970.	....	67	..	335	335	Contd.
Engineering—	Thana— R. C. Edward and Co., (Pvt.)	..	Others— Protest against for harassing attitude.	11th Nov- ember 1970.	....	29	..	327	327	Contd.

Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Date when dispute		Maximum No. of workers involved		No. of man-days lost		Remarks
			Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Balance of the month	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Eng.	Bombay— Ronuk Industries Ltd., (Pvt.).	Others— Protest against for instructions issued for collecting voluntary contribution.	7th November 1970. (3-15 p.m.)	9th Novem- ber 1970. (3-35 p.m.)	237	..	237	237	Success
Elec. Machinery	Poona— Balbarsing and Co., (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for 20 per cent. bonus for the years 1967, 1968 and 1969 etc.	26th October 1970.	30th Novem- ber 1970.	66	..	1,458	1,839	Unsu
Do.	Poona— C. T. R. Manufacturing Industries Ltd., (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in wages, etc.	16th October 1970.	2nd Novem- ber 1970.	264	..	264	3,960	Su
Do.	Dombivli Dist. Thana— Famatex India Pvt. Ltd., (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for bonus for the year 1968-69.	28th October 1970.	30th Novem- ber 1970. (3-20 p.m.)	508	..	12,154	13,110	Co
Machinery Part.	Bombay— Haris Engineering Works. (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for 10 per cent bonus instead of 8 per cent bonus offered by the Management.	26th October 1970.	..	41	..	1,025	1189	C
Do.	Kalwa, District Thana— National Machinery Mfg. Co Ltd., (Pvt.).	Others— Lockout due to go-slow tactics etc., adopted by the workers.	22nd October 1970.	..	2,702	1,199	97,525	1,32,634	C
Transport Equipment	Thana— Sion Garrage Co. (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for bonus, etc.	28th October 1970.	18th Novem- ber 1970.	325	..	4,875	6,175	Su
Miscellaneous	Thana— Contractors of W. H. Deeth and Co., (Pvt.).	Wages— Protest against reduc- tion in piece rate of the workers.	16th July 1970	18th Novem- ber 1970.	150	..	2,250	15,900	Su

Gas.	Bombay— Contractors Ltd. (Pvt.)	Demand for wages.	16th Novem- ber 1970.	19th Novem- ber 1970. (1-30 p.m.)	1,620	..	12,150	12,150	Comp
Do.	Bombay— Banyas Contractors Ltd. (Pvt.)	Bonus— Demand for 20 per cent. bonus.	17th Novem- ber 1970.	..	150	..	1,800	1,800	
Electricity Supply.	Ichalkaranji (Kolhapur— The Ichalkaranji Electric Supply Co., (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for 20 per cent bonus for the year 1969-70.	26th October 1970. (8-00 a.m.)	5th November 1970.	74	..	296	740	U
Sanitary Services	Vidarbha— Municipal Councils in Vidarbha (Pub.).	Wages— Demand for imple- mentation of Badkas Scale.	4th November 1970.	21st November 1970.	984	..	8,954	8,954	
Do.	Nagpur— Nagpur Parishad Kalmeshwar (Pub.).	Wages— Demand for imple- mentation of Badkas Scale.	26th Novem- ber 1970.	26th Novem- ber 1970.	19	..	19	19	
Wholesale and Retail Trade.	Amravati— Amravati Grain Market Committee (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in rates of wages.	9th November 1970.	9th November 1970	125	..	125	125	
Supply of	Shivaji Nagar (Poona— L. D. Bhawe, & Sons, (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in wages, D. A. etc.	30th October 1970.	5th November 1970.	46	..	184	460	
Coal	Poona— Wholesale Charcoal Depot, (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for increase in wage rates.	10th Novem- ber 1970.	20th Novem- ber 1970.	125	..	1,250	1,250	
Motor Tran- sport.	Bombay— Bombay State Garage (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for payment of Wages.	3rd November 1970. (2-00 p.m.)	5th November 1970.	14	..	35	77	
Tailoring	Bombay— Chiragaddin Tailors (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for bonus	23rd October 1970.	..	20	..	500	620	
Do.	Bombay New Lord Tailors, (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for bonus	23rd October 1970.	..	25	..	625	775	
Hospital	Bombay— Peoples Mobile Hos- pital (Pub.).	Wages— Demand for increase in Wages, Dearness Allo- wance, etc.	9th November 1970.	..	60	..	1140	1140	

2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Concern and Locality			Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month	
Foot Wear	Bombay— Carona Sahu Co. Ltd. & its sister concern. (Pvt.)		Others— Riots by the workers in side the factory pre- mises causing damage to lives and property.	20th October 1970.	....	1,851	..	46,275	61,373
Non-Metallics.	Bombay— Allied Industries, Pvt. Ltd.,		Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of two workers who were suspended.	11th Septe- mber 1970.	30th Nove- mber 1970.	45	..	1,125	3,015
Electric Machinery.	Bombay— G. S. Chemiequip- ment Corporation. (Pvt.).		Wages— Protest against for not giving advance as usual.	23rd Nove- mber 1970.	23rd Nove- mber 1970. (2-00 p.m.)	30	..	20	20
Electrical	Bombay— Venus Products, (India), (Pvt.).		Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched worker.	24th Nove- mber 1970. (8-00 a.m.)	24th Nove- mber 1970. (1-30 p.m.)	28	..	20	20
Hospital	Bombay— Sarvodaya Pub. Hospi- tal.		Personnel— Protest against dismiss- ing a worker.	17th Nove- mber 1970.	24th Nove- mber 1970. (1-00 p.m.)	562	..	3,412	3,412
Engineering ..	Bombay— Metal Press India- (Pvt.).		Bonus— Demand for bonus ..	29th October 1970. (10-30 a.m.)	9th Nove- mber 1970, (3-30 p.m.)	50	..	338	338
Overloom ..	Kolhapur— Akiwate Textiles (Pvt.).		Wages— Demand for leave	2nd November 1970.		22	..	550	550
Do, ..	Kolhapur— Messrs. Gangar a Bala Naje (Pvt.)		Wages— Demand for leave	1st November 1970.	5th November 1970.	27		108	108
ber ..	Bombay— Messrs. .. (Pvt.).		Others— Protest against alleged .. of the ..	29th October 1970.	12th Nove- mber 1970.	49	..	490	637
Engineering ..	Bombay— Cementation Corpo- ration (Pvt.).		Bonus— Demand for 20 per cent bonus.	2nd November 1970.	....	250	..	6,250	6,250
Electrical ..	Bombay— Messrs. Crompton Greaves Ltd. (Pvt.).		Others— Protest against exchange of abusive language between two groups of workers.	7th November 1970.	7th November 1970.	511	..	64	64
Hotel ..	Bombay— Shri Rashtriya Hotel (Pvt.).		Wages— Demand for wages on par.	8th November 1970.	10th Nove- mber 1970.	12	..	36	36

Industry	Name of the Concern and Locality	Matter in dispute	Began	Ended	Directly	In-directly	During the month	Till the close of the month
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Foot Wear ..	Bombay— Carvins Sahu Co. Ltd. & its sister concern (Pvt.)	Others— Riots by the workers in side the factory pre- mises causing damage to lives and property.	20th October 1970.	....	1 851	..	46,275	61,373
Non-Metallics.	Bombay— Allied Industries, Pvt. Ltd.,	Personnel— Demand for reinstatement of two workers who were suspended.	11th Septe- mber 1970.	30th Novem- ber 1970.	45	..	1,125	3,015
Electric Machinery.	Bombay— G. S. Chemiequip- ment Corporation. (Pvt.).	Wages— Protest against for not giving advance as usual.	23rd Nove- mber 1970.	23rd Nove- mber 1970. (2-00 p.m.)	30	..	20	20
Electrical ..	Bombay— Venus Products, (India), (Pvt.).	Retrenchment— Demand for reinstatement of retrenched worker.	24th Nove- mber 1970. (8-00 a.m.)	24th Nove- mber 1970. (1-30 p.m.)	28	..	20	20
Hospital	Bombay— Sarvodaya Pub. Hospi- tal.	Personnel— Protest against dismiss- ing a worker.	17th Nove- mber 1970.	24th Nove- mber 1970. (1-00 p.m.)	562	..	3,412	3,412
Engineering	Bombay— Metal Press India- (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for bonus	29th October 1970. (10-30 a.m.)	9th Novem- ber 1970, (3-30 p.m.)	50	..	338	338
Loom ..	Kolhapur— Akiwate (Pvt.).	Textiles Wages— Demand for wages. for leave	2nd November 1970.		22	..	550	550
	Kolhapur— Messrs. Bala Naje (Pvt.)	Wages— Demand wages. leave	1st November 1970.	1st November 1970.	27	..	108	108

Engineering ..	Bombay— Rawal Rubber Works (Pvt.).	Others— Lockout due to alleged go-slow tactics of the workers.	29th October 1970.	12th Novem- ber 1970.	49	..	490	637	Com
Engineering ..	Bombay— Cementation Corpo- ration (Pvt.).	Bonus— Demand for 20 per cent bonus.	2nd November 1970.		250	..	6,250	6,250	Com
Chemical	Bombay— Messrs. Crompton Greaves Ltd. (Pvt.).	Others— Protest against exchange of abusive language between two groups of workers.	7th November 1970.	7th November 1970.	511	..	64	64	S
	Bombay— Shri Rashtriya Hotel (Pvt.).	Wages— Demand for wages on par.	8th November 1970.	10th Novem- ber 1970.	12	..	36	36	

District	Thana		Kolaba		Ratnagiri	Nasik		Dhulia	Jalgaon	Ahmednagar		Poona	Sangli	Sholapur
	Kalyan	Paigdar	Alibag	Mahad	Ratnagiri	Nasik	Malegaon	Nandurbar	Jalgaon	Shevgaon	Shirampur	Poona	Miraj	Sholapur
<i>Normal Hours</i>			(8)			(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)				
<i>Working Hours</i>														
<i>Type of Labour</i>			Rs. P.			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.				
<i>Skilled Labour—</i>														
(a) Carpenters			8.00			10.00	8.00	5.00	5.00	8.50				
(b) Blacksmiths	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	10.00	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	10.00	8.00	5.00	4.00	..	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.
(c) Mochies (Cobblers).			..			7.00	8.00	5.00	3.00	..				
<i>Field Labour—</i>														
(a) Men			3.00			3.00	3.00	2.50	4.00	3.50				
(b) Women			2.00			2.50	2.00	1.75	3.00	2.50				
(c) Children			2.00			..	1.50	1.25	2.00	1.75				
<i>Other Agricultural Labour—</i>														
(a) Men			2.50			..	3.00	2.50	4.00	3.50				
(b) Women			2.00			..	2.00	1.75	3.00	2.50				
(c) Children			1.50			..	1.50	1.25	2.00	..				
<i>Herdsmen—</i>														
(a) Men			3.50			..	3.00	2.50	4.00	..				
(b) Women			2.00			..	2.00	1.75	3.00	..				
(c) Children			2.00			..	1.50	1.25	2.00	..				

I.N.R.—Information not received.

Division	AURANGABAD					HAIHUR								
	District	Aurangabad	Parbhani	Bhir	Nanded	Osmanabad	Buldhana	Akola	Amravati	Ycotal	Wardha	Nagpur	Bhandara	Chandrapur
<i>Normal Hours</i>			(8)					(8)	(8)		(8)	(7)		(8)
<i>Working Hours</i>														
<i>Type of Labour</i>			Rs. P.					Rs. P.	Rs. P.		Rs. P.	Rs. P.		Rs. P.
<i>Skilled Labour—</i>														
(a) Carpenters	I.N.R.	5.00	I.N.R.					5.00	7.00		7.00	7.50		7.00
(b) Blacksmiths		7.00		I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	5.00	7.00	I.N.R.	5.00	6.00	I.N.R.	7.00
(c) Mochies (Cobblers).		3.50						5.00	7.00		4.00	5.00 (9)		3.50
<i>Field Labour—</i>														
(a) Men		2.50						3.00	4.00		4.50	3.50		3.00
(b) Women		1.25						2.00	3.00		2.00	2.00		1.50
(c) Children		1.00						1.50	2.50		1.50	1.50 (8)		1.50
<i>Other Agricultural Labour—</i>														
(a) Men		2.50						2.50	3.00		3.00	5.00		3.00
(b) Women		1.25						1.50	2.00		1.25	3.00		1.50
(c) Children		1.00						1.00	2.00		1.00	2.00 (9)		1.50
<i>Herdsmen—</i>														
(a) Men		..						..	3.00		..	3.00		3.00
(b) Women		..						..	2.50		..	2.00		1.50
(c) Children		..						..	2.00		..	1.00		1.50

I.N.R.—Information not received.

DIVISION	MUMBAI										PUNE									
	District		Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Nasik			Solapur			Jalgaon			Ahmednagar			Yavat	Satara	
	Village		Tansa-shi	Doh-hamb	Man-gaon	Mauro	Lasal-gaon	Pimp-algaon	Taloda	Pimp-alner	Kapadua		Rot-wad	Ching-wal	Kaduk	Deolali	Kalasa-shank	Jav-tar	Yav-gat	Satara
Normal Working Hours.						(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(8)
Type of Labour						Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. P.	Rs. p.			Rs. P.	Rs. P.	
Skilled Labour—																				
(a) Carpenters						4.50	4.50	5.50	6.00	3.00	6.00	6.00	6.00		7.50			12.00	8.00	
(b) Blacksmiths						9.00	9.00	5.00	8.00	3.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	I.N.R.	7.25	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	9.00	7.00	
(c) Mochies (Cobblers).						7.00	7.00	5.00	7.00	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00		5.00			8.00	6.00	
Field Labour—																				
(a) Men						2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50							
(b) Women						1.50	1.50	2.00	2.50	1.00	1.25	1.25	1.25		3.50			3.50	4.00	
(c) Children						1.25	1.25	1.75	1.50	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.00		2.50			3.00	3.00	
Other Agricultural Labour—																				
(a) Men						2.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50							
(b) Women						1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.25	1.20	1.20		3.50			3.50	2.00	
(c) Children						0.75	0.75	1.50	1.50	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.00		2.50			3.00	2.00	
Herdsmen -																				
(a) Men						2.50	..	..	..	..	..					2.50	1.00	
(b) Women						2.00	..	..	..	..	..					3.50	2.00	
(c) Children						1.50	..	..	..	..	..					3.00	2.00	

I.N.R.—Information not received.

District	AURANGABAD										NAGPUR									
	Sangli			Sholapur	Kolhapur	Phur-bud	Pingali	Amal-nir	Loha	Latur	Mera Bud-ruk	Akoli	Amra-vati	Yeot-mal	Wardha	Yavat	Sakoli	Mul.	Brahmapuri	
	Village	Path	Atpadi	Charan	Hajapur	Gargoti	Kadoli	Phur-bud	Pingali	Amal-nir	Loha	Latur	Mera Bud-ruk	Akoli	Khala-pur	Babul-gaon	Seloo	Fetri	Sakoli	Mul.	Brahmapuri
Normal Working Hours.					(8)		(8)		(8)				(8)	(8)		(8)	(8)		(8)	(8)
Type of Labour					Rs. P.		Rs. P.		Rs. P.				Rs. P.	Rs. P.		Rs. P.	Rs. P.		Rs. P.	Rs. P.
Skilled Labour—																				
(a) Carpenters.					5.00		10.0		8.00				3.00	7.00		6.00	6.00		5.00	5.00
(b) Blacksmiths	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	5.00	I.N.R.	10.0	I.N.R.	5.00	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	I.N.R.	2.00	7.00	I.N.R.	5.00	6.00		3.00	3.00
(c) Mochies (Cobblers).				5.00		10.0	I.N.R.	3.00	I.N.R.			I.N.R.	3.00	7.00		3.00	6.00 (10)		3.00	2.00
Field Labour—																				
(a) Men				2.00		3.00		3.00					2.00	4.00		3.00	3.00		3.00	3.00
(b) Women				1.00		2.00		2.00					1.00	3.00		1.25	1.50		1.50	2.00
(c) Children				0.75		2.00		1.00					..	2.00		1.00	1.25 (8)		0.75	1.50
Other Agricultural Labour—																				
(a) Men				2.00		4.00		2.50					..	3.00		3.00	2.50		2.00	3.00
(b) Women				1.25		2.50		1.00					..	2.00		1.25	1.25		1.00	2.00
(c) Children ..				0.75		..		0.75					..	2.00		1.00 (10)	1.00		0.75	1.50
Herdsmen—																				
(a) Men				2.00		..		2.50					2.50	4.00		2.50	3.00		2.00	2.00
(b) Women				1.25		..		..				..	3.00	..		1.50	..		1.00	1.50
(c) Children ..				0.75		..		..				..	2.50	..		1.25	..		1.00	1.00

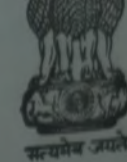
I.N.R.—Information not received.

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1971

LABOUR GAZETTE—MARCH 1971

ERRATA TO LABOUR GAZETTE, FEBRUARY 1971

Page	Line/Entry/Item	Column/Paragraph	Incorrect	Correct
698	Sandkhol	1	Sankhol	Sandkhol
700	Mutton, Fish and Eggs	8	158	178
709	Gur	8	220	200
721	1st Line Heading	.. II paragraph	.. 99 show	.. show 99
724	4th line	.. 2nd item	.. 1.25	.. 1.24
724	5th line	.. 2nd item	.. decreas	.. decrease
725	3rd line	.. 1st item	.. Centre	.. Centres
725	3rd line centre	.. Column 1	.. Dhulia and Jolgaon.	.. Dhulia and Jolgaon.
732	21	6	Rajaram	Rajaramji
732	22	2	3536,	36
732	25	6	Bhadajya	Bhadorjya
750	7/8	.. 1st	.. Maxmum	.. Maximum
751	Sr. No. 10	.. No. 5	.. Octob	.. October
751	Sr. No. 15	.. No. 3	.. Sahtiya	.. Sahitya
752	Sr. No. 25	.. No. 2	.. (Pvt.)	.. (Pvt.)
752	Sr. No. 25	.. No. 3	.. Domivli	.. Dombivli
753	Sr. No. 31	.. No. 3	.. 19th October	.. 19th October 1970
753	Sr. No. 37	.. No. 4	.. Bons	.. Bonus
755	Sr. No. 47	.. No. 3	.. ....	.. Bombay
755	Sr. No. 47	.. No. 10	.. 22	.. 213
755	Sr. No. 52	.. No. 10	.. 61	.. 610
755	Sr. No. 54	.. No. 10	.. 9	.. 69
757	Sr. No. 75	.. No. 3	.. Counial	.. Council
757	Sr. No. 66	.. No. 2	.. Moter Parts	.. Motor Parts
757	Sr. No. 74	.. No. 2	.. Bhiwanid	.. Bhiwandi
758	Sr. No. 76	.. No. 3	.. ....	.. (Pvt.)
758	Sr. No. 76	.. No. 2	.. Colth	.. Cloth
765	Aurangabad	.. Column 8	.. Phulnari	.. Phulmari
765	Bhir	.. Column 10	.. Amalner	.. Amalnair
765	Nagpur	.. Column 17	.. Wadha	.. Wardha



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